Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2006

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by the Department of Finance

Mary Mannix-Decker Director of Finance

David Holtmann, CPA Accounting Manager



MISSION

The people of our community are the only reason we are here.

Therefore,

We are committed to WORKING WITH THE COMMUNITY

to provide ethical and responsible local government so that everyone can enjoy the benefits of living and working in Springfield.

We will achieve this through:

Integrity and Pride of Service in everything we say and do, and with dedication to quality.

Cooperating and Communication
with one another and with citizens to ensure open government,
and open management with no surprises.

Continuous Improvement of Services

through cost-effective utilization of people, materials, equipment and technology.

Leadership and Knowledge through staff training and development.

Innovation

in how we meet present and future needs of our city.

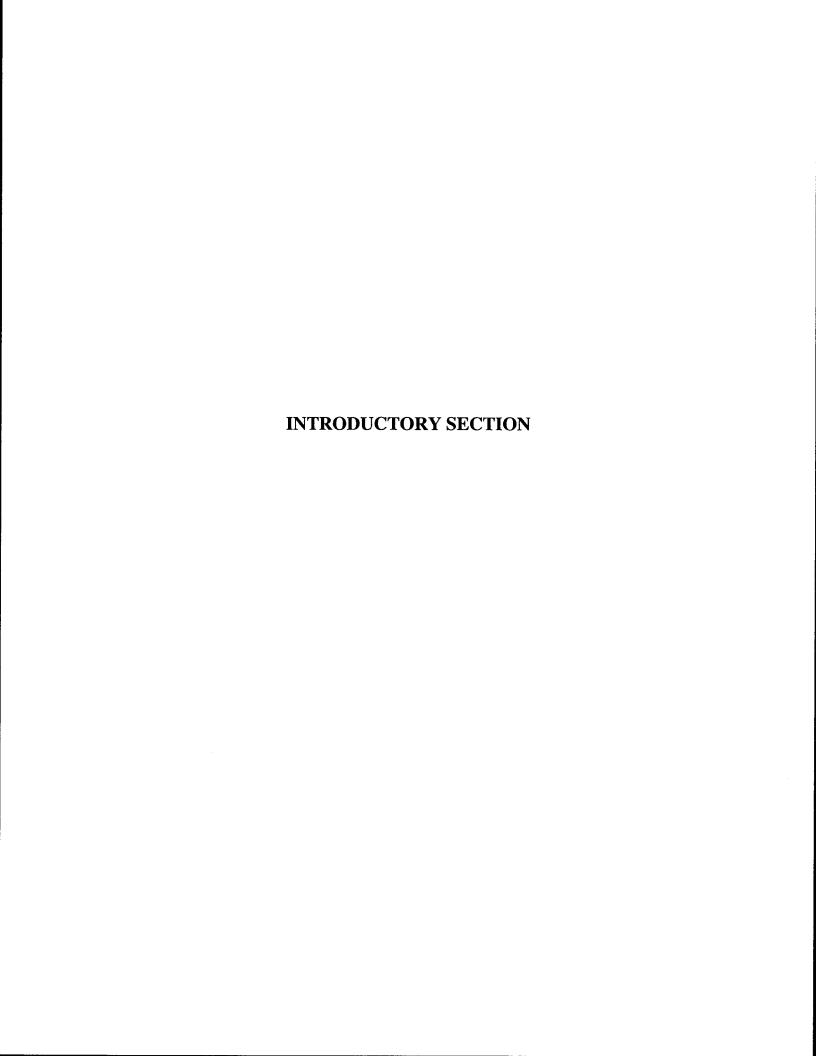


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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006

Mayor

Thomas J. Carlson

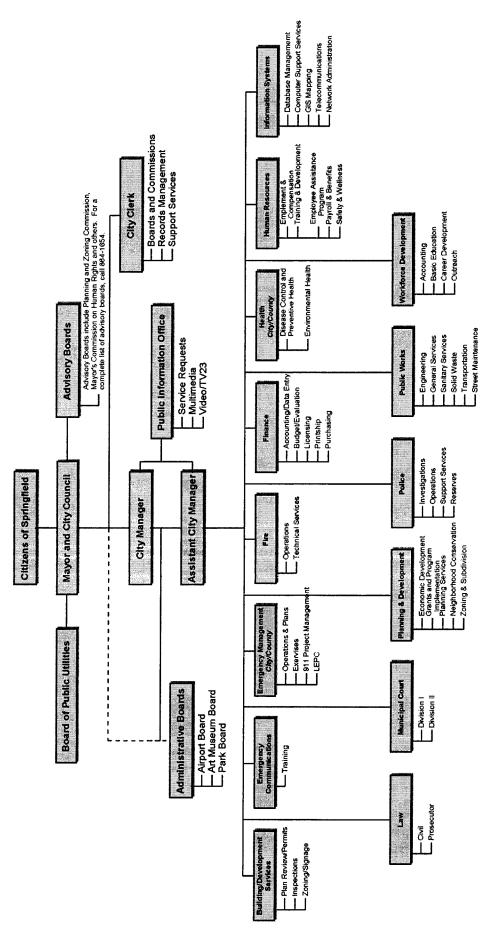
City Council

Denny Whayne	Zone 1
Sheila O. Wright	Zone 2
Ralph K. Manley	Zone 3
John D. Wylie	Zone 4
Mary Collette	General (A)
Gary Deaver	General (B)
Conrad Griggs	General (C)
Bob Jones	General (D)

City Officials

C	aty Officials
Bob Cumley	City Manager
Evelyn Honea	Assistant City Manager
Daniel Wichmer	City Attorney
Brenda Cirtin	City Clerk
Marc Thornsberry	Director of Public Works
Kevin Gipson	Director of Public Health and Welfare
Mary Mannix–Decker	Director of Finance
Lynn S. Rowe	Chief of Police
Dan Whilser	Fire Chief
Dan Kinney	Director of Parks and Recreation
Sheila Maerz	Director of Human Resources
Ralph Rognstad	Director of Planning and Development
Gary Cyr	Director of Aviation
Robert E. Simpson	Director of Work Force Development
Nick Heatherly	Director of Building Development
Todd Thornhill	Chief Municipal Judge
Jerry Berger	Director of Art Museum
Becky Jungmann	Director of Emergency Communication
Clay Goddard	Director of Information Systems

City Government's Organization Chart



Note: All Departments include an administrative section.



November 14, 2006

Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council

Citizens of the City of Springfield, Missouri

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Finance Report (CAFR) for the City of Springfield, Missouri (the City) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This report is submitted to you in compliance with the City Charter, Section 5.2, that requires an annual report to the City Council on the financial condition of the City.

Responsibility to report financial data that is complete and accurate rests with the City. It is our belief that the information reported in this document fairly presents the financial position of the City in all material aspects, on a government-wide and a fund basis. To enhance the reader's understanding of these financial statements, note disclosures have been included as an integral part of this document.

To ensure reliability of the accounting data upon which the City's financial statements are based, internal controls are utilized to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are accounted for properly and City assets are safeguarded. Additionally, the Finance Department staff has prepared this report in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), which are standard guidelines for financial reporting, further ensuring that the financial position of the City is presented fairly.

The independent auditing firm of KPMG LLP has audited the City's financial statements. The purpose of the audit conducted by KPMG was to review and provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for year ended June 30, 2006 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the government-wide and fund financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In addition to the independent audit of the financial statements, a separate, federally mandated "Single Audit" was performed to meet the needs of specific grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The *introductory section* is designed to introduce the reader to the report and includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, a list of principal officials, and the GFOA (Government Financial Officers Association) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the 2005 CAFR.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

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homepage: http://www.springfieldmogov.org e-mail: city@ci.springfield.mo.us

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Springfield, Missouri for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the 29th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The *financial section* begins with the independent auditors' report. The auditors' report discloses the opinion of the independent auditors with regard to the presentation of the financial statements. This section also includes management's discussion and analysis, the financial statement and notes that provide an overview of the City's financial position and operating results, the combining statement for nonmajor funds, and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the basic financial statements.

The *statistical section* includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multiyear basis. This section is designed to provide the user with a broader and more complete understanding of the City and its financial affairs than is possible from only the financial statements and supporting schedules presented in the financial section.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found in the financial section, immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City

The City is a home rule city, which was incorporated on February 18, 1838. Springfield is the third largest city in Missouri, with approximately 163,600 residents, and serves as the county seat for Greene County. With an estimated 80 square miles of land, the City is at the center of a rapidly growing region in the southwestern corner of the state, approximately 170 miles south of Kansas City and 200 miles southwest of St. Louis. The City is empowered to levy property taxes on both real and personal property located within its boundaries and has the authority to extend its corporate limits through annexation, when deemed appropriate and as approved by City Council.

The City has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since March 17, 1953. As the legislative body, the City Council is responsible for enacting all ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the City, as well as for appointing the members of various statutory and ordinance boards, the City Manager, and the City Clerk.

The City Council consists of the Mayor and eight Council members, who are elected on a nonpartisan basis. The Mayor serves a two-year term and Council members, four at-large and one from each of four zones within the City, each serve staggered four-year terms. As chief administrator, the City Manager is responsible for enforcement of the laws and ordinances, as well as the supervision of all offices and departments created by the Council.

The City provides the full range of services normally associated with a municipality, including police and fire protection, emergency communication center, public works services, public health services, parks and other recreational facilities, an art museum, and general administrative services. The City also operates the

Springfield-Branson National Airport, the sanitary sewerage and solid waste disposal systems, and the City's municipal golf courses, all of which are accounted for in the financial statements as business-type funds.

This report presents data for the financial reporting entity, which includes all departments, funds, boards, and commissions of the primary government (the City, as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The two component units of the City include the Public Building Corporation (PBC), which is a blended component unit and City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri, which is a discretely presented component unit. The financial reporting entity is discussed further in note 1 to the financial statements.

The Springfield R-12 School District and the Springfield Housing Authority do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity and, accordingly, are not presented in this report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. During the budget preparation process, each office, department, and agency of the reporting entity provides detailed estimates of revenue and expenditures for evaluation by the City Manager. The City Manager also reviews estimates of all pending capital projects and those recommended for approval in the next budget year and within the succeeding five years. The City Manager may revise the estimates, as he deems necessary. At least 60 days prior to the beginning of each budget year, the City Manager submits to City Council a final budget. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their departments. However, transfers between departments require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons for the general and special revenue funds are provided in this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local economy—The City is experiencing some moderate growth as is reflected in the 2.2% growth rate for the metropolitan area. Springfield's economy is highly diversified, with major industrial, medical, manufacturing, and educational institutions, keeping the City's unemployment rate below the state and national averages. The average unemployment rate for 2006 for the metropolitan area was 3.7% as compared to the state average of 4.7% and the national average of 4.7%.

Springfield is home to the operations of several large companies such as: Kraft Foods; 3M Company—Adhesive, Coatings and Sealers Division; Bass Pro Shops; MCI WorldCom; JP Morgan Chase, Northrop Grumman Interconnect Technologies; Springfield Remanufacturing Corporation; Regal-Beloit (formerly General Electric); Reckitt Benckiser; Willow Brook Foods; and Prime Trucking. Springfield has what many businesses are looking for—a high quality of life, a well-trained workforce, and low cost of living.

Missouri State University, with an enrollment of approximately 19,000 students, is located in Springfield, along with four private higher learning institutions—Drury University, Evangel University, Baptist Bible College, and Central Bible College. In addition, Ozarks Technical Community College provides vocational and technical training services to over 9,300 students within the eight-county region surrounding the City.

Long-term financial planning—The City utilizes a five-year capital improvement program to prioritize public projects, which will be scheduled over a number of years as financial resources are available. When possible, the City looks for creative funding solutions such as cost sharing with other governmental agencies, public-private cooperative efforts, special purpose taxes, and modifications to development regulations as methods of providing needed capital items. The underlying philosophy of the capital improvements program prioritizes needs into three categories: (1) the protection of life, health, and public safety; (2) improvements to the City's existing infrastructure; and (3) construction of new infrastructure to keep up with the community's growth.

The 2006-2011 capital improvements program identifies a variety of projects for completion during the next six-year program. The plan includes a new mid-field terminal at the Springfield-Branson National Airport; numerous street, storm sewer, and sanitary sewer improvements; and development of public parks and special facilities. During the fiscal year, significant capital improvements were completed at Oscar Blom Golf Course while the Springfield-Greene County Park Board continued development of the City's linear parks and other park projects. The City also continued making improvements to streets and the storm sewer system, completing 11 street projects, one storm sewer, and four sanitary sewers.

Cash management policies and practices—The City Council has adopted an investment policy. The objectives of the policy are safety, liquidity, and yield. Investments are undertaken to insure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio and to minimize credit risk and interest rate risk. To maximize investment earnings, the City consolidates cash balances of all funds except restricted funds and the police/fire pension fund. The weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio is slightly over one year.

Risk management—The City maintains a variety of general liability insurance policies, some of which are self-insured by the City. As a matter of policy, the boards of directors for the Airport, Parks Department, Art Museum, and Missouri Career Center have required general liability coverage specific to their needs, and thus, the City has transferred these areas of risk to external insurance companies. To minimize risk of loss, the City employs a safety coordinator and a safety committee, which is made up of representatives from each of the operating departments. Risk issues are addressed in a proactive manner by providing specific training, which will minimize or prevent risk exposure.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Mary Marry Decker

Our appreciation is extended to the various elected officials, agency, and department directors, as well as employees, responsible for contributing to the sound financial condition of the City. Furthermore, the preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of several members of the Finance Department. In particular, we would like to express appreciation to David Holtmann, Accounting Manager, and Financial Analysts, Glenda Hudson and Martha Mundt, for their unfailing efforts in production of this report.

Sincerely,

Mary Mannix-Decker Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Springfield, Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

UNITE STATES

UNITE STATES

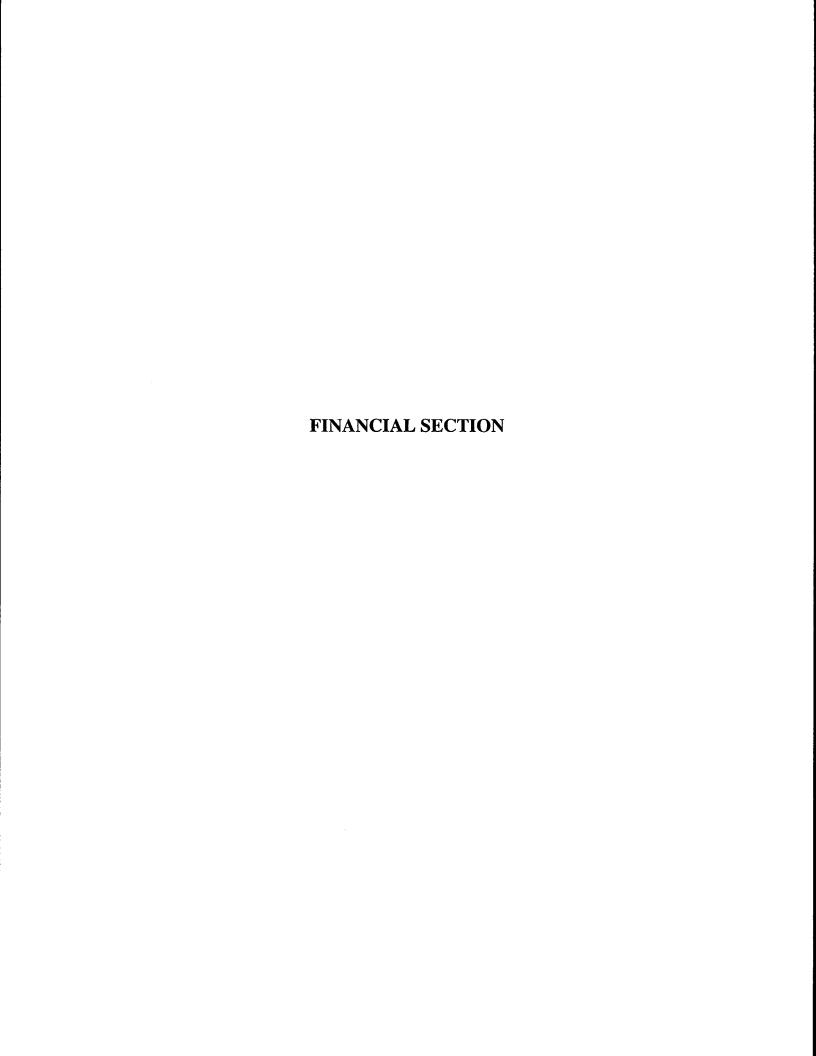
UNITE STATES

ENDO

President

Caren Eperge

Executive Director





KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Springfield, Missouri:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springfield, Missouri (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the pension trust fund. The pension trust fund represents 48% and 13%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the pension trust fund, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the pension trust fund were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Springfield, Missouri as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in note 1c to the financial statements, the net assets of the governmental activities as of June 30, 2005 have been restated.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report, dated November 14, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting

and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, notes to budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of funding progress, and actuarial methods and assumptions on pages 9 through 15 and 72 through 75, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Springfield, Missouri's basic financial statements. The supplemental information statements and schedules listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri November 14, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

As management of the City of Springfield, Missouri, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Springfield, Missouri (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements and footnotes, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$605 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$135.2 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased approximately \$103 million. Net of the \$73.9 million restatement for the City's remaining infrastructure, \$22.3 million was from the City's "governmental activities," and the balance was from the "business-type activities."
- The City's total debt decreased approximately \$4.5 million during the current fiscal year. The City issued general obligation bonds totaling \$4.0 million, capital project revenue bonds totaling \$8.5 million, and sanitary sewerage notes payable of \$10.4 million. These increases in debt were offset by current year payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is provided as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private business.

The statement of net assets presents all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Net assets are an important measure of the City's overall financial health. The increases and decreases in net assets can be monitored to determine whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities for the City included general government, public works, public safety, parks and recreation, public health, and planning and development. The business-type activities for the City include the airport, sanitary sewerage system, refuse disposal, and golf.

9 (Continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. These funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Proprietary funds. The City uses two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its service center, print shop, and self-insurance (health and workers' compensation insurance) activities. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been primarily included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains certain required supplementary information regarding budgetary and pension information. The combining statements for the nonmajor funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. As of June 30, 2006, assets exceeded liabilities by \$605 million. The largest portion of the City's net assets, \$392 million (65%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

10 (Continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

NET ASSETS

The following table reflects the condensed schedule of net assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 (in thousands):

City of Springfield Net Assets

		Govern activ		Busines activ		Total				
	_	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$_	173,907 319,025	170,634 228,621	111,892 350,553	119,885 332,967	285,799 669,578	290,519 561,588			
Total assets	_	492,932	399,255	462,445	452,852	955,377	852,107			
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	_	188,315 16,177	189,345 17,736	137,899 8,077	136,257 6,781	326,214 24,254	325,602 24,517			
Total liabilities	_	204,492	207,081	145,976	143,038	350,468	350,119			
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt		164,639	86,132	227,394	210,991	392,033	297,123			
Restricted		17,041	1,952	60,566	68,225	77,607	70,177			
Unrestricted	_	106,760	104,090	28,509	30,598	135,269	134,688			
Total net assets	\$_	288,440	192,174	316,469	309,814	604,909	501,988			

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The City's combined net assets increased to \$605 million from \$502 million as a result of the increase in net assets reflected in the next table and the impact of the City having completed implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to the retroactive reporting of the City's major infrastructure assets. The beginning net assets balance for governmental activities was restated a total of \$73.9 million (net increase to beginning balance).

The largest portion of the City' net assets, \$392 million (65%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$77.6 million (13%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the City's net assets, \$135.3 million (22%), represents unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

11

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

Change in Net Assets

The following table reflects the revenues and expenses from the City's activities (in thousands):

City of Springfield Changes in Net Assets

	Governn activi		Business activit		Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services \$	16,849	8.650	39.321	37,735	56,170	46,385	
Operating grants and contributions	18,430	19,727	5	76	18,435	19,803	
Capital grants and contributions	352	3,434	7,706	16,359	8,058	19,793	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	18,465	18,897	-	•	18,465	18,897	
Sales and use taxes	86,382	81,612	-	-	86,382	81,612	
Other revenues	35,635	32,877	5,362	6,509	40,997	39,386	
Total revenues	176,113	165,197	52,394	60,679	228,507	225,876	
Expenses:							
Public works	37,050	24,009	-	-	37,050	24,009	
Public safety	52,176	55,761	-	-	52,176	55,761	
Parks and recreation	27,533	23,095	-	-	27,533	23,095	
Planning and development	8,416	7,416	-	-	8,416	7,416	
Public health	8,166	7,989	-	-	8,166	7,989	
General government	11,552	19,811	•	-	11,552	19,811	
Interest on long-term debt	9,938	9,398	-	-	9,938	9,398	
Airport	-	•	14,452	13,729	14,452	13,729	
Sanitary sewerage system	-	-	23,172	22,731	23,172	22,731	
Refuse disposal	-	-	3,922	4,099	3,922	4,099	
Golf _		- -	3,149	3,134	3,149	3,134	
Total expenses	154,831	147,479	44,695	43,693	199,526	191,172	
Increase in net assets before transfers	21,282	17,718	7,699	16,986	28,981	34,704	
Transfers	1,044	1,056	(1,044)	(1,056)		-	
Increase in net assets	22,326	18,774	6,655	15,930	28,981	34,704	
Net assets, beginning restated	266,114	173,400	309,814	293,884	575,928	467,284	
Net assets, ending \$	288,440	192,174	316,469	309,814	604,909	501,988	

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$22.3 million. Sales and use tax revenues, the largest governmental category, were \$86.3 million, or 49%. Revenues from governmental activities total \$176 million, or 77%, of the total City revenues. City revenues grew \$10.9 million within the governmental activities as compared to prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

Certain revenues are generated that are specific to governmental program activity. These totaled \$35.6 million. The following table shows expenses and program revenues of the governmental activities for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 (in thousands):

Net Cost of City of Springfield's Governmental Activities

	Total cost o	f service	Net cost of service				
	 2006	2005	2006	2005			
Public works	\$ 37,050	24,009	35,696	20,193			
Public safety	52,176	55,761	47,317	50,702			
Parks and recreation	27,533	23,095	22,635	18,366			
Planning and development	8,416	7,416	3,931	2,273			
Public health	8,166	7,989	3,530	2,805			
General government	11,552	19,811	(3,847)	11,932			
Interest on long-term debt	 9,938	9,398	9,938	9,398			
	\$ 154,831	147,479	119,200	115,669			

As previously noted, expenses from governmental activities total \$154.8 million. However, net costs of these services were \$119.2 million. The difference represents direct revenues received from charges for services of \$16.8 million, operating grants and contributions of \$18.4 million, and capital grants and contributions of \$352 thousand. Taxes and other revenues of \$140.5 million were collected to cover these net costs.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$6.6 million. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The airport recorded an increase of \$2.1 million in net assets for the year, which is attributed to federal grants received for capital improvement projects.
- The sewer system recorded an increase of \$5.4 million in net assets for the year, which is attributed to contributions and grants for capital improvement projects, as well as results from current year operations.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$110.6 million (a decrease of approximately 1.3%). The majority of the decrease is attributable to the planned capital outlay expended in the capital project funds. The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$3.4 million to \$12.6 million at the end of the fiscal year. The City met its budget policy by maintaining an operating reserve of the 8% - 10% requirement.

The net assets in the Community Development fund remained unchanged at \$4.5 million. Total revenue exceeded expenditures by approximately \$393,000. The fund transferred moneys totaling approximately \$387,000 to other funds in the current fiscal year.

13 (Continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

The National Airport Fund's net assets increased \$2.1 million (2.4%) in the current year as a result of federal grants received for capital improvement projects.

The Sanitary Sewerage System Fund's net assets increased \$5.4 million (2.5%) in the current year due to contributions and grants for capital improvements.

The Refuse Disposal Fund's net assets decreased \$576,000 (7.1%) in the current year as a result of the increase in the required landfill closure/postclosure liability and the results of the current year operations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended budget can be summarized as follows:

- The original revenue budget of \$65.2 million was increased to \$68.6 million.
- The total original expenditure budget of \$63.1 million increased to \$65.1 million (an increase of \$2.0 million).

Actual revenues were \$5.2 million more than originally budgeted. Sales tax revenue exceeded the original estimate by \$1.6 million. Payments in lieu of taxes exceeded the original estimate by \$2.0 million.

Ending fund balance increased to \$12.6 million (\$4.6 million higher than originally budgeted).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$669 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, collections systems, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. During 2006, the City completed implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to the retroactive reporting of the City's major infrastructure assets. An increase to the beginning net assets balance for governmental activities totaling \$73.9 million resulted from the addition of capital assets totaling \$136.9 million less accumulated depreciation of \$63 million. Excluding the restatement, capital assets increased \$34 million during the period.

Major capital events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Sanitary Sewer Collection improvements totaling \$22 million
- Continued progress in the storm sewer projects totaling over \$2.2 million
- Transportation projects totaling over \$8.2 million
- Parks projects totaling \$7.0 million

14 (Continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2006

City of Springfield Capital Assets (amounts expressed in thousands, net of accumulated depreciation)

		Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type			
		activ	ities	activ	rities	Total		
	•	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Land	\$	47,141	40,936	16,103	16,088	63,244	57,024	
Construction in progress		23,051	51,796	28,884	46,611	51,935	98,407	
Buildings		68,505	45,130	38,505	40,891	107,010	86,021	
Improvements		24,669	14,817	63,842	68,197	88,511	83,014	
Machinery and equipment		8,950	7,707	5,898	5,840	14,848	13,547	
Infrastructure/sewer								
collection system		146,709	68,235	197,321	155,340	344,030	223,575	
Total	\$	319,025	228,621	350,553	332,967	669,578	561,588	

For additional information on capital assets, see note 2(c) in the notes to financial statements.

Debt Administration

The City, at the end of fiscal 2006, had a total of \$294.2 million of outstanding long-term debt. This was a decrease of \$4.5 million from the previous year. The City issued approximately \$12.5 million governmental activity bonds related to various capital projects.

City of Springfield Outstanding Debt (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-typ	e activities	Total			
	2006	2006 2005 2006 20		2005	2006	2005		
General obligation bonds**	\$ 169,697	170,152			169,697	170,152		
Revenue bonds	· <u> </u>	_	75,963	83,943	75,963	83,943		
Notes payable		3,912	47,689	39,527	47,689	43,439		
Capital lease obligations	857	1,156			<u>857</u>	1,156		
Total	\$ 170,554	175,220	123,652	123,470	294,206	298,690		

^{**}including Public Building Corporation bonds and certificates of participation.

For additional information on debt administration, see note 2(d) in the notes to financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the reader a general overview of the City's finances. Questions or requests for more information concerning any of the information provided in this report should be directed to David Holtmann, Accounting Manager, Finance Department, City of Springfield, PO Box 8368, 840 Boonville Avenue, Springfield, MO 65801.

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2006

		Component		
Assets	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total	unit City Utilities
Cash and investments	\$ 90,223,466	37,748,456	127,971,922	102,128,000
Property taxes receivable, net	15,183,128		15,183,128	_
Special assessments receivable	4,631,221	4.000.006	4,631,221	25 715 000
Accounts receivable	8,147,550	4,092,886	12,240,436	25,715,000
Unbilled revenue	762.904	907,986	907,986	11,500,000
Accrued interest receivable	762,894	291,852	1,054,746	31,541,000
Inventories	1,298,435	1,720,427	3,018,862 27,417,605	31,341,000
Notes and loans receivable, net	27,417,605	55,772	27,417,003 55,772	10,294,000
Prepaid pension assets Internal balances	772,016	(772,016)	33,112	10,294,000
Due from other government agencies	6,551,925	(772,010)	6,551,925	_
Restricted assets:	0,551,925		0,551,525	
Cash and cash equivalents	16,106,631	65,266,864	81,373,495	29,046,000
Other	10,100,031	1,790,049	1,790,049	
Other	2,812,304	790,117	3,602,421	11,048,000
Capital assets:	2,012,50	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,22,	,
Nondepreciable	70,191,746	44,986,958	115,178,704	62,635,000
Depreciable, net	248,833,088	305,565,724	554,398,812	641,557,000
Total assets	492,932,009	462,445,075	955,377,084	925,464,000
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other				
current liabilities	8,150,787	1,436,950	9,587,737	14,991,000
Unearned revenue	3,670,567	149,674	3,820,241	· · ·
Estimated liability for incurred	• •			
but unreported claims	4,083,000	_	4,083,000	
Other liabilities	<u> </u>	_	_	16,343,000
Due to other governments	272,607	_	272,607	910,000
Utility customer deposits	_			2,948,000
Current liabilities payable from				
restricted assets	_	6,491,130	6,491,130	-
Long-term liabilities:				0.40,5000
Due within one year	14,460,060	6,684,445	21,144,505	8,135,000
Due in more than one year	173,854,679	131,214,293	305,068,972	114,807,000
Total liabilities	204,491,700	145,976,492	350,468,192	158,134,000
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	164,639,133	227,393,436	392,032,569	603,155,000
Restricted for:				
Debt service	16,106,631	60,565,783	76,672,414	29,046,000
Perpetual care – nonexpendable	964,003	_	964,003	_
Unrestricted	106,730,542	28,509,364	135,239,906	135,129,000
Total net assets	\$ 288,440,309	316,468,583	604,908,892	767,330,000

Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2006

Ssets Component unit	City Utilities		1	I	ı	ı	1					I			1		12,287,000		ı	I		I	3,320,000	2,209,000	5,529,000	17,816,000	749 514 000	767,330,000
Net revenue (expense) and changes in net assets C Primary government	Total		(35,696,138)	(47,317,152)	(22,635,042)	(3,931,107)	(3,530,038)	(9,937,801)	(119,199,927)		388,771 2.864.684	(809,012)	(107,300)	2,337,137	(116,862,790)		1		18,464,584	3 100 330	3.215.623	12,071,385	7,764,770	14,755,970	145,844,278	28,981,488	575 927 404	604,908,892
revenue (expense) an	Business-type activities	Carrie	I	1	I	1	1	1	-		388,771 2.864.684	(809,012)	(107,300)	2,337,137	2,337,137				١	***************************************	1	1	4,175,718	1,186,426 (1,044,270)	4,317,874	6,655,011	309 813 572	316,468,583
Net r	Governmental activities		(35,696,138)	(47,317,152)	(22,635,042)	(3,931,107)	(3,530,038)	(9,937,801)	(119,199,927)			l		1	(119,199,927)					3 190 330	3,215,623	12,071,385	3,589,052	13,569,544 1,044,270	141,526,404	22,326,477	266 113 832	
	Capital grants and contributions		177,078	53,341	121,839		l		352,258		2,186,280 5.481.444	30,000	0,000	1,700,384	8,058,642				∽									€7
Program revenues	Operating grants and contributions		000,006	822,042	800,005	4,484,820	3,703,322	C16,611,1	18,430,104		11	5,107	101.3	3,10/	18,435,211		-						perty		èrs		retroactive	
	Charges for services		277,280	3,983,268	3,976,469	1 3	933,014	606,910,1	16,848,940	4 F. 1. 1. 2. 7. C. 2.	12,034,174 20,555,838	3,077,639	30 220 750	32,320,730	56,169,698		344,416,000		Č,	2		of taxes	use of money and property		Total general revenues and transfers	et assets	Net assets—beginning, as restated for retroactive reporting of infrastructure assets	að
	Expenses		\$ 37,050,496	52,175,803	27,533,355	8,415,927	8,166,374	9,937,801	154,831,229	14 451 602	23,172,598	3,921,758	74 605 117	'	\$ 199,526,341		\$ 332,129,000	General revenues:	Property taxes	Franchise taxes	Room taxes	Payment in lieu of taxes	Revenues from use of	Other revenue Transfers	Total genera	Change in net assets	Net assets—beginning, as restated reporting of infrastructure assets	Net assets—ending
	Functions/Programs	Primary government:	Covernmental activities: Public works	Public safety	Parks and recreation	Planning and development	Public health General government	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Aurport Sanitary sewerage system	Refuse disposal	Total fuscinace time activities	rotat ousiness-type activities	Total primary government	Component unit:	City Utilities											

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2006

Assets		General	Community Development	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable (net uncollectible	\$	7,815,948	1,570,825	80,636,224	90,022,997
rroperty taxes receivable (net uncollectible amounts) Special assessments receivable Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable and unbilled revenue Inventories Notes and loans receivable, net Due from other funds		141,775 4,472,146 6,648 — 4,390,464	10,572 — 27,417,605	15,183,128 4,631,221 16,106,631 581,405 3,675,404 970,770 — 30,000	15,183,128 4,631,221 16,106,631 733,752 8,147,550 977,418 27,417,605 4,420,464
Due from other governments	_		586,642	5,965,283	6,551,925
Total assets	\$_	16,826,981	29,585,644	127,780,066	174,192,691
Liabilities and Fund Balances	_				
Liabilities: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$	561,645 3,664,700 —	177,020 24,843,214 — —	5,795,345 24,657,965 272,607 3,590,861	6,534,010 53,165,879 272,607 3,590,861
Total liabilities		4,226,345	25,020,234	34,316,778	63,563,357
Fund balances: Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt service Perpetual care Unreserved:	_	1,252,700	595,683	14,578,644 16,106,631 964,003	16,427,027 16,106,631 964,003
Designated for operating reserve Designated for capital projects Undesignated Unreserved, reported in nonmajor funds:		9,106,709 2,241,227 —	3,969,727		9,106,709 2,241,227 3,969,727
Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital projects funds Permanent funds	_	 		12,561,316 17,424,713 31,756,019 71,962	12,561,316 17,424,713 31,756,019 71,962
Total fund balances	_	12,600,636	4,565,410	93,463,288	110,629,334
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	16,826,981	29,585,644	127,780,066	174,192,691

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Fund balances—total governmental funds			\$	110,629,334
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$_	457,082,916 (138,696,564)	•	
				318,386,352
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due Adjustment of deferred revenue Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Certain assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported				(1,312,301) 49,495,312 (3,436,567)
in the funds, net of unamortized premiums/discounts Unamortized issuance costs on bonds			_	(188,134,125) 2,812,304
Net assets of governmental activities			\$	288,440,309

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2006

	General	Community Development	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ —		16,872,108	16,872,108
Sales	42,533,965	_	41,253,828	83,787,793
Franchise	3,190,339	_	_	3,190,339
Room			3,215,623	3,215,623
Licenses and permits	3,421,680	_	_	3,421,680
Intergovernmental	3,499,882	3,594,023	11,688,457	18,782,362
Charges for services	3,157,028	_	6,013,003	9,170,031
Fines and forfeitures	1,925,595		_	1,925,595
Special assessments		_	2,331,634	2,331,634
Revenues from use of money and property	582,847	46,298	2,959,907	3,589,052
Payments in lieu of taxes	12,071,385			12,071,385
Other	23,650	2,940,465	7,173,914	10,138,029
Total revenues	70,406,371	6,580,786	91,508,474	168,495,631
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	8,160,607	•	13,390,037	21,550,644
Public safety	39,728,124		8,328,528	48,056,652
Parks and recreation	_		15,123,942	15,123,942
Planning and development	1,135,503	6,187,508	449,175	7,772,186
Public health		_	7,985,907	7,985,907
General government	13,223,524	_	5,580,197	18,803,721
Debt service:	. ,		- , ,	,,
Principal	_	_	16,631,779	16,631,779
Interest and other charges		_	10,100,744	10,100,744
Capital outlay:				, ,
Public works	204,534		18,454,653	18,659,187
Public safety	581,704	_	1,917,493	2,499,197
Parks and recreation			15,482,394	15,482,394
Planning and development	_		596,313	596,313
General government	76,685		150,596	227,281
Total expenditures	63,110,681	6,187,508	114,191,758	183,489,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,295,690	393,278	(22,683,284)	(14,994,316)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of debt		_	12,505,000	12,505,000
Bond premium (discount)		_	(81,154)	(81,154)
Transfers in	1,974,790	_	19,725,542	21,700,332
Transfers out	(5,899,919)	(387,463)	(14,368,680)	(20,656,062)
Total other financing sources				
and (uses)	(3,925,129)	(387,463)	17,780,708	13,468,116
Net change in fund balances	3,370,561	5,815	(4,902,576)	(1,526,200)
Fund balances—beginning	9,230,075	4,559,595	98,365,864	112,155,534
Fund balances—ending	\$12,600,636	4,565,410	93,463,288	110,629,334

Reconciliation of the Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets (in excess of the capitalization threshold) is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the	\$	(1,526,200)
current period:	560	
Capital outlay \$ 34,200 Depreciation (17,345)		
		16,855,109
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations, and disposals) is to decrease net assets		(333,405)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		7,617,805
Issuance cost amortization, net 5 Loss on refundings, net (142)		
		4,669,873
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(3,501,702)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various activities internally to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with		
governmental activities		(1,455,003)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	22,326,477

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

200,469 29,142 — 321,017	550,628		23,614 1,058,097 	(1,042,912)	1,189,110
37,748,456 291,852 4,092,886 907,986 1,720,427 790,117 55,772	24,193,131 1,790,049 71,590,676	41,073,733	16,102,602 91,875,128 278,788,923 108,004,928 20,144,917	321,668,326 28,884,356	463,217,091
21,697 534 — — — — ———————————————————————————	159,298		380,661 658,484 — 8,205,911 1,020,050	(4,617,231)	5,807,173
8,267,318 68,289 1,266,727 124,374	9,726,708		2,299,419 1,241,581 — 10,903,536 5,749,836	20,194,372 (10,228,624) 9,965,748 1,555,713	21,248,169
23,424,709 180,045 1,555,703 907,986 1,175,331 790,117	17,358,075 931,114 46,323,080	38,147,240	4,645,812 62,298,653 278,788,923 8,005,519 5,568,619	359,307,526 (128,014,554) 231,292,972 18,686,832	334,450,124
\$ 6,034,732 42,984 1,270,456 283,655 55,772	6,835,056 858,935 15,381,590	2,926,493	8,776,710 27,676,410 — 80,889,962 7,806,412	(50,387,763) 74,761,731 8,641,811	83,403,542
	6,034,732 23,424,709 8,267,318 21,697 37,748,456 42,984 180,045 68,289 534 291,852 1,270,456 1,555,703 1,266,727 — 4,092,886 283,655 1,175,331 124,374 137,067 1,720,427 55,772 — 790,117 55,772	6,034,732 23,424,709 8,267,318 21,697 37,748,456 42,984 180,045 68,289 534 291,852 1,270,456 1,555,703 1,266,727 — 4,092,886 283,655 1,175,331 124,374 137,067 1,720,427 583,672 — — 790,117 6,835,056 17,358,075 — 24,193,131 858,935 931,114 — 24,193,131 15,381,590 46,323,080 9,726,708 159,298 71,590,676	6,034,732 23,424,709 8,267,318 21,697 37,748,456 42,984 180,045 68,289 534 291,852 1,270,456 1,555,703 1,266,727 — 4,092,886 283,655 1,175,331 124,374 137,067 1,720,427 - 790,117 — 790,117 55,772 — 24,193,131 6,835,056 17,358,075 — 24,193,131 858,935 931,114 — 24,193,131 15,381,590 46,323,080 9,726,708 159,298 71,590,676 2,926,493 38,147,240 — — 41,073,733 - — — — — - — — 41,073,733	6,034,732 23,424,709 8,267,318 21,697 37,748,456 42,984 180,045 68,289 534 291,852 1,270,456 1,555,703 1,266,727 — 4,092,886 283,655 1,175,331 124,374 137,067 1,720,427 55,772 — 790,117 55,772 6,835,056 17,358,075 — 24,193,131 858,935 931,114 — 24,193,131 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 8,056,410 62,298,653 1,241,581 658,484 91,875,128 1, 80,889,662 8,005,519 10,903,536 8,205,911 108,004,928 7,806,412 5,749,836 1,020,050 20,144,917	6.034.732 23,424,709 8.267,318 21,697 37,748,456 42,984 180,045 68,289 534 291,852 1,270,456 1,555,703 1,266,727 — 407,986 283,655 1,1753,31 124,374 137,067 1,720,427 55,772 790,117 — 790,117 55,772 — 790,117 6,835,056 17,358,075 — 24,193,131 8,58,935 931,114 — 24,193,131 15,381,590 46,323,080 9,726,708 159,298 71,590,649 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 — 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 — 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 — 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 — 2,926,493 38,147,240 — 41,073,733 — 2,926,419 5,588,923 1,241,881 658,484 91,875,128

Assets

Current assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Accrued interest receivable
Accounts receivable
Unbilled revenue
Inventories
Unamortized bond issue costs
Prepaid expenses
Restricted assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Other

Total current assets
Restricted assets:
Cash and cash equivalents

Total restricted assets

Capital assets:
Land and easements
Buildings
Collection system
Improvements other than buildings
Machinery and equipment

Less accumulated depreciation

Construction in progress

Total capital assets, net

Total assets

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

			Enterprise Funds			
Liabilities	National Airport	Sanitary Sewerage System	Refuse Disposal	Nonmajor	Total	
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 292,720	598,469	228,795	98,410	1,218,394	
Ketainages payable		76,160	115,931	1	192,091	
Accrued compensated absences	68,358	620'56	23,736	14,016	201,139	
Due to other runds	1	!	1	490,000	490,000	
Accrued interest payable	1	I	1	26,465	26,465	
Deletred revenue	149,674		1	i	149,674	
Estimated maninty for incurred but unreported claims		i	1	İ	1	
Current maturities of long-term debt Payables from restricted assets	445,000	5,607,358	•	430,948	6,483,306	
t afactos moin restricted assets	1,020,7/0	5,404,334			6,491,130	
Total current liabilities	1,982,528	11,841,370	368,462	1,059,839	15,252,199	
Long-term liabilities, less current maturities:						
Revenue bonds payable, net	1	70,160,987	!	1,186,079	71,347,066	
Notes and capitalized lease obligations payable	9,730,000	35,598,874	ı	I	45,328,874	
Accided failuitificiosure/postciosure care costs	1 3	1	13,161,087	ı	13,161,087	
Accided compensated absences	394,622	668,662	279,305	34,677	1,377,266	
Total long-term debt	10,124,622	106,428,523	13,440,392	1,220,756	131,214,293	
Total liabilities	12,107,150	118,269,893	13,808,854	2,280,595	146,466,492	
Net Assets						
Net assets:						
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	73,228,542	138,612,585	11,521,461	4,030,848	227,393,436	
Kestricted for debt service Unrestricted	9,593,708	50,972,075	1 000 17	1 0 0	60,565,783	•
	0,102,223	1/5,545,07	(4,082,146)	(204,270)	28,791,380	
Total net assets	\$ 89,604,475	216,180,231	7,439,315	3,526,578	316,750,599	
Some of the amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets are different because						

4,083,000

4,761,496

146,197

4,907,693

146,197

(4,341,990)(3,718,583)

623,407

304,476

Internal Funds Service

34,417 339,603

(282,016) 316,468,583

Net assets of business-type activities

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2006

			Enterprise Funds	i		
	National Airport	Sanitary Sewerage System	Refuse Disposal	Nonmajor	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:						
Sewer service charges	\$ —	20,302,464	_	_	20,302,464	
Sewer connection charges	4.00-144	3,374	_	_	3,374	
Sale of fuel and oil Flight fees, airport facility rental.	4,287,443	_	_	_	4,287,443	
and other charges	8,304,337	7			8,304,337	
Golf course fees	0,504,55	_	_	3,033,107	3,033,107	_
Landfill charges		_	2,808,238	3,033,107	2,808,238	
Yardwaste recycling sales		_	269,401		269,401	_
Billings to departments		_	_		207,401	4,568,805
Contributions—City and employee		-				9,956,485
Other	62,394	250,000			312,394	22,986
Total operating revenues	12,654,174	20,555,838	3,077,639	3,033,107	39,320,758	14,548,276
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	4,130,542	4,614,150	1,647,653	1,384,096	11,776,441	1,465,238
Other services	1,580,598		920,588	549,117	7,826,682	12,759,939
Supplies	2,591,190	1,219,088	396,195	572,784	4,779,257	1,863,035
Other expenses			_	_	_	23,424
Depreciation and amortization	5,318,427	8,025,096	921,740	517,893	14,783,156	75,674
Total operating expenses	13,620,757	18,634,713	3,886,176	3,023,890	39,165,536	16,187,310
Operating income (loss)	(966,583) 1,921,125	(808,537)	9,217	155,222	(1,639,034)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	600,320	3,290,293	279,486	5,619	4,175,718	
Interest on long-term debt	(644,090	(4,057,238)	´ 	(103,651)	(4,804,979)	
Administrative fees and other debt charges	(158,217	(424,061)	_	(67)	(582,345)	_
Gain (loss) from disposal of capital assets	_	35,878	3,590	(6,055)	33,413	_
Claims and settlements	(4,366			_	(4,366)	_
Passenger facility charge revenue Other nonoperating income (expense)	1,210,758		-		1,210,758	
,		1,411	(21,006)	(4,737)	(24,332)	12,732
Net nonoperating						
revenues (expenses)	1,004,405	(1,153,717)	262,070	(108,891)	3,867	12,732
Income (loss) before						
contributions and transfers	37,822	767,408	(546,467)	(99,674)	159,089	(1,626,302)
Contributions and grants	2,186,280	5,481,444	35,107	0.660	7.711.401	. , , , ,
Transfers out	(100,000		(65,229)	8,660	7,711,491 (1,044,270)	_
Change in net assets	2,124,102		(576,589)	(91,014)	6,826,310	(1,626,302)
Net assets, beginning of year	87,480,373	.,	8,015,904	, , ,		
				3,617,592	309,924,289	(2,092,281)
Net assets, end of year	\$ 89,604,475	216,180,231	7,439,315	3,526,578	316,750,599	(3,718,583)

Some of the amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds are reported with business-type activities

Change in net assets of business-type activities

(171,299)

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2006

	_			Enterprise Funds			
	-	National Airport	Sanitary Sewerage System	Refuse Disposal	Nonmajor	Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	12,435,891 (4,493,854) (4,067,355)	20,529,930 (6,320,049) (4,661,710)	2,022,135 86,236 (1,626,059)	3,062,249 (1,286,069) (1,386,626)	38,050,205 (12,013,736) (11,741,750)	14,548,276 (13,895,861) (1,472,164)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	3,874,682	9,548,171	482,312	389,554	14,294,719	(819,749)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out		(100,000)	(879,041)	(65,229)		(1,044,270)	309,603 (30,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing	_	(100,000)	(879,041)	(65,229)		(1,044,270)	279,603
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term debt Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt obligations Additions to capital assets Decrease (increase) in other restricted assets Increase in payables from restricted		(4,504,793) ————————————————————————————————————	(5,048,671) 10,441,086 (4,190,578) (26,230,055) 348,205		(406,156) — (121,743) (156,673)	(9,959,620) 10,441,086 (4,956,411) (32,369,230) 248,352	(18,090)
assets Capital contributions Passenger facility charges received Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	467,799 2,186,280 1,210,758	894,843 5,481,444 — 35,878	35,107 — 3,590	8,660 — (6,055)	1,362,642 7,711,491 1,210,758 33,413	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(5,789,784)	(18,267,848)	(1,537,920)	(681,967)	(26,277,519)	(18,090)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	_	590,270	3,291,359	280,138	14,607	4,176,374	8,576
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	590,270	3,291,359	280,138	14,607	4,176,374	8,576
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,424,832)	(6,307,359)	(840,699)	(277,806)	(8,850,696)	(549,660)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	17,221,113	85,237,383	9,108,017	299,503	111,866,016	750,129
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	15,796,281	78,930,024	8,267,318	21,697	103,015,320	200,469
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$_	(966,583)	1,921,125	(808,537)	9,217	155,222	(1,639,034)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Other nonoperating expenses Decrease (increase) in:		5,318,427 (162,583)	8,025,096 (422,650)	921,740 (21,006)	517,893 (4,804)	14,783,156 (611,043)	75,674
Inventories Accounts receivable		(24,976) (235,611)	46,712 (12,042)	(16,348) (1,055,504)	(17,325) 29,142	(11,937) (1,274,015)	(36,660)
Unbilled revenue Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in:		(2,183)	(13,866) —	_		(13,866) (2,183)	_
Accounts payable Retainage payable Deferred revenues Due to other funds Accrued landfill closure/postclosure care costs Estimated liability for incurred but unreported claims Accrued compensated absences		(132,324) ————————————————————————————————————	(22,804) 74,160 — — — — — (47,560)	79,779 82,543 — — 1,278,051 — 21,594	(146,843) — — (10,000) — — 12,274	(222,192) 156,703 17,328 (10,000) 1,278,051 — 49,495	21,197 ————————————————————————————————————
Total adjustments	-	4,841,265	7,627,046	1,290,849	380,337	14,139,497	819,285
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	3,874,682	9,548,171	482,312	389,554	14,294,719	(819,749)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2006

Assets	_	Pension Trust	Agency Funds
Cash and short-term investments	\$	3,905,054	3,483,617
Investments, at fair value:			
U.S. government securities		19,573,980	
Corporate and foreign bonds		41,513,908	*****
Corporate and foreign stocks		63,198,174	_
Accounts receivable		_	124,950
Accrued interest receivable	_	911,414	4,880
Total assets	_	129,102,530	3,613,447
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		9,152	3,061,761
Escrows payable			523,204
Municipal court bond deposits	_		28,482
Total liabilities	_	9,152	3,613,447
Net Assets			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ _	129,093,378	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Pension Trust
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	6,831,133
Plan members	_	2,906,968
Total contributions	_	9,738,101
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends		10,060,078
Net decrease in the fair value of investments	_	(2,516,720)
Total investment earnings		7,543,358
Less investment expense	_	(812,452)
Net investment earnings	_	6,730,906
Total additions	_	16,469,007
Deductions:		
Benefits		12,441,445
Refunds of contributions		1,622,625
Administrative expenses		153,893
Total deductions	_	14,217,963
Change in net assets		2,251,044
Net assets—beginning		126,842,334
Net assets—ending	\$ _	129,093,378

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Springfield, Missouri (the City) operates under the Council-Manager form of government with the council consisting of the Mayor and eight council members who are elected on a nonpartisan basis. The City provides a variety of general government services to residents including law enforcement, fire protection, community development, recreation, and various social services. Additionally, the City has several business-type operations that offer services associated with the national airport, sanitary sewerage system, refuse disposal facilities, and municipal golf courses.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered financially accountable. The determination of financial accountability includes consideration of a number of criteria, including: (1) the appointment of a voting majority of an entity's governing authority and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the entity; (2) the potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government; and (3) the entity's fiscal dependency on the primary government. Two types of component units are included within the government-wide financial statements:

Blended Component Unit—The following legally separate entity is a component unit that is, in substance, a part of the City's general operations. This component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or provides services that exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefit the primary government. Data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government for financial reporting purposes.

The Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri (PBC)—The PBC, a not-for-profit corporation, was incorporated under the laws of the State of Missouri on October 2, 1989. The PBC was established to promote, acquire, develop, construct, and own facilities within the City that are approved by the City Council for the purpose of promoting the economic, social, industrial, cultural, and commercial growth and for the general benefit of the City and its residents.

The board of directors of the PBC consists of nine persons appointed by the Mayor with the advice and consent of the City Council. Financial information for the PBC has been included within the governmental activities and governmental funds. Although it is legally separate from the City, the PBC is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance the construction of various capital projects within the City. No separately issued financial statements are prepared for the PBC.

Discretely Presented Component Unit—The discretely presented component unit is presented separately in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri (City Utilities)—City Utilities is a municipally owned utility controlled by the Board of Public Utilities, which is appointed by the City Council in accordance with the City Charter.

28 (Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

The City Council approves the rates for user charges, the annual budget plan, and bond issuance authorizations. Financial information for City Utilities is as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005. City Utilities elected to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 for their proprietary operations, unless these pronouncements conflict with applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance or pronouncements. City Utilities is comprised of the Public Utility (including the Electric, Gas, Transportation, and Telecommunications departments) and the Water Utility, which are controlled by the Board of Public Utilities.

As required in Section 16.11 of the City Charter, the City Utilities component unit follows, in all significant respects, accounting policies and procedures established for investor-owned gas and electric utilities by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and for investor-owned water utilities by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners. The City utilities financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Complete financial statements for the City Utilities are available from their general offices:

City Utilities of Springfield, Missouri 301 East Central P. O. Box 551 Springfield, Missouri 65801-0551

No other entities met the criteria for inclusion as component units of the City.

Joint Venture—Both the City and the City Utilities component unit (along with other participants) participate in a joint venture. The City's cumulative investment in the joint venture has been included in the capital assets of the governmental activities, while City Utilities' equity interest in the joint venture is reported within its discrete component unit presentation.

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include both the government-wide (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements—The government-wide statements display information about the primary government and its component unit, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services for support.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, both the governmental and business-type activities are each consolidated and presented on the full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting. The consolidated presentation incorporates long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations, and it provides valuable information for greater analysis and comparability.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements—Separate fund financial statements report information on the City's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in their respective categories.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, the emphasis on near-term inflows and outflows of resources do not present the long-term impact of transactions. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and pension costs, are recorded only when payment is due. Conversely, the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements incorporate the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the change in total economic resources. This presentation records long-term assets and liabilities and recognizes revenues and expenses when transactions occur, regardless of their impact on the flow of cash. Since the accounting differs significantly between the governmental funds and the proprietary funds, it is necessary to convert the governmental fund data to arrive at the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, reconciliations have been provided following the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance identifying categories that required conversion from the fund statements.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Operating activities of the proprietary funds include all transactions and other events that are not defined as capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. More specifically, operating revenues consist of sales and charges for service. Operating expenses of the proprietary funds include personnel services, operating supplies, and services incurred in conducting daily business.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund—This fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Community Development—This fund accounts for grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) along with various revolving loans. The purpose of this fund is to improve neighborhoods in low to moderate income areas.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

National Airport—This fund accounts for all operations and developmental improvements relating to the Springfield-Branson National Airport and the Ozark Airport site.

Sanitary Sewerage System—This fund accounts for the maintenance activities of the existing collection system and capital improvements pertaining to the Southwest Treatment Plant, Northwest Treatment Plant, lift stations, and phosphorus treatment facilities.

Refuse Disposal—This fund reports the activities and capital improvements for the Landfill, the Recycling Centers, and the Yardwaste Recycling Center.

The City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds—These funds account for the costs of the Service Center Garage, the Print Shop, and the Self-Insurance Funds on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Funds—These funds account for moneys held in trust by the City for pension benefits.

Agency Funds—These funds account for moneys held on behalf of the Cooper Tennis Trust, Municipal Court Bond, and the Revolving Payroll Fund.

The City applies all applicable pronouncements of the FASB issued on or before November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting for both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, unless these pronouncements conflict with applicable GASB guidance as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 20. No pronouncements of the FASB issue after November 30, 1989 have been adopted.

(c) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policies are governed by the City Charter and management policies. City moneys are deposited in FDIC-insured banks located within the state. The City is authorized to use demand and time deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. government, State of Missouri, City of Springfield, bonds, bills, or notes guaranteed by the U.S., state, or city governments; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; banker's acceptances; and commercial paper. The City purchases investments from

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

SEC-registered broker-dealers and banks. The City's investments are stated at fair value, which is determined by quoted market prices.

Collateral is pledged to secure the City's demand deposits and certificates of deposit. In accordance with the City Charter, collateral pledged must have a market value of at least 102% of deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance and may consist of the same type of obligations in which the City may invest. Obligations pledged to secure deposits are delivered to the bank's joint custody account at the Federal Reserve Bank. Written custodial agreements are required that provide, among other things, that collateral be held separately from the assets of the custodial bank. At least quarterly, the City determines that the fair value of collateral pledged is adequate to cover deposits.

The City also maintains The Policemen and Firemen's Retirement Fund (the Pension Trust Fund), which is managed by a board of trustees. The Pension Trust Fund's investing activities are governed by the same state laws applicable to life insurance or casualty companies. The plan agreement specifies that no more than 35% of the Pension Trust Fund's assets may be invested in common stocks, with no more than 2% invested in the common stock of any one corporation nor more than 5% in small capital stocks. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City Utilities component unit also maintains cash and investment securities, which are carried at fair value plus accrued interest. Bond ordinances permit investments only in direct obligations of the U.S. government, such as bills, notes or bonds, and any other obligations guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the U.S. government or any agency or instrumentality thereof. City Utilities is also authorized to invest in repurchase agreements, for which the underlying securities must be U.S. Treasury notes, bonds, or bills. City Utilities' investment portfolio includes securities that are either insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by City Utilities' agents in City Utilities' name.

b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of borrowing/lending arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to /due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Property taxes are finalized and levied by September 1 and become delinquent after December 31 each year. The City contracts with Greene County (the County) to have its taxes billed, collected, and remitted each year. A lien attaches to all property on January 1 for which taxes are unpaid. The City pays the County 2% of collections plus \$10,000 per year as a fee for this service.

The City is permitted by state statute to levy taxes up to \$1 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general government services. Specific amounts beyond the \$1 may be voted upon by the public to support certain types of operations. The City also has the authority to levy taxes, without limit, to pay the annual principal and interest on general long-term debt as required.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

The tax levy, per \$100 assessed valuation, for the City during the fiscal year was as follows:

Parks department	\$	0.1830
Health department		0.1248
Art museum		0.0383
Debt service	<u></u>	0.2625
Total tax levy	\$	0.6086

Special assessments of \$21,340,555 have been issued since 1980 (\$3,911,139 issued during the year ended June 30, 2006), and collections have totaled 77.75%, or \$16,591,267. Special assessments receivable of \$4,631,221 include delinquent accounts of \$26,254.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are stated at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Materials, supplies inventories, and gas stored underground for the City component unit are stated at the lower of average cost or market. Coal inventory is stated at cost using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the applicable balance sheets and statement of net assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least one year. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure assets, such as streets, intersections, and storm sewers, completed in the current year have been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets not completed by year-end have been reported as construction in progress. During 2006, the City

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

completed implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to the retroactive reporting of the City's major infrastructure assets not reported prior to June 30, 2002. As a result, beginning net assets for governmental activities have been restated as follows:

Net assets—beginning, as previously reported Adjustment for infrastructure	\$	192,174,398 73,939,434
Net assets—ending, as restated	\$ _	266,113,832

Included in the adjustment for infrastructure are costs totaling \$136,936,502 less accumulated depreciation totaling \$62,997,068.

Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Costs for the City Utilities component unit's utility plant additions include the cost of material, labor, vehicle and equipment usage, related overhead items, capitalized interest, and administrative and general expenses.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Primary government:	
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Sewer plant and collection system	40
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10
Infrastructure	20
City Utilities component unit:	
Electric utility plant	33
Gas utility plant	33
Transportation plant and equipment	15
Water utility plant	50
Common plant and equipment	27

f. Compensated Absences

All vested or accumulated vacation, scheduled holiday leave, and vested accumulated sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

g. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and obligations are reported in the statements of net assets as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type categories. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and amounts deferred on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges (other assets) and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

h. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for specific purposes. Designation of fund balances represents tentative plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

i. Unbilled Revenue

Both the City's sanitary sewerage system and the City Utilities component unit bill their customers on a cyclical basis and, therefore, record estimated unbilled revenues at year-end less allowance for uncollectible accounts.

j. Electric Fuel and Purchased Gas Adjustments—City Utilities Component Unit

General Ordinance No. 3243 requires City Utilities to adjust monthly customers' electric and gas bills to compensate for changes in the cost of electric fuel, purchased power, and purchased gas. An under-recovery of \$7,890,000 for electric fuel and an over-recovery of \$2,007,000 for purchased gas adjustment clauses were recorded at September 30, 2005.

k. Capitalization of Interest

Net interest costs related to acquisition or construction is capitalized as part of the cost of the related asset for the business-type and proprietary activities of the City and City Utilities component unit. Total interest costs incurred by the City were \$13,006,401, of which \$954,675 was capitalized. Total interest costs incurred by the City Utilities component unit were \$4,622,000, of which \$191,000 was capitalized.

1. Designated Improvement Account Investments—City Utilities Component Unit

City Ordinance Nos. 18672 and 18673, which established electric and gas rates effective September 20, 1979, and City Ordinance No. 3258, which established electric rates effective

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

February 24, 1982, provided that a portion of revenues generated by such rate increases be segregated and utilized for certain specified capital projects and to develop a desired level of working capital. The rates established in City Ordinance No. 3258 were extended by City Ordinance No. 3508 to March 31, 1991. City Ordinance No. 3978, dated December 19, 1988, incorporates these rates into the base rates effective April 1, 1991. Funds accumulated are available to cover operating expenses, principal and interest payments, and other requirements as established by the Public Utility Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series of 1977.

Under certain prior financing agreements, the City Utilities was required to maintain funds in the designated improvement account equal to the sum of outstanding principal or the scheduled subsequent years' principal and interest payments as specified under the agreements. New rates enacted by City Ordinance No. 4125, dated June 4, 1990, establish electric, gas, and water revenue adjustment schedules. The revenues generated will contribute to the funding of major capital projects relating to Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 requirements and natural gas transmission and supply.

Other designated funds include funds set aside for self-insurance reserves and major project funding for long-range plans. A summary of the designated improvement account, which consists of U.S. government obligations, is as follows:

	_	September 30, 2005
Funds restricted under City ordinance due to rate increases	\$	8,506,000
Other designated funds:		
Reserve funds		45,462,000
Funds held for future improvements	_	24,729,000
Total	\$_	78,697,000

m. Interfund and Related-Party Transactions

Transactions between the City's various funds are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved if they are similar to transactions with organizations external to City government. Certain transactions between City Utilities and the City are also treated in this manner. The operations of City Utilities for the year ended September 30, 2005 reflect payments in lieu of taxes to the City of \$12,071,385.

In addition, City Utilities also provides services such as energy for street lighting and other electric, gas, and water services without charge to the City. The cost of providing such services was approximately \$8,188,000 for the year ended September 30, 2005.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

n. Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are displayed in three components as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt—This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted—This consists of net assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted—This consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

o. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Detailed Notes on all Funds

(a) Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. The pool is comprised of deposits, repurchase agreements, and other investments with maturities of primarily less than one year. At June 30, 2006, the bank balance of the City's deposits was \$3,958,821, which was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name. A difference exists between bank and book balances of \$2,053,080 due to deposits in transit and other reconciling items.

(b) Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in investments that are:

- a. Obligations of the United States government, the Sate of Missouri, this city;
- b. In bonds, bills, notes, debentures, or other obligations guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the government of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, the State of Missouri, or this city;
- c. In revenue bonds of the City;
- d. In certificates of deposit; savings accounts as defined in Chapter 369, Revised Missouri Statutes; or in interest-bearing time deposits when such funds are held in United States banks;

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

state banks; savings and loan associations operating under Chapter 369, Revised Missouri Statutes; or savings and loan associations authorized by the United States government so long as such deposits, savings accounts, and interest-bearing deposits are secured by one or more of the types of securities described in subparagraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this section;

- e. Banker's acceptances issued by domestic commercial banks possessing the highest rating issued by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- f. Commercial paper issued by domestic corporations that has received the highest rating issued by a nationally recognized rating agency; or
- g. Investments permitted by the City Council that are authorized in the model investment policy prepared by the State of Missouri for political subdivisions.

As of June 30, 2006, the City holds the following investments:

		Investment maturities			
			Less than		More than
Investment type	Fair value	6 months	6 – 12 months	12 – 24 months	24 months
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 62,173,640	19,848,505	37,272,307	2,301,601	2,751,227
Strip—TRSY sec	12,461			_	12,461
U.S. agency:	•				
FFCB	972,190	_			972,190
FHLB	11,901,096	11,901,096			
FHLMC	15,193,176	2,962,517	5,000,120	5,000,000	2,230,539
FHLMCRB	16,410,211	9,693,750	6,716,461		
FHMA	24,040,020	8,681,075	7,918,700	5,960,400	1,479,845
Collateralized deposits:					
AIG Matched Funding	1,937,500			_	1,937,500
AIG Mat Fund Corp Inv. Ag.	10,157,591	_			10,157,591
AIG MFC I/C	30,833			_	30,833
AIG MFC Res I/A	606,900				606,900
AIGFMC	2,512,500		_		2,512,500
AIG-MR LLC Repo	1,019,195	_	_		1,019,195
CDC Funding Corp	30,158,325		_		30,158,325
Citigroup Global Mkt. Const. F	7,592,980			_	7,592,980
Commerce Bank Repo	5,025,284	5,025,284	_		
Trinity Plus Funding	65,683				65,683
Westdeutsche Landsbank	809,493		_		809,493
Societe Generale Repo	4,915,430	417,335	_		4,498,095
Columbia Treasury Fund	639,814	639,814	_		
Fidelity Treas. Fund	9,752,132	9,752,132	_	_	
Financial Square Trst. Treas.	4,996,839	4,996,839			
Total	\$ 210,923,293	73,918,347	56,907,588	13,262,001	66,835,357

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

outside party. All trades, where applicable, will be executed by delivery vs. payment to ensure that fixed income securities are deposited in eligible financial institutions prior to the release of funds. All fixed income securities shall be perfected in the name or for the account of the City and shall be held by a third-party custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts. At June 30, 2006, \$38 million of underlying securities were held by the investments' counterparty, not in the name of the City.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of the City's investments will decrease as a result of increase in interest rates. The City will minimize the risk that the market value of fixed income securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the general interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that fixed income securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term fixed income securities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the City will not recover its investments due to the ability of the counterparty to fulfill their obligation. The City will minimize credit risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City will do business and by diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual fixed income securities will be minimized. As of June 30, 2006, the City's investments were rated by Moody's Investment Service or Standard & Poor's as follows:

Investment type	Rating
U.S. agency securities	AAA
Collateralized deposits	Aa2 or Higher

Police Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement Fund

Cash and Investments

The board of trustees of the Police Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement Fund (Retirement Fund or the Plan) may invest and reinvest the moneys of the Retirement Fund, and may hold, purchase, sell, assign, transfer or dispose of any of the securities and investments in which such moneys shall be invested, as well as the proceeds of such investment and such moneys. Such investment and reinvestment shall be subject to all the terms, conditions, limitation, and restrictions imposed by law upon life insurance or casualty companies in the state in making and disposing of their investments.

The percentage limitations of RSMo. 376.305.2 shall not apply provided that moneys, not to exceed 60% of the funds of the Retirement Fund, at book or market value, whichever is higher, may be invested in common stocks that are authorized investments of life insurance or casualty companies in the state and no more than 2% of the admitted assets of the Retirement Fund may be invested in the common stock of any one corporation, nor shall more than 10% of the total amount of common stocks be invested in small capital stocks. In addition, with respect to fixed income assets, not less than 30% of the portion of the admitted assets of the system so invested in such income assets shall be invested in obligations of the United States government, its agencies, departments, or instrumentalities, and such investments may be compounded and reinvested in such obligations of

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

the United States government, its department, agencies, or instrumentalities, without limitation as to any maximum percentage of fund assets. The Director of Finance shall approve such investments and shall assist the board of trustees in developing an investment plan.

At June 30, 2006, the bank balances of the Retirement Fund's deposits totaled \$3,905,054. Of this amount, \$100,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and \$3,805,054 was supported by collateral held by banks in the plan's name that do not hold the collateralized deposit.

The Plan's investment policies are governed by the City Charter and management policies. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. government, State of Missouri, or City of Springfield; bonds, bills, or notes guaranteed by the U.S., state, or city governments; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances; and commercial paper. The Plan purchases investments from SEC-registered broker-dealers and banks. Plan investments also include investments in external investment pools and mutual funds that cannot be categorized because the entity is not issued securities but rather is a registered shareholder.

The Plan's investments at June 30, 2006 mature as follows:

			Less than		More than
Investment type	 Fair value	1 year	5 years	10 years	10 years
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 19,573,980	913,368	5,257,061	9,278,533	4,125,018
Domestic:					
Corporate debt obligations	41,224,960	6,430,767	15,765,628	11,244,952	7,783,613
Corporate equity securities	58,149,137	58,149,137		*******	-
Foreign:					
Corporate debt obligations	288,948		_	288,948	_
Corporate equity securities	5,049,037	5,049,037			
Total	\$ 124,286,062	70,542,309	21,022,689	20,812,433	11,908,631

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk the fair value of the Plan's investments will decrease as a result of increase in interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer. The plan coordinates its investment maturities to match cash flow needs closely.

Credit Risk—Credit risk is the risk that the Plan will not recover its investments due to the ability of the counterparty to fulfill their obligation. The plan policy limits investments to those authorized by state statutes for purchase by life insurance or casualty companies in the state so that no more than 2% of the admitted assets of the system may be invested in the common stock of any one corporation. The plan also limits the amount available for investment in small capital stocks. In addition, the plan mandates that no less than 30% of the admitted assets of the system be invested in direct obligations of the United States government.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Investment type	Rating	Percentage
Domestic:		
Corporate debt obligations	BBB or higher	26%
Corporate equity securities	N/A	45%
Foreign:		
Corporate debt obligations	BBB or higher	<1%
Corporate equity securities	N/A	4%

All investments shown in the preceding schedule have a rating as shown or higher for each given category. The plan avoids a concentration of credit risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. In addition, as of June 30, 2006, the plan had not invested over 5% of its assets in any one entity.

Foreign Currency risk—This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange notes. All foreign debt obligations and equity securities held are denominated in U.S. dollars. The City did not have a policy in regards to foreign currency risk for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2006 is highlighted in the table below:

Currency		Equities	Debt	Total
Euro	\$	1,595,753		1,595,753
Bermuda dollar		1,775,212		1,775,212
American Depositary Receipts		847,545		847,545
Cayman dollar		391,672	_	391,672
Mexican Peso		42,443	184,790	227,233
Canadian dollar		137,489	48,186	185,675
Balboa		135,800	,	135,800
Yuan		123,123		123,123
Venezuela	_		55,972	55,972
	\$_	5,049,037	288,948	5,337,985

City Utilities Component Unit

City Utilities maintains cash and investment securities. The Public Utility and Water Utility bond ordinances permit investments only in direct obligations of the U.S. government such as bills, notes, or bonds and any other obligations guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the U.S. government or any agency or instrumentality thereof. City Utilities is also authorized to invest in repurchase agreements for which the underlying securities must be U.S. Treasury notes, bonds, or bills. Funds in the form of cash on deposit are required to be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized by authorized investments held by the City Utilities' agents in the City Utilities' name.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

City Utilities' investment portfolio includes securities that are either insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City Utilities' agents in City Utilities' name.

Interest Rate Risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of City Utilities' investments will decrease as a result of increases in interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, City Utilities' investment policy prohibits investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate changes. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities investment portfolio matures as follows (in thousands):

			Investment maturities (in years)			
	_	Fair value	Less than 1	2-3	4 –5	More than 5
U.S. government	\$	12,951		4,061		8,890
U.S. government agencies		81,748	2,259	13,876	15,253	50,360
Mortgage-backed securities		27,677	6,431	7,828	4,517	8,901
Accrued interest		1,035	1,035			
Total investmen	ts	123,411	9,725	25,765	19,770	68,151
Cash	_	7,763	7,763			
Total cash and						
investments	\$_	131,174	17,488	25,765	19,770	68,151

Credit Risk—Credit risk is the risk that City Utilities' will not recover its investment due to the ability of the counterparty to fulfill their obligations. As a means of limiting credit risk, City Utilities' investment policy prohibits investments not directly guaranteed by the United States government or any agency thereof. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities' investments in U.S. government agencies and mortgage-backed securities were all rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk—Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of City Utilities' investment in a single issuer. As a means of limiting concentration of credit risk, City Utilities' investment policy prohibits concentration of more than 40% in any one non-U.S. government security. More than 5% of City Utilities' investments are in Government National Mortgage Association mortgage-backed securities, Federal National Mortgage Association notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation notes and mortgage-backed securities, and Federal Home Loan Bank notes. These investments are 20%, 23%, 34%, and 12%, respectively, of City Utilities' total investments.

Escrow for Bonded Indebtedness—City Utilities Component Unit

In accordance with City ordinances, City Utilities' maintained \$29,046,000 in escrow for bonded indebtedness at September 30, 2005.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

(c) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance June 30, 2005			Balance
	(as restated)	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2006
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 40,935,596	6,306,268	(101,001)	47,140,863
Construction in progress	51,796,586	28,249,628	(56,995,331)	23,050,883
Total nondepreciable	00 500 100	24.555.006	(57 007 222)	70 101 746
capital assets	92,732,182	34,555,896	(57,096,332)	70,191,746
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	55,046,959	25,887,482	(9,000)	80,925,441
Improvement other than				
buildings	27,116,347	15,209,530	(210,926)	42,114,951
Machinery and equipment	31,538,550	4,760,384	(1,109,057)	35,189,877
Infrastructure	219,449,579	10,892,716		230,342,295
Total depreciable				
capital assets	333,151,435	56,750,112	(1,328,983)	388,572,564
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	(9,917,448)	(2,508,518)	5,400	(12,420,566)
Improvement other than				
buildings	(12,299,510)	(5,179,332)	32,941	(17,445,901)
Machinery and equipment	(23,830,759)	(3,375,289)	966,210	(26,239,838)
Infrastructure	(77,275,186)	(6,357,985)		(83,633,171)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(123,322,903)	(17,421,124)	1,004,551	(139,739,476)
Total depreciable				
capital assets, net	209,828,532	39,328,988	(324,432)	248,833,088
Total governmental				
activities capital assets	\$302,560,714_	73,884,884	(57,420,764)	319,024,834

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$	1,257,984
Public safety		2,399,566
Public works		11,457,944
Parks and recreation		2,063,185
Planning and development		40,435
Public health		126,337
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged		
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	_	75,673
Total depreciation expense—governmental activities	\$	17,421,124

Business-Type Activities

	Balance June 30, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2006
Nondepreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 16,088,266 46,610,697	14,996 28,234,813	(660) (45,961,154)	16,102,602 28,884,356
Total nondepreciable capital assets	62,698,963	28,249,809	(45,961,814)	44,986,958
Depreciable capital assets: Buildings Sewer collection system Improvement other than buildings Machinery and equipment	91,480,958 231,106,057 107,504,221 19,042,276	394,170 47,682,866 518,096 1,505,533	(17,389) (402,892)	91,875,128 278,788,923 108,004,928 20,144,917
Total depreciable capital assets	449,133,512	50,100,665	(420,281)	498,813,896
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Sewer collection system Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	(50,589,548) (75,766,929) (39,306,829) (13,202,561)	(2,781,285) (5,700,839) (4,860,006) (1,441,026)	4,014 396,837	(53,370,833) (81,467,768) (44,162,821) (14,246,750)
Total accumulated depreciation	(178,865,867)	(14,783,156)	400,851	(193,248,172)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	270,267,645	35,317,509	(19,430)	305,565,724
Total business-type capital assets	\$ 332,966,608	63,567,318	(45,981,244)	350,552,682

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

National airport	\$	5,318,427
Sanitary sewerage system		8,025,096
Refuse disposal		921,740
Nonmajor enterprise funds		517,893
Total depreciation expense—business-type activities	s —	14,783,156

Component Unit – City Utilities

	-	September 30, 2004	Increases	Decreases	Transfers/ adjustments	September 30, 2005
Public Utility:						
Nondepreciable assets:						
Land	\$	25,301,000	14,000			25,315,000
Construction work in						
progress		17,987,000	33,387,000		(28,000,000)	23,374,000
Depreciable assets:						
Electric		639,338,000	21,833,000	(5,227,000)	374,000	656,318,000
Natural gas		139,934,000	4,083,000	(639,000)	(120,000)	143,258,000
Transportation		3,150,000	12,000	(79,000)	(21,000)	3,062,000
Customer service		11,964,000	328,000	_	391,000	12,683,000
Telecommunication		37,228,000	2,270,000	(75,000)	(9,000)	39,414,000
Common	_	51,955,000	1,015,000	(3,048,000)	(533,000)	49,389,000
Total capital						
assets		926,857,000	62,942,000	(9,068,000)	(27,918,000)	952,813,000
Less accumulated						
depreciation		(387,038,000)	(28,433,000)	6,639,000	(3,891,000)	(412,723,000)
Net capital						
assets	\$_	539,819,000	34,509,000	(2,429,000)	(31,809,000)	540,090,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

	September 30, 2004	Increases	Decreases	Transfers/ adjustments	September 30, 2005
Water Utility:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 11,341,000				11,341,000
Construction work in					
progress	2,263,000	5,769,000		(5,427,000)	2,605,000
Depreciable assets:					
Source of supply	46,435,000	1,108,000	(12,000)	7,000	47,538,000
Pumping	10,919,000	52,000	(6,000)		10,965,000
Water treatment	17,202,000	206,000	(15,000)		17,393,000
Water transmission and					
distribution	117,171,000	4,104,000	(156,000)		121,119,000
General	5,548,000	84,000	(267,000)	(89,000)	5,276,000
Total capital					
assets	210,879,000	11,323,000	(456,000)	(5,509,000)	216,237,000
	210,077,000	11,525,000	(+30,000)	(3,307,000)	210,257,000
Less accumulated					
depreciation	(48,624,000)	(4,664,000)	329,000	824,000	(52,135,000)
Net capital					
assets	\$ 162,255,000	6,659,000	(127,000)	(4,685,000)	164,102,000
assets	102,233,000	0,037,000	(127,000)	(4,005,000)	104,102,000
Total:					
Nondepreciable assets	\$ 56,892,000	39,170,000	_	(33,427,000)	62,635,000
Depreciable assets	1,080,844,000	35,095,000	(9,524,000)		1,106,415,000
Total capital					
assets	1,137,736,000	74,265,000	(9,524,000)	(33,427,000)	1,169.050,000
assets	1,157,750,000	74,203,000	(7,324,000)	(33,427,000)	1,100,000,000
Less accumulated					
depreciation	(435,662,000)	(33,097,000)	6,968,000	(3,067,000)	(464,858,000)
Net capital					
assets	\$ 702,074,000	41,168,000	(2,556,000)	(36,494,000)	704,192,000
455015	φ /02,0/4,000	71,100,000	(2,330,000)	(30,777,000)	707,172,000

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

(d) Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended June 30, 2006:

Governmental activities	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Amounts due within one year
Bonds	\$ 169,273,780	12,505,000	(12,719,503)	169,059,277	12,050,989
Plus bond premium Less deferred amount	878,750	12,252	(253,563)	637,439	
on refunding	(2,239,357)	******	142,411	(2,096,946)	
Total bonds payable	167,913,173	12,517,252	(12,830,655)	167,599,770	12,050,989
Notes payable	3,912,276	_	(3,912,276)		_
Capital lease obligations	1,155,965		(298,997)	856,968	309,153
Accrued claims and judgments	167,000	70,000	(145,000)	92,000	
Police and fire net pension					
obligation	523,138	3,019,732		3,542,870	_
Accrued compensated absences	15,673,087	2,649,961	(2,099,917)	16,223,131	2,099,918
Total governmental activities long-term					
liabilities	\$ <u>189,344,639</u>	18,256,945	(19,286,845)	188,314,739	14,460,060

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Business-type activities	Beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance	Amounts due within one year
National airport fund: Revenue bonds Less deferred amount on	\$ 4,015,000		(4,015,000)		
refunding	(76,033)		76,033		
Total revenue bonds	3,938,967		(3,938,967)	_	******
Notes payable Compensated absences	10,775,000 399,793	68,358	(600,000) (5,171)	10,175,000 462,980	445,000 68,358
Total national airport fund	15,113,760	68,358	(4,544,138)	10,637,980	513,358
Sanitary sewerage system fund: Revenue bonds Plus bond premium Less deferred amount on	74,780,785 2,738,934	_	(3,369,871) (149,687)	71,410,914 2,589,247	3,692,058
refunding	(163,463)	_	16,347	(147,116)	
Total revenue bonds	77,356,256	_	(3,503,211)	73,853,045	3,692,058
Notes payable Compensated absences	28,751,888 811,251	10,441,086 95,029	(1,678,800) (142,589)	37,514,174 763,691	1,915,300 95,029
Total sanitary sewerage system fund	106,919,395	10,536,115	(5,324,600)	112,130,910	5,702,387
Refuse disposal fund: Accrued landfill closure/ postclosure care costs Compensated absences	11,883,036 281,447	1,278,051 23,736	(2,142)	13,161,087 303,041	23,736
Total refuse disposal fund	12,164,483	1,301,787	(2,142)	13,464,128	23,736
Nonmajor enterprise fund: Revenue bonds Less deferred amount on	2,407,902	_	(444,627)	1,963,275	430,948
refunding	(384,719)		38,471	(346,248)	
Total revenue bonds	2,023,183		(406,156)	1,617,027	430,948
Compensated absences	36,419	14,016	(1,742)	48,693	14,016
Total nonmajor enterprise fund	2,059,602	14,016	(407,898)	1,665,720	444,964
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 136,257,240	11,920,276	(10,278,778)	137,898,738	6,684,445

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end,

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

\$180,614 of internal service funds for compensated absences is included in the above governmental activities amounts.

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Governmenta	

	-	Bonds		Notes p	ayable
	- -	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2007	\$	12,050,989	7,626,106	_	
2008		8,561,089	7,192,014		_
2009		9,117,660	6,822,555		_
2010		9,982,803	6,433,796		_
2011		8,637,015	5,984,717		
2012 - 2016		43,313,248	24,450,678		
2017 - 2021		42,965,000	13,817,842		
2022 - 2026		26,010,004	5,281,619		
2027 – 2030	_	8,421,469	502,447		
	\$	169,059,277	78,111,774		

Entorprise funds

			Enterpr.	ise funds			
		National airport					
		Revenue	e bonds	Notes p	ayable		
	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2007	\$			445,000	496,676		
2008			_	395,000	478,876		
2009				410,000	462,583		
2010		_		430,000	445,157		
2011			_	445,000	426,237		
2012 – 2016				2,610,000	1,772,300		
2017 - 2020				5,440,000	900,250		
	\$	_		10,175,000	4,982,079		

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

Sanitary sewerage system

	Sumary sewerage system			
_	Revenu	e bonds	Notes p	ayable
_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
\$	3,692,058	3,874,998	1,915,300	
	4,125,993	3,646,940	2,176,900	
	4,414,152	3,394,648	2,320,314	
	4,668,053	3,116,908	2,413,100	
	4,755,758	2,811,567	2,278,006	
	18,684,900	10,943,396	11,463,200	
	20,280,000	5,401,113	12,604,612	_
	10,250,000	823,000	2,342,742	
	540,000	11,475		
\$_	71,410,914	34,024,045	37,514,174	
		\$ 3,692,058 4,125,993 4,414,152 4,668,053 4,755,758 18,684,900 20,280,000 10,250,000	Revenue bonds Principal Interest \$ 3,692,058 3,874,998 4,125,993 3,646,940 4,414,152 3,394,648 4,668,053 3,116,908 4,755,758 2,811,567 18,684,900 10,943,396 20,280,000 5,401,113 10,250,000 823,000 540,000 11,475	Revenue bondsNotes pPrincipalInterestPrincipal\$ 3,692,0583,874,9981,915,3004,125,9933,646,9402,176,9004,414,1523,394,6482,320,3144,668,0533,116,9082,413,1004,755,7582,811,5672,278,00618,684,90010,943,39611,463,20020,280,0005,401,11312,604,61210,250,000823,0002,342,742540,00011,475—

	_	Nonmajo		
	_	Revenue bonds		
		Principal	Interest	
2007	\$	430,948	79,396	
2008		444,918	68,569	
2009		391,188	50,761	
2010		412,145	35,114	
2011		51,227	14,507	
2012 – 2016		232,849	30,334	
2017 - 2021			****	
2022 – 2025	_			
	\$	1,963,275	278,681	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Bonds payable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Bonds payable at June 30, 2000 are comprised of the following individual issues.	
3.80% to 5.80% General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1993, due through April 1, 2009, callable on or after April 1, 2001, through March 31, 2002, at par plus premium of 1% at par after April 1, 2002	\$ 555,000
3.70% to 5.35% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, MO Leasehold Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997 (Busch Building Project) due through December 1, 2010, callable on or after December 1, 2005, at premiums beginning at 101% of the principal amount decreasing to 100% on December 1, 2006	2,760,000
3.85% to 5.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, MO Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (Civic Park Recreation Project) due through June 1, 2018, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after June 1, 2008, at premiums beginning at 102% of the principal amount decreasing ratably over the term of the bonds to 100% on June 1, 2012	7,670,000
5.3% to 5.85% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, MO Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A (Jordan Valley Park Projects) due through June 1, 2021, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after June 1, 2015, at 100% of the principal amount	5,901,467
5.0% to 5.5% City of Springfield, Missouri, Certificates of Participation Series 2000 (City of Springfield, Missouri Law Enforcement Communication System Project) due through June 1, 2006, at 101% of the principal amount decreasing ratable over the term of the bonds to 100% on June 1, 2009	4,135,000
5.0% to 5.5% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Leasehold Revenue Bonds (Stormwater/Warning System/Firestation) due through June 1, 2019, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after June 1, 2009, at 101% of the principal amount decreasing ratably over the term of the bonds to 100% on June 2, 2011	14,375,000
4.1% to 4.3% General Obligation Stormwater Improvement Bonds, Series 2001A. Not subject to optional redemption, due through May 1, 2011	2,245,000
4.1% to 5.0% General Obligation Sewer Improvement Bonds Series 2001B callable in inverse order of maturity on or after May 1, 2011, at premiums beginning at 101% of the principal amount decreasing ratably over the term of the bonds to 100% on May 1, 2013	2,495,000
4.0% to 5.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2001A, (Capital Improvement LPT Projects) due through May 1, 2016, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after May 1, 2011, at 100% of	
the principal amount	6,070,000

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

4.0% to 5.5% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series May 1, 2021, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after May 1, 2016, at 100% of the principal amount	3,400,000
3.25% to 4.25% City of Springfield, Missouri, Certificates of Participation Series 2001, (Partnership Industrial Center West Project), due through September 1, 2011, callable in reverse order of maturity on or after September 1, 2007, at 100% of the principal amount	3,615,000
1.65% to 4.0% City of Springfield, Missouri, Certificates of Participation Series 2002 (ERP System Project). Not subject to optional redemption, due through February 1, 2009	1,535,000
1.6% to 4.75% City of Springfield, Missouri, Certificates of Participation (Springfield/Greene County Park Board Land Acquisition and Development Project), Series 2002, not subject to optional redemption, due through December 1, 2006	4,075,000
2.95% to 5.0% Springfield Center City Development Corporation Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A, (Jordan Valley Park— Exposition Center Project), due through June 1, 2027, callable on or after June 1, 2012, at par	19,375,000
7.52% Springfield Center City Development Corporation Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B, (Jordan Valley Park—Baseball Stadium Project), due through June 1, 2028, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after December 1, 2017, at premiums beginning at 104% of the principal amount decreasing ratably over the term of the bonds to 100% on December 1, 2021	5,925,000
7.52% Springfield Center City Development Corporation Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2002C, (Jordan Valley Park Project), due through June 1, 2028, callable in inverse order of maturity on or after December 1, 2017, at premiums beginning at 104% of the principal amount decreasing ratably over the term of the bonds to 100% on December 1, 2021	5,210,000
3.15% to 4.3% Springfield Center City Development Corporation Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002D, (Jordan Valley Park—Parking Garage Project), due through November 1, 2028, callable on or after November 1, 2011, at par	8,190,000
3.15% to 4.7% Springfield Center City Development Corporation Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2002E, (Jordan Valley Park—Parking Garage Project), not subject to optional redemption, due through November 1, 2010	720,000
1.6% to 3.8% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, (Capital Improvement LPT Projects), due through June 1, 2017, callable on or after June 1, 2012, at par	6,545,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Variable Rate Land Clearance for Redevelopment Authority of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Taxable Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, (University Plaza Hotel Redevelopment Project), due through October 1, 2020		7,835,000
Variable Rate Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Taxable Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, (Jordan Valley Ice Park Refunding), due through June 1, 2025		10,185,000
3.0% to 5.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (Capital Improvement Program), due through March 1, 2024, callable on or after March 1, 2014, at par		23,852,810
2.5% to 4.125% City of Springfield, Missouri, General Obligation Sewer Improvement Bonds, Series 2003, due through January 1, 2019, callable on or after January 1, 2013, at par		2,720,000
3.0% to 4.0% City of Springfield, Missouri, General Obligation Sewer Improvement Bonds, Series 2005, due through January 1, 2020, callable on or after January 1, 2014, at par		3,760,000
3.35% City of Springfield, Missouri, Lone Pine Greenspace Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds, Series 2003, due through March 1, 2024, callable in inverse order of maturity beginning March 1, 2005 at 100% of the principal amount		625,000
1.7% to 6.5% Land Clearance for Redevelopment Authority of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (SBD Loan Pool Funding Program), due through October 1, 2022, callable on or after October 1, 2014, at par		3,085,000
3.0% to 4.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Muncipal Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A, (LPT Capital Improvement Projects), due through May 1, 2020, callable on or after May 1, 2015, at par		5,525,000
3.0% to 4.375% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri, Muncipal Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005B, (Park Facilities Project) due through May 1, 2025, callable on or after May 1, 2015, at par		2,740,000
3.5% to 4.0% City of Springfield, Missouri, General Obligation Sewer Improvement Bonds, Series 2005B, due through March 1, 2020, callable after March 1, 2016, at par	_	3,935,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$_	169,059,277
	=	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

Revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Sanitary sewerage system fund: 3.80% to 5.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, MO		
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (Sanitary Sewer Improvement Refunding) due through March 1, 2024, callable on or after March 1, 2014, at par		833,914
6.00% to 7.00% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (State Revolving Fund Program), Series 1990A, due through		
October 1, 2010 4.90% to 6.55% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources		12,890,000
Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (State Revolving Program—Multiple Participant Series), Series 1992A,		
due through July 1, 2014		5,490,000
5.25% to 7.20% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (State Revolving Program—Multiple Participant Series), Series 1994B,		
due through July 1,2018		867,000
3.45% to 5.00% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control and Drinking Water Revenue Bonds State Revolving Fund—Master Trust Series, 1998B,		
due through January 1, 2022		1,095,000
2.375% to 5.00% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control and Drinking Water Revenue Bonds State Revolving Fund—Master Trust Series, 2002B,		
due through July 1, 2022		43,125,000
3.0% to 5.00% State Environmental Improvement and Energy Resources Authority (State of Missouri) Water Pollution Control and Drinking Water Revenue Bonds State Revolving Fund—Series, 2005A,		
due through July 1, 2026		7,110,000
Nonmajor enterprise fund: 3.80% to 5.0% Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, MO		
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, (Golf Course Improvements Refunding) due through March 1, 2024, callable on or after March 1,		
2014, at par	_	1,963,275
Total revenue bonds payable	\$	73,374,189

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

Notes payable at June 30, 2006 consisted of the following obligations:

National airport fund:		
4.25% to 4.5% Capital Project Finance Authority Fixed		
Rate Revenue bonds (Capital Projects Loan Program—		
AAAE Airport Projects) 2000 Series I (City of Springfield,		
Missouri Loan)	\$	10,175,000
Sanitary sewerage system fund:		, ,
Noninterest-bearing State of Missouri Wastewater		
Revolving Fund Program intergovernmental notes		37,514,174
Total notes payable	\$_	47,689,174

Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into various capital leases through September 1, 2009 to purchase police vehicles with Koch Financial Corporation with interest rates ranging from 3.01% to 3.61%. Capital assets under capital lease obligations were \$371,480 at June 30, 2006. The future minimum lease obligations and net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006 were as follows:

	_	Governmental activities	
Year ending June 30:			
2007	\$	335,343	
2008		335,343	
2009		157,660	
2010		78,830	
Total minimum lease payments		907,176	
Less amounts representing interest		(50,208)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	856,968	

In addition to the above outstanding debt, \$17.9 million of bonds for the solid waste system and \$1,095,000 of bonds for the sanitary sewerage system have been approved by voters but not yet been issued.

Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to legal limitation based on total assessed value of real and personal property. General obligation debt issues are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. As of June 30, 2006, the City's net general obligation bonded debt of \$16,362,664 represents 2.5% of the legal debt limit of \$666,545,473.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

The PBC Leasehold Revenue Bonds (Busch Building Improvement Project and Civic Park Recreation Project) and the PBC Leasehold Improvement Revenue Bonds (Tennis Facility) are payable solely from lease payments made by the City to the PBC, pursuant to lease agreements executed at the time the bonds were issued. These issues were used to finance various capital projects within the City.

At June 30, 2006, a total of \$829,304 was available in the debt service funds for retirement of general obligation debt issues. The remainder of these obligations will be repaid from future property tax levies and other general revenue sources.

Principal and interest on the PBC Leasehold Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 1998 (Airport Project) are to be paid from the revenues of the national airport fund and are recorded therein. Principal and interest on the PBC Leasehold Improvement Revenue Bonds, Golf Course Improvements are to be paid from revenues of the golf fund and are recorded therein. Principal and interest on the PBC Leasehold Improvement Revenue Bonds, Sewer Improvements are to be paid from revenues of the sanitary sewer fund and are recorded therein. The PBC bonds are payable solely from lease payments made by the City to the PBC, pursuant to lease agreements executed at the time the bonds were issued.

The 1989 Series Sewer Improvement issue is payable, as to both principal and interest, first from interest-bearing special assessments levied and assessed against property benefited by sanitary sewer improvements financed with proceeds of the bonds and second from ad valorem taxes that may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property, real and personal, within the territorial limits of the City. At June 30, 2006, \$4,927,785 was available in the debt service funds for retirement of these obligations.

LCRA industrial development revenue bonds of \$8,744,318 were outstanding at June 30, 2006. The debt service on this issue is paid solely from a third party through a lease agreement; therefore, the issue does not constitute a debt of the City and, accordingly, is not included in the City's statement of net assets.

Debt Defeasance

In prior years, the City's PBC issued bonds to defease the 1990 Airport Leasehold Revenue and Improvement Bonds, the 1990 Airport Certificates of Participation, the 1990 PBC Leasehold Revenue Bonds, a portion of 2000A PBC Leasehold Revenue Bonds, a portion of the 1992 PBC Leasehold Improvement Revenue Bonds (Tennis Facility), the 2000B PBC Leasehold Revenue Bonds, and the 1995 PBC Leasehold Improvement Revenue Bonds (golf, sewer, and parks component). The outstanding balances on the bonds and certificates of participation totaled \$21,959,500 as of June 30, 2006. Securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments. Therefore, these issues are considered defeased, and the liability has been removed from long-term debt.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

City Utilities Component Unit

The following is a summary of long-term obligations outstanding for the City Utilities component unit (in thousands):

	Balance September 30, 2005
Public Utility Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series of 2001; 3.5% to 5.0%; due March 1, 2002 to 2006	\$ 5,675
Public Utility obligation under the February 1, 2001 financing agreement; 3.75% to 4.85%; due January 1, 2002 to 2016 Public Utility obligation under the June 1, 2001 financing agreement;	8,485
4.4% to 5.0%; due December, 2001 to 2020	53,000
Total Public Utility	67,160
Waterworks Refunding and Improvement Revenue	
Bonds, Series of 2003; 2.00% to 5.00%; due May 1, 2018	32,130
City Utilities component unit	99,290
Less current maturities	(8,135)
Total City Utilities component unit	\$ 91,155

The Public Utility Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2001, are collateralized by the revenues of the Public Utility. The Public Utility obligations under the financing agreements and the master lease agreement are subordinated to the Public Utility Revenue Bonds as to revenues. The Waterworks Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2003, are collateralized by the revenues of the Water Utility.

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2005 was as follows (in thousands):

City utilities	 October 1, 2004 beginning balance	Additions	Reductions	September 30, 2005 ending balance	Amounts due within one year
Revenue bonds	\$ 45,105		7,300	37,805	7,520
Unamortized debt premium, net of discount	2,075		328	1,747	
Other obligations	62,075		590	61,485	615
Compensated absences	18,042	523		18,565	
Other	 2,100	1,240		3,340	
	\$ 129,397	1,763	8,218	122,942	8,135

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

Assets financed by the financing agreements and the master lease agreement are pledged as collateral for those agreements. Scheduled principal and interest maturities during each of the five fiscal years subsequent to September 30, 2005 and thereafter are as follows (in thousands):

			Principal			Interest	
	_	Total	Public Utility	Waterworks	Total	Public Utility	Waterworks
Fiscal year ending:							
2006	\$	8,135	6,290	1,845	4,326	3,075	1,251
2007		2,525	640	1,885	4,121	2,907	1,214
2008		4,980	3,160	1,820	3,996	2,820	1,176
2009		5,680	3,295	2,385	3,755	2,670	1,085
2010		5,910	3,435	2,475	3,484	2,518	966
2011 – 2015		33,610	19,640	13,970	13,478	10,067	3,411
2016 - 2020		32,675	24,925	7,750	5,315	4,681	634
2021	-delete	5,775	5,775		144_	144	
Total	\$_	99,290	67,160	32,130	38,619	28,882	9,737

The Public Utility Revenue Bonds, Refunding Series 2001, are not callable. The Public Utility obligation under the February 1, 2001 financing agreement is callable on January 1, 2011 at par. The Public Utility obligation under the June 1, 2001 financing agreement is callable on December 1, 2009 at par. City Utilities' long-term debt is publicly traded infrequently; therefore, a current market price is not readily available for these bonds and leases. The fair value of long-term debt is estimated based upon market prices for similar issues or on the current rates offered for instruments of the same remaining maturities. The estimated fair value of long-term debt at September 30, 2005 is \$103,356,000.

Certain of City Utilities' long-term obligations contain restrictions that require the maintenance of coverage ratios as defined in the related agreements. City Utilities' calculations of these ratios are performed in accordance with the long-term obligation agreements and are used solely to determine compliance with such covenants. City Utilities was in compliance with these covenants as of September 30, 2005.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

(e) Construction Commitments

City of Springfield

A summary of the City's commitments on uncompleted construction contracts and the amount, which is expected to be funded by federal and state grants, follows:

Fund		Contract amount	Amount funded by grants
General	\$	62,944	
Public parks improvement		961,468	
Public works improvement		216,228	
Capital improvements sales tax		4,854,926	384,188
National Airport		6,690,459	,
Sanitary sewerage system		2,038,403	
Refuse disposal		137,892	
Storm sewer, fairgrounds, and fire station projects	_	8,359,922	
Total	\$	23,322,242	384,188

Anticipated expenditures for extending and improving the City Utilities are estimated to be approximately \$54,510,000 for the year ending September 30, 2005. These expenditures include \$47,243,000 for Public Utility projects and \$7,267,000 for Water Utility projects.

City Utilities Component Unit

Obligations to Purchase Electric Power and Energy

Grand River Dam Authority—City Utilities has an agreement with the Grand River Dam Authority to purchase electric power and energy over a 15-year period through June 30, 2015. City Utilities purchases at least \$526,000 of electric power each month at rates specified in the agreement. The rate paid per kilowatt hour for all scheduled energy is subject to power cost adjustments computed every six months and is limited to a maximum annual adjustment of 5%.

Southwestern Power Administration—City Utilities has a purchased power agreement with the Southwestern Power Administration (SWPA) effective through June 30, 2015. City Utilities must purchase at least \$136,000 peaking capacity per month, plus transmission service. Additionally, City Utilities must purchase a minimum monthly amount of peaking energy of approximately \$30,000. The peaking rate is adjusted through a purchased power adder component. Banking energy can be transferred between SWPA and City Utilities and is recorded as a liability, which is adjusted annually on June 30 based on the previous 12-month coal generation fuel cost.

Kansas City Power and Light Company—City Utilities has a purchased power agreement with Kansas City Power and Light Company (KCPL) that runs through May 31, 2013. Under this agreement, City Utilities purchases 17 megawatts of capacity from three of KCPL's Montrose Power Station turbines (51 megawatts total). The capacity charge is \$84 per kilowatt per year through May 31, 2006, which equals \$357,000 per month; thereafter, the annual capacity charge drops to \$75

Notes to Financial Statements
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per kilowatt for the remainder of the contract, which equals \$319,000 per month. The contract provides that KCPL will furnish City Utilities with 380,000 kilowatt hours of electricity annually (using an 85% availability factor) with the energy charge based on the actual production costs of the Montrose units.

Obligations to Purchase Coal

Powder River Coal Company —On January 15, 2003, City Utilities entered into an agreement with Powder River Coal Company effective through December 31, 2005. City Utilities' coal purchase obligation for orders made pursuant to this agreement for calendar year 2005 is \$5,992,000. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities had purchased \$4,624,000 of coal for the contract period ending December 31, 2005.

Kennecott Coal Sales Company—On October 18, 2004, City Utilities entered into an agreement with Kennecott Coal Sales Company effective through December 31, 2007. Under the terms of the agreement, City Utilities' coal purchase obligation is \$8,060,000, \$8,360,000, and \$8,570,000 for calendar years 2005, 2006, and 2007, respectively. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities had purchased \$5,736,000 of coal for the contract period ending December 31, 2005.

Obligations to Purchase Rail Services

Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway Co.—City Utilities has an agreement with Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Co. to purchase rail services to transport coal to both City Utilities' Power Stations. City Utilities agreed to tender a minimum tonnage of 900,000 tons in calendar year 2005. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities had tendered coal tonnage of 1,368,000 tons.

Obligations for Transportation and Storage Services of Natural Gas—City Utilities has signed agreements with Southern Star Central Gas Pipeline, Inc. (formerly Williams Gas Pipelines Central) and Centerpoint Energy Gas Transmission Company (formerly Reliant Energy Gas Transmission Company) for transportation and/or storage services of natural gas, with various terms expiring in 1 to 20 years.

(f) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>_</u>	
General fund	Nonmajor governmental	\$	3,590,861
General fund General fund Nonmajor governmental	Internal service Nonmajor enterprise Internal service		309,603 490,000 30,000
Total		\$	4,420,464

Interfund payables and receivables are made for specific purposes for each fund, and for overdraws of cash, both of which are made in the ordinary course of business. Interfund payables and receivables are intended to be repaid in future years.

Notes to Financial Statements
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Interfund transfers:

			Transfers to	
	_	General fund	Nonmajor governmental	Total
Transfers from:				
General fund	\$		5,899,919	5,899,919
Community development			387,463	387,463
Nonmajor governmental		930,520	13,438,160	14,368,680
Sanitary sewerage system fund		879,041		879,041
Refuse disposal fund		65,229		65,229
National airport fund		100,000		100,000
Total transfers out	\$	1,974,790	19,725,542	21,700,332

All interfund transfers provided funding for general operations of each fund. These transfers are permanent in nature and are not intended to be repaid in future years.

(3) Other Information

(a) Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

The City maintains the Pension Trust Fund, which covers substantially all employees of the City's police and fire departments. The City also participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), a statewide local government retirement system. LAGERS covers substantially all of the City's employees (not covered under the Pension Trust Fund) and the employees of the City Utilities component unit.

I. The Policemen and Firemen's Retirement System

Plan Description

All of the City's police officers and firefighters become members in the Pension Trust Fund, a single employer defined benefit pension plan, as a condition of their employment. The Pension Trust Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

A separate publicly available financial report is issued that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to the City of Springfield, Finance Department, P.O. Box 8368, Springfield, Missouri 65801-8368 or by calling (417) 864-1625.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting—The Pension Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments—Investments are valued at fair value using quoted market prices at the valuation date.

Funding Policy

The City's funding policy provides employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Operation of the Pension Trust Fund is governed by City ordinance and is administered by the plan's board of trustees. The Pension Trust Fund is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Members are required to contribute 10.64% of their annual salary to the plan. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the plan. In accordance with the contribution requirements determined by an actuarial valuation, employer contributions were 26.63% of current year covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2006, the City's annual pension cost was \$9,850,818. The City contributed \$6,831,086 which did not meet the required contribution. The plan's actuarial methods and assumptions are included as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation	\$ 	9,834,917 15,901
Annual pension cost		9,850,818
Contributions made	_	6,831,086
Change in net pension obligation		3,019,732
Net pension obligation, beginning of year		523,138
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$_	3,542,870

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Historical trend information:

	_	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
Fiscal year ending:				
June 30, 2004	\$	5,891,663	100	
June 30, 2005		7,318,828	95	523,138
June 30, 2006		9,850,818	69	3,542,870
Current membership: Retirees and beneficiar vested members Active plan members: Fully vested Nonvested	ies receivii	ng benefits and te	rminated	440 396 123
Total				*
Total				959

Plan Assumptions

The following summarizes the actuarial assumptions of the plan:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method	June 30, 2006 Entry age Level percent closed
Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Investment rate of return	30 years 4-year smoothed market 7.5%
Projected salary increases, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit	7.5% per year, decreasing to 3% after 10 years for fire and 12 years for police
Projected salary increases, attributable to inflation Increase in benefits per year after retirement	3% 3%

II. Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

Plan Description

The City and City Utilities participate in the LAGERS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri.

LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, section RSMo 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS's responsibility to administer the law in

Notes to Financial Statements
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accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt.

The LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

Funding Policy

The City's and City Utilities' full-time employees do not contribute to the pension plan. The political subdivision is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate for City Utilities was 20.6% for the year ended September 30, 2005. The rate for the City was 17.8% for the year ended June 30, 2006. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the political subdivision. The contribution provisions of the political subdivision are established by state statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2005, City Utilities' and the City's annual pension cost of \$11,523,000 and \$7,072,481, respectively, was equal to the required and actual contributions. The plan's actuarial methods and assumptions are included as supplementary information immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Prepaid Pension Asset

To reduce future fixed costs, City Utilities made two payments of \$18 million and \$3.4 million to LAGERS in November 1997 and September 1998, respectively. These payments reduced the past unfunded pension liability. The payments will be amortized to pension expense over 15 years. This was prudent and desirable since the funds managed by the pension administrator can be invested in a broader range of securities than those invested by City Utilities. LAGERS' investment performance had exceeded City Utilities' by an average of 3% per year over the past 10 years. Giving effect to this payment in the actuarial studies that set the pension contribution rate will lower pension costs in future years, with savings currently estimated in excess of \$1.5 million per year.

Historical trend information:

	_	City of Springfield three-year trend information			
	_	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation	
Fiscal year ending:					
June 30, 2004	\$	6,512,809	100		
June 30, 2005		7,072,481	100		
June 30, 2006		7,396,186	100		

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2006

Historical trend information:

		City Utilitie	es three-year trend i	nformation
	_	Annual pension cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	Net pension obligation
Fiscal year ending:				
September 30, 2003	\$	10,393,000	100	
September 30, 2004		10,855,000	100	_
September 30, 2005		11,523,000	100	_

III. Other Postretirement Benefits

The general employees of the City are eligible to continue coverage, as prescribed by City ordinances, in the City's healthcare plan and to maintain their life insurance through the City upon retirement. The premiums are paid entirely by the retired employee, with no contribution or obligation to contribute by the City for either the healthcare or life insurance plans. The cost of retiree healthcare is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid from the City's self-insurance healthcare fund. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the costs to the City's self-insured healthcare plan for retirees exceeded their premiums by approximately \$1,420,649. There was no cost to the City for the life insurance plan. As of June 30, 2006, there were 385 retirees participating in the health plan and 89 retirees participating in the life insurance plan.

(b) Litigation and Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City and the City Utilities component unit expect such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, both the City and the City Utilities component unit are involved in various legal proceedings. Although the outcome of these proceedings is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City and City Utilities' legal counsel and management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City or City Utilities.

(c) Clear Air Act Amendments of 1990—City Utilities Component Unit

The Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (the Act), signed on November 15, 1990, include requirements for reductions in sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides emissions for electric utilities.

The Act allows selling and trading of allowances. An "allowance" under the Act is the authorization to emit one ton of sulfur dioxide in one year. Clean Air Act allowances totaling \$2.6 million were sold during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004.

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City Utilities is tracking several regulatory and legislative initiatives that could impact future expenditures on air emissions control equipment and operation. City Utilities is in full compliance with the sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and nitrogen oxides (Nox) provisions of the Clean Air Act Amendments. Further Nox emission reductions will occur in 2004 under a new Missouri regulation and City Utilities expects to comply with no additional capital equipment.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is in the final stages of implementing new ambient air standards for ozone and fine particulate matter. These standards were originally adopted on July 18, 1997 but were delayed by legal challenges. The Springfield air quality meets the new standards for both contaminants; accordingly, near-term impacts from these regulations should be minimal. The EPA proposed rules to control long-range transport of ozone and fine particulate precursors in January 2004. Along with a companion program to reduce regional haze, the anticipated transport rules could require additional SO₂ and Nox control technology at City Utilities' coal-fired power stations over the next decade. New control requirements could be imposed at approximately the same time as mercury emission reductions, which were also proposed in January 2004, with implementation between 2007 and 2009.

Some of the uncertainty and timing issues associated with these proposals could be eliminated if the EPA secures passage of the Clear Skies initiative. This would set a new legislated program in place to control multiple pollutants over a defined time period. City Utilities will continue to monitor developments on both the regulatory and legislative horizons.

(d) Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the City's sanitary landfill to place a final cover on each cell of the landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions on each cell for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that each cell of the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense of the refuse disposal fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each period. As of June 30, 2006, a total of \$13,161,087 is reported as landfill closure and postclosure liability on the statement of net assets. This is an increase in the liability reported as of June 30, 2005 due to usage, revised estimates of future costs to current year 2006 dollars, and changes made in estimates regarding capacity of Noble Hill/cell one and cell two. During fiscal year 2003, construction was completed on cell two. The City received an "authorization to operate" from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MoDNR) and began accepting waste in cell two.

This total represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of approximately 97% of the estimated capacity of Noble Hill/cell one and cell two of the landfill. The City will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$407,044 as the remaining capacity of cell one and cell two is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2006. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining life of Noble Hill/cell one and cell two ranges from 10 months to 2.1 years based on average daily refuse received of 250 to 600 tons.

The City is currently under a contract of obligation with the MoDNR executed June 28, 2004 for \$12.5 million related to closure and postclosure costs for Noble Hill/cell one and cell two of the

Notes to Financial Statements
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landfill. During 2006, revisions to the closure and postclosure cost estimates were submitted to MoDNR for review and approval. The revisions had not been approved as of June 30, 2006; therefore, the revised amounts have not been incorporated into the landfill closure and postclosure liability calculations for the statement of net assets. If the revisions are approved by MoDNR, the total estimated closure and postclosure costs would be \$3,957,879 less than previous estimates. The reduction is due to an adjustment in the unit cost for leachate disposal for the Nobel Hill/cell one areas as well as the closure of 12.9 acres in this area and the anticipated release of a proportionate amount of last year's closure estimate.

The City expects that all closure and postclosure care costs, as well as future inflation costs, will be paid from available operating revenues, reserves, and interest earnings on cash and short-term investments held in the refuse disposal fund. However, if these resources are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be recovered through charges to future landfill users.

(e) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks, such as property exposures, automobile liability, workers' compensation claims, equipment losses, general liability claims, and the costs associated with an employee health plan. The City's risk financing plans consist of insurance and self-insurance for the various risks identified. For property exposures, the City purchases an all-risk insurance policy. Current property values total \$399,564,000. This property insurance presently carries a primary deductible of \$50,000. While coverage is purchased for City-owned equipment, the comprehensive or collision exposure to City-owned vehicles is self-insured. Neither liability claims nor property losses have exceeded the limits of coverage that comprise the City's risk financing plans.

The City established a self-insurance program for workers' compensation in fiscal year 1988 and for health insurance in fiscal year 1985. The workers' compensation plan covers all City employees, while the health plan covers retirees and all permanent City employees who work at least 30 hours per week. The self-insurance fund, an internal service fund, was established to account for the premiums received from retirees and employees and the City's share of premiums for both health insurance and workers' compensation. The operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee for both health insurance coverage and workers' compensation.

The premiums are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the programs. Stop-loss reinsurance coverages are maintained by the City to eliminate the risk of unlimited claim liability and minimize claim fluctuations due to catastrophic losses. Liabilities of the self-insurance fund include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Notes to Financial Statements
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Changes in the City's estimated liability for incurred but unreported claims in its self-insurance fund for fiscal years 2005 and 2006 were as follows:

	_	Liability balance beginning of year	Current year claims changes in estimates	Claims payments	Liability balance end of year
Fiscal year ended June 30:	_		10.0=0.1=0	10.075.150	
2005	\$	4,100,000	10,079,178	10,862,178	3,317,000
2006		3,317,000	13,026,255	12,260,255	4,083,000

The estimated liability for general government claims and judgments that are not expected to be liquidated with available expendable financial resources are recorded in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, incremental costs, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payouts), and other factors. Other nonincremental costs are not included in the basis of estimating the liability. Liabilities incurred for such losses or claims by a proprietary fund are recorded within the respective fund likewise when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

(f) Joint Ventures

On June 28, 1993, the City Council approved a partnership agreement among the City, the City Utilities component unit, the Springfield Area Chamber of Commerce, and the Springfield Business and Industrial Development Corporation to form a public/private joint venture for purposes of developing an industrial park.

Under this agreement, the City is to provide appropriate municipal improvements, such as streets, sanitary and storm sewers, and infrastructure engineering. City Utilities is responsible for utility services, such as natural gas, water, electricity, and fiber optic telecommunication. In addition, City Utilities will pay for consulting services to prepare a design and overall concept plan for the industrial park, including parcel division, appropriate land use, transportation access, and all related matters. At the request of the City Council, City Utilities has also acquired the land for the industrial center. The Chamber of Commerce, under terms of the agreement, will provide general marketing guidance, services, and expertise. The Springfield Business and Industrial Development Corporation will be responsible for acquiring, from private sources, funds to construct a shell facility or facilities suitable for general manufacturing or industrial purposes.

The net profits or net losses of the partnership, as well as gains and losses realized upon the sale, lease, exchange, or other conversion of any part or all of the real estate controlled by the partnership, are to be allocated based upon each partner's percentage of the partnership's capital accounts.

Financial accountability for the industrial park is vested in a nine-member Administrative Council. The Council consists of one City Council member appointed by the Mayor, one member from the Board of Public Utilities appointed by the Chairman of its Board, one member of the Springfield

Notes to Financial Statements
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Business and Industrial Development Corporation appointed by its president, one member from the board of directors of the Springfield Area Chamber of Commerce appointed by its chairman, the City Manager of the City of Springfield or a designee selected from senior City staff, the General Manager of City Utilities or a designee selected from senior Utility staff officials, the President of the Springfield Area Chamber of Commerce or designee selected from senior Chamber staff, one member of the Greene County Commission appointed by the Presiding Commissioner, and the Chairman of the City Utilities' Citizens' Advisory Council or a designee selected from the membership of the Citizens' Advisory Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City expended \$102,522 toward development of the industrial park. The City had outstanding encumbrances of \$87,856 at June 30, 2006. These expenditures and encumbrances are included in the financial statements within the public works improvement fund.

As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities had an ownership interest of 79% in the partnership. As of September 30, 2005, the Public Utility had incurred \$5,599,000, for land and improvements, recognized losses of \$832,000, and received distributions of \$3,914,000 for a net equity balance of \$853,000. The Water Utility incurred \$376,000 for improvements, recorded losses of \$96,000, and received contributions of \$268,000, for a net equity balance of \$12,000.

The partnership is in the process of developing a second industrial park on the west side of Springfield, Missouri. City Utilities' participation in the second industrial park will be in the same capacity as the first industrial park, with the exception that land acquisitions will be made by the Springfield Business and Industrial Development Corporation. As of September 30, 2005, City Utilities had incurred \$400,000 for land and improvements and recognized income of \$22,000, for a net equity balance of \$422,000. The Water Utility had incurred \$345,000 for improvements and recognized income of \$16,000, for a net equity balance of \$361,000.

Amounts expended for the industrial center are accounted for using the equity method and are recorded in other assets. The net profits or net losses of the partnership are to be allocated based upon each partner's percentage of the partnership's capital accounts. At September 30, 2005, City Utilities had an ownership interest of 79% in the partnership.

The City received a distribution of \$160,318 from the partnership for the year ended June 30, 2004. The City's cumulative investment in the joint venture, net of distributions received or receivable, is included within the capital assets section. City Utilities' equity interest is reported within its discrete component unit presentation.

Separate financial statements for the partnership are prepared and distributed to each partner on a quarterly basis. Copies of the statements are available from the Partnership Industrial Center Administrative Council, 320 North Jefferson Avenue, Springfield, Missouri 65802.

(g) Equity Interest in the Energy Authority—City Utilities Component Unit

City Utilities is an equity member of The Energy Authority (TEA), a power marketing joint venture based in Jacksonville, Florida and incorporated in Georgia. As of September 30, 2005, TEA was comprised of six municipal utilities with equity interests, including four large partners with ownership interests of 21.43% each. The large partners are MEAG Power, JEA, South Carolina Public Service Authority (a.k.a. Santee Cooper), and the Nebraska Public Power District. City

Notes to Financial Statements
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Utilities and Gainesville Regional Utilities (Florida) are medium equity partners with ownership interests of 7.14% each. As a member of TEA, City Utilities benefits from the risk management strategies maintained by TEA that seek to avoid financial losses by limiting financial exposure as a result of unexpected unit outages and volatile market prices. City Utilities also receives resource management services from TEA. City Utilities uses the equity method of accounting to record its investments in TEA.

To become an equity member, City Utilities was required to meet the following conditions:

- Pay a membership fee of \$867,000 that City Utilities recorded as a deferred expense and amortized over the 24-month period that the fee was refundable on a prorated basis. This membership fee was fully amortized as of July 2002.
- City Utilities paid an initial capital contribution of \$1 million, of which TEA subsequently returned \$248,000 resulting in a net capital contribution of \$752,000. In addition to the initial net capital contribution, City Utilities' component share of TEA's net activity through September 30, 2005 was \$2,130,000 as of that date.

In accordance with the membership agreement between City Utilities and its joint venture members, City Utilities has provided TEA with guarantees that result in a maximum exposure of \$9,643,000 to secure power-marketing transactions. Prior to June 2004, this amount included a letter of credit supported by the advance agreement cash deposit of \$429,000. This letter of credit was refunded in June 2004 with a corresponding increase to guarantees provided by City Utilities to TEA. City Utilities' guarantees are effective until its participation in the joint venture ends.

(h) Water Storage—City Utilities Component Unit

In October 1993, City Utilities entered into a contract with the federal government to utilize 7.63% (estimated at 50,000 acre-feet) of the usable storage space at Stockton Lake. The storage space is to be used in two stages: 25,000 acre-feet initially, and an additional 25,000 acre-feet when required by future demand. Payment on the first 25,000 acre-feet of approximately \$4.8 million was made September 30, 1995. Payment on the second 25,000 acre-feet, which is estimated at \$4.6 million and is payable in annual installments over a 30-year period, begins within 30 days after the first use of the additional storage or on January 1, 2016, whichever occurs first. City Utilities has the right to prepay the balance due at any time in whole or in part. City Utilities placed in service the water supply pipeline and intake structure in June of 1996. Upon the structures becoming operational, City Utilities accessed the initial 25,000 acre-feet of storage space and began paying a percentage of the annual operations and maintenance expense of Stockton Lake.

(i) Subsequent Events

The City issued the following bonds/debt:

On August 1, 2006, Municipal Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Stormwater Improvement Projects), totaling \$6,520,000, were issued through the Public Building Corporation of the City of Springfield, Missouri. The interest rate on the bonds range from 4.00% - 4.25% and the maturity date is May 1, 2026.

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On October 18, 2006, the City borrowed \$3.1 million from the Missouri Development Finance Board to purchase the note on the Heers Building in downtown Springfield. The interest rate on the loan is 5.09% and is due on June 30, 2007. The City has the right to extend the obligation to September 30, 2007.

City Utilities - Component Unit:

On August 1, 2006, Public Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, totaling \$615 million were issued to pay the costs of acquiring, construction and equipping an additional coal-fired electric generating unit and related facilities. The interest rate on the bonds range from 4-5% and the maturity date is August 1, 2036.

(j) Deficits

The accumulated deficits in nonmajor funds in the amounts of \$1,168,637 in the tourism tax community improvement fund, \$1,054,838 in the miscellaneous capital projects (capital project) funds, \$243,322 in the print shop, and \$3,040,873 for the self-insurance (internal service) fund will be eliminated by future revenues or operating transfers.

(k) Works of Art

The Springfield Art Museum is a general museum of fine art. The museum wishes to form and maintain collections of the highest possible aesthetic quality and significance, covering the entire range of the history of art. The collection consists of glass, metalwork, manuscripts, musical instruments, paintings, prints, silver, ceramics, and sculptures. In recognition of the museum's existing collections and limited acquisition funds, acquisitions of new collections generally focus on American art of all periods. It is assumed that all objects that become the property of the Springfield Art Museum, whether donated or purchased, are to remain in the museum's collection on a permanent basis. If an object or group of objects is sold, the moneys derived from the sale shall be added to the museum's acquisition fund and expended in the appropriate fiscal year or deposited in the museum's endowment fund to be utilized at a future date. Since the collection is not held for financial gain, but is protected, preserved, and disposed only in order to acquire other works of art, the collections are excluded from the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund
Year ended June 30, 2006

		_		Variance with final budget—
		ed amounts	A	positive
D	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues: Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 40,900,000	42,260,000	42,533,965	273,965
Franchise	3,190,000	3,190,000	3,190,339	339
Licenses and permits	2,989,000	3,239,000	3,421,680	182,680
Intergovernmental Charges for services	2,521,000	3,036,000	3,499,882	463,882
Fines and forfeitures	2,892,400 1,940,000	2,901,971 1,940,000	3,157,028 1,925,595	255,057
Revenues from use of money and property	525,000	525,000	582,847	(14,405) 57,847
Payments in lieu of taxes	10,100,000	11,400,000	12,071,385	671,385
Other	150,000	150,000	23,650	(126,350)
Total revenues	65,207,400	68,641,971	70,406,371	1,764,400
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Public records Council	326,104	342,812	315,974	26,838
Public information office	74,657 424,941	70,757 414,315	62,689 360,986	8,068 53,320
City manager	891,430	1.003.430	933,797	53,329 69,633
Finance	2,017,711	2,017,711	2,005,598	12,113
Counsel, legal advise, and prosecution	1,892,335	2,306,372	1,953,903	352,469
Human resources	967,437	981,237	912,236	69,001
Zoning and subdivision services Municipal court operations	477,596	477,596	452,496	25,100
Information systems	1,413,301 2,197,712	1,398,994 2,077,712	1,401,952	(2,958)
Other—unclassified	1,870,079	2,640,172	2,009,180 2,814,713	68,532 (174,541)
Total general government	12,553,303	13,731,108	13,223,524	507,584
Public works:		15,751,100	13,223,324	307,364
Engineering	2,007,706	2,010,406	1,484,603	525,803
Maintenance	5,134,942	4,721,792	4,937,203	(215,411)
Total public works	7,142,648	6,732,198	6,421,806	310,392
Public safety:				
Police	20,864,756	21,579,504	21,302,567	276,937
Fire	14,501,963	15,206,663	15,017,203	189,460
Emergency communications Inspection	3,565,280	3,581,180	3,408,354	172,826
•	1,906,403	1,791,703	1,738,801	52,902
Total public safety Planning and development services:	40,838,402	42,159,050	41,466,925	692,125
Economic development and assistance	1,249,052	1,191,773	1,115,945	75,828
Housing and redevelopment services	18,875	18,875	19,558	(683)
Total planning and development	1,267,927	1,210,648	1,135,503	75,145
Capital outlay:				
Maintenance	216,658	352,117	161,520	190,597
Engineering	43,581	73,581	43,014	30,567
Fire	30,478	34,999	26,443	8,556
Police	627,762	627,762	555,261	72,501
General government	380,911	240,847	76,685	164,162
Total capital outlay	1,299,390	1,329,306	862,923	466,383
Total expenditures	63,101,670	65,162,310	63,110,681	2,051,629
Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,105,730	3,479,661	7,295,690	3,816,029
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	1 0 40 500	1 0/4 700		
Transfers out	1,842,590	1,842,590	1,974,790	132,200
	(5,244,036)	(6,620,415)	(5,899,919)	720,496
Total other financing sources and uses	(3,401,446)	(4,777,825)	(3,925,129)	852,696
Net change in fund balances	(1,295,716)	(1,298,164)	3,370,561	4,668,725
Fund balances—beginning	9,230,075	9,230,075	9,230,075	
Fund balances—ending	\$ 7,934,359	7,931,911	12,600,636	4,668,725

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Community Development Fund

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Budgeted	amounts		Variance with final budget— positive
	-	Original	Final	Actual	(negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	15,087,814	15,318,714	3,594,023	(11,724,691)
Revenues from use of money and property Other	_	_	——————————————————————————————————————	46,298 2,940,465	46,298 2,940,465
Total revenues	_	15,087,814	15,318,714	6,580,786	(8,737,928)
Expenditures: Planning and development	_	14,780,385	14,835,670	6,187,508	8,648,162
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		307,429	483,044	393,278	(89,766)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in					
Transfers in Transfers out		(400,000)	(400,000)	(387,463)	12,537
Total other financing sources and uses	_	(400,000)	(400,000)	(387,463)	12,537
Net change in fund balance	_	(92,571)	83,044	5,815	(77,229)
Fund balances—beginning		4,559,595	4,559,595	4,559,595	
Fund balances—ending	\$ _	4,467,024	4,642,639	4,565,410	(77,229)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Year ended June 30, 2006

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City utilizes the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. By May 1 of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types (except fiduciary funds, which are not subject to budgetary considerations) and the proposed means of financing them.
- 2. One public hearing is conducted by the City Council in late May or early June to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- 3. Prior to July 1, ordinances are passed by City Council that provide for legally adopted budgets in the City's general and special revenue funds. Plans approved for capital projects, debt service, and proprietary fund types provide operating guidance subject to actual activity during the fiscal year.
- 4. The City operates on a program performance budget system, with legally adopted budgets prepared by fund, program, and department. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device in the general and special revenue funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds, since budgetary control is achieved though general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 6. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except that encumbrances are included with expenditures when the annual budget is established. Budgeted amounts may be amended by the City Council on approved budget adjustment forms.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Year ended June 30, 2006

Employee Retirement Systems

Schedule of Funding Progress

Policemen and Firemen's Retirement Fund

Actuarial valuation date	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial accrued liability	(b-a) Unfunded accrued liability (UAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	(c) Annual covered payroll	[(b-a)/c)] UAL as a percentage of covered payroll
June 30, 2004	\$ 130,419,000	238,755,000	108,335,000	54.62%	\$ 24,105,000	449%
June 30, 2005	130,496,000	250,850,000	120,353,000	52.02%	23,866,000	504%
June 30, 2006	133,494,000	263,814,000	130,319,000	50.60%	23,746,000	548%

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) City of Springfield, Missouri

Actuarial valuation date	 (a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial accrued liability	(b-a) Unfunded accrued liability (UAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	•	(c) Annual covered payroll	[(b-a)/c)] UAL as a percentage of covered payroll
February 28, 2004	\$ 76,741,683	101,445,126	24,703,443	76%	\$	36,016,337	69%
February 28, 2005	75,678,759	102,620,141	26,941,384	74%		37,070,393	73%
February 28, 2006	79,540,438	106,373,592	26,833,154	75%		37,665,377	71%

Note: The above assets and actuarial accrued liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the benefit reserve fund.

Missouri Local Government Employee Retirement System (LAGERS) City Utilities

Actuarial valuation date	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial accrued liability	Unfunded accrued liability (UAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	(c) Annual covered payroll	UAL as a percentage of covered payroll
February 28, 2003	\$ 114,664,000	173,508,000	58,844,000	66% \$	54,095,000	109%
February 28, 2004	111,580,905	175,865,042	64,284,137	63%	55,017,828	117%
February 28, 2005	118,232,000	179,521,000	61,289,000	66%	55,532,000	110%

Note: The above assets and actuarial liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the benefit reserve fund and the casualty reserve fund.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

Assets	_	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Special assessments receivable	\$	13,375,722 72,542 —	16,906,442 107,224 4,631,221	49,326,099 393,635 —	1,027,961 8,004 —	80,636,224 581,405 4,631,221
Property taxes receivable: Current Delinquent	_	8,311,032 355,911	6,303,513 273,102			14,614,545 629,013
		8,666,943	6,576,615		_	15,243,558
Less allowance for uncollectible amounts		(34,358)	(26,072)			(60,430)
Net property taxes receivable		8,632,585	6,550,543	_	_	15,183,128
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories Due from other funds Due from other governments		796,983 970,770 — 1,392,537	16,106,631 109,301 — —	2,769,120 — 30,000 4,572,746	 	16,106,631 3,675,404 970,770 30,000 5,965,283
Total assets	\$	25,241,139	44,411,362	57,091,600	1,035,965	127,780,066
Liabilities	=					
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$	2,074,127 8,272,868 — 543,767	146,011 10,734,007 —	3,575,207 5,651,090 272,607 3,047,094		5,795,345 24,657,965 272,607 3,590,861
Total liabilities		10,890,762	10,880,018	12,545,998		34,316,778
Fund Balance						
Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for debt service Restricted for perpetual care Unreserved, undesignated	_	1,789,061 ————————————————————————————————————	16,106,631 — 17,424,713	12,789,583 — — 31,756,019	964,003 71,962	14,578,644 16,106,631 964,003 61,814,010
Total fund balance		14,350,377	33,531,344	44,545,602	1,035,965	93,463,288
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	25,241,139	44,411,362	57,091,600	1,035,965	127,780,066

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

			,			
	_	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Permanent	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	10,031,414	6,536,817	303,877	_	16,872,108
Sales taxes	Ψ	16,392,053	0,550,017	24,861,775		41,253,828
Room taxes		3,215,623		24,001,775		3,215,623
Intergovernmental		10,487,015		1,201,442		11,688,457
Charges for current services		6,013,003		1,201,442		6,013,003
Special assessments			2,331,634		_	2,331,634
Revenues from use of money and property		326,130	1,052,420	1,520,759	60,598	2,959,907
Other		1,932,323	876,595	4,041,055	323,941	7,173,914
Total revenues	-	48,397,561	10,797,466	31,928,908	384,539	91,508,474
	-	10,577,501	10,777,100	31,720,700	501,555	71,500,171
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works		13,390,037	_	_	-	13,390,037
Public safety		8,328,528			_	8,328,528
Parks and recreation		15,122,942			1,000	15,123,942
Planning and development		449,175				449,175
Public health		7,985,907		_		7,985,907
General government		5,580,197	-		_	5,580,197
Debt service:						
Principal			16,631,779		-	16,631,779
Interest and other charges		_	10,100,744		_	10,100,744
Capital outlay:				10.454.650		10.454.650
Public works				18,454,653	_	18,454,653
Public safety		_	_	1,917,493	_	1,917,493
Parks and recreation		-	-	15,482,394	_	15,482,394
Planning and development				596,313		596,313
General government	_			150,596		150,596
Total expenditures	_	50,856,786	26,732,523	36,601,449	1,000	114,191,758
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	_	(2,459,225)	(15,935,057)	(4,672,541)	383,539	(22,683,284)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of debt		_	1,057,914	11,447,086		12,505,000
Bond premium (discount)			(93,406)	12,252	-	(81,154)
Transfers in		5,358,017	10,954,949	3,412,576		19,725,542
Transfers out		(5,066,729)	(1,815,495)	(6,509,135)	(977,321)	(14,368,680)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	291,288	10,103,962	8,362,779	(977,321)	17,780,708
Net change in fund balance	-	(2,167,937)	(5,831,095)	3,690,238	(593,782)	(4,902,576)
Fund balance, beginning of year		16,518,314	39,362,439	40,855,364	1,629,747	98,365,864
Fund balance, end of year	\$	14,350,377	33,531,344	44,545,602	1,035,965	93,463,288
on or jour	=	11,000,077	33,331,317	11,515,002		75,105,200

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds

Art Museum—The art museum fund was established by City Charter to account for the proceeds of a four-cent ad valorem tax levy and contributions, which represent the primary sources of funding for the activities of the art museum.

Public Parks—The public parks fund was established by City Charter to account for the proceeds of an 18-cent ad valorem tax levy, which partially funds the activities of the City's parks system. The parks system also receives substantial revenues from concessions, zoo admissions, swimming, and softball fees.

Public Health Services—The public health services fund was established by City Charter to account for the proceeds of an 11-cent ad valorem tax levy, which partially funds the operation of the Springfield-Greene County Health Department. Substantial revenues are received from the federal, state, and Greene County governments to augment the tax levy to support the varied activities of the Health Department.

Public Works Transportation—The public works transportation fund was established to account for the City's street maintenance and traffic signalization activities. Operating revenues in this fund come primarily from state gasoline taxes and utility cut charges.

Tourism/Convention Promotion—The tourism/convention fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's 2% hotel/motel tax. These funds are used exclusively by the tourism/convention board to promote the Springfield area throughout the Midwest as a convention center and family vacation area.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue—This fund was established to account for miscellaneous grants and special activities of the City that are designated for a specific purpose or period of time.

WIC Program—The WIC program fund accounts for federal grants from the United States Department of Agriculture for the Women, Infant's, and Children's Supplemental Food Program.

Workforce Development—The workforce development fund accounts for federal grants from the United States Department of Labor in support of adult and youth jobs training under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, as well as miscellaneous state grants.

Road and Bridge Maintenance—The road and bridge maintenance fund accounts for the City's portion of the Greene County road and bridge tax. The funds are expended for local street repair and resurfacing.

Law Enforcement—This fund accounts for the proceeds from the law enforcement sales tax revenue.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
June 30, 2006

nd je Total	=		8.666,943	(34.358)	- 8.632.585	796,983	- 970,770 - 1.392,537	~			40,492	8.272.868		1	1,789,061	1	1
Road and Bridge Maintenance	ļ							544,262		 15,160			15.160		1 55	529,102	201,020
Workforce Development	15,555	11		1		13,685	397.038	426,278		426,278	1	 	426.278		i		876 378
WIC Program		11		ŀ		İ	129,725	129,725		122,524 1,103		1	123,627		18,168	6.098	307 001
Law Enforcement	1,862,675	11				1	52,706	1,938,701		1 1	40,492	1	40,492		191,635	1.898.209	1 038 701
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	3,175,443	11	1	ı	1	ŀ	115,729	3,302,151		151,930	1 1	84,200	236,130		379,820	3,066,021	3 302 151
Tourism/ Convention Promotion	351,725 7,464	11		I	1	622,530	1 1	981,719		244,982	1 1		244,982		1,686	736,737	981 719
Public Works Transportation	4,720,712	11		J	1	137,074	883,466	5,743,252		443,302	1 1	134,061	577,363		816,463	5,165,889	5.743.252
Public Health Services	11	2,996,870 126,908	3,123,778	(12,399)	3,111,379	2,071	287,511	3,400,961	! !	302,578 175,728	1 1	2,907,809	3,386,115		223,240 (208,394)	14,846	3,400.961
Public Parks	29	4,394,449	4,583,508	(18,154)	4,565,354	21,623	409,828	5,082,138		118,665 542,501		4,256,476	4,917,642		154,801 9,695	164,496	5,082,138
Art Museum	2,714,636	919,713 39,944	959,657	(3,805)	955,852	1		3,691,952		32,651		890,322	922,973		3,248 2,765,731	2,768,979	3,691,952
Assets	Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	Property taxes receivable: Current Delinquent		Less allowance for uncollectible amounts	Net property taxes receivable	Accounts receivable Inventories	Due from other governments	Total assets	Liabilities	Due to other funds Accounts payable Other accured liabilities	Retainages payable and other accrued costs	Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	Fund Balance	Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated	Total fund balance	Total liabilities and fund balance \$

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Year ended June 30, 2006

		Art Museum	Public Parks	Public Health Services	Public Works Transportation	Tourism/ Convention Promotion	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Law Enforcement	WIC Program	Workforce Development	Road and Bridge Maintenance	Total
Revenues: Sales taxes Property taxes	₩	953,692	4,558,009	3,111,080	8,463,673	1 1	757,221	7,171,159	11		1,408,633	16,392,053 10,031,414
Room taxes Interest		50,302	5,636	11	1 1	3,215,623 26,071	46,275	95,146	367	1 1	42,098	3,215,623 265,895
Rent Charge for consists		307.07	60,235	033 017	1380	.1	136.463	100	1	I	I	60,235
Clarges for services Intergovernmental Other		2,803	2,630,664 495,015 43,137	3,211,283 21,508	15,005	1,550,377	1,426,315	736,739	573,950	4,043,713		0,013,003 10,487,015 1,932,323
Total revenues		1,086,582	9,058,716	7,276,885	8,755,958	4,792,071	3,153,668	8,204,920	574,317	4,043,713	1,450,731	48,397,561
Expenditures: Current:												
Public works		I	ı	1	9,951,618	1	13,204	1	1	1	3,425,215	13,390,037
Public safety		1	1	ì	j	ı	535,317	7,793,211	ı	ı	ı	8,328,528
Parks and recreation		802,787	10,602,805	ı	ı	3,421,394	295,956	I	ı	ı	1	15,122,942
Planning and development		I	l	1	l	1	449,175	I	l	ŀ	I	449,175
Public health		1 3	1 3	7,422,416	!	ı	7,272	1	556,219	1	1	7,985,907
General government	1	19,666	255,630	64,083	[1,192,591	4,514		4,043,713		5,580,197
Total expenditures	ı	822,453	10,858,435	7,486,499	9,951,618	3,421,394	2,493,515	7,797,725	556,219	4,043,713	3,425,215	50,856,786
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		264,129	(1,799,719)	(209,614)	(1,195,660)	1,370,677	660,153	407,195	18,098	1	(1,974,484)	(2,459,225)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out		977,321	3,074,472 (591,616)	200,000 (41,000)	1,032,350 (1,063,366)	(1.139,538)	31,430 (437,543)	42,444 (1.781.666)	(12,000)		11	5,358,017 (5.066,729)
Total other financing sources (uses)		977,321	2,482,856	159,000	(31,016)	(1,139,538)	(406,113)	(1,739,222)	(12,000)		-	291,288
Net change in fund balance		1,241,450	683,137	(50,614)	(1,226,676)	231,139	254,040	(1,332,027)	860'9	l	(1,974,484)	(2,167,937)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,527,529	(518,641)	65,460	6,392,565	505,598	2,811,981	3,230,236	-	1	2,503,586	16,518,314
Fund balance, end of year	ς,	2,768,979	164,496	14,846	5,165,889	736,737	3,066,021	1,898,209	860'9	ı	529,102	14,350,377

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Art Museum Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Original and final budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	881,902	881,902	953,692	71,790
Interest		10,500	10,500	50,302	39,802
Rent		1,000	1,000	·	(1,000)
Charges for current services		31,000	31,000	79,785	48,785
Other	_	25,298	25,298	2,803	(22,495)
Total revenues	_	949,700	949,700	1,086,582	136,882
Expenditures:					
Parks and recreation		964,386	2,964,386	802,787	161,599
General government		15,259	15,259	19,666	(4,407)
Total expenditures		979,645	2,979,645	822,453	157,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(29,945)	(2,029,945)	264,129	294,074
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	_			977,321	977,321
Net change in fund balance		(29,945)	(2,029,945)	1,241,450	3,271,395
Fund balances—beginning	_	1,527,529	1,527,529	1,527,529	
Fund balances—end	\$_	1,497,584	(502,416)	2,768,979	3,271,395

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Public Parks Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	4,194,850	4,194,850	4,558,010	363,160
Interest		786	786	5,636	4,850
Rent		54,400	54,400	60,235	5,835
Charges for current services		3,715,945	3,597,945	3,896,684	298,739
Intergovernmental		30,944	537,854	495,015	(42,839)
Other		203,500	331,500	43,136	(288,364)
Total revenues		8,200,425	8,717,335	9,058,716	341,381
Expenditures: Parks and recreation		10,648,111	11,165,021	10,602,805	562,216
General government				255,630	(255,630)
Total expenditures		10,648,111	11,165,021	10,858,435	306,586
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	_	(2,447,686)	(2,447,686)	(1,799,719)	647,967
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		2,725,336	2,725,336	3,074,472	349,136
Transfers out	_	(478,642)	(478,642)	(591,616)	(112,974)
Total other financing	-	_			
sources	_	2,246,694	2,246,694	2,482,856	236,162
Net change in fund balance		(200,992)	(200,992)	683,137	884,129
Fund balances—beginning		(518,641)	(518,641)	(518,641)	
Fund balances—end	\$ _	(719,633)	(719,633)	164,496	884,129

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Public Health Services Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	2,794,474	2,839,568	3,111,080	271,512
Charges for current services		818,094	872,000	933,014	61,014
Intergovernmental		3,840,646	3,845,146	3,211,283	(633,863)
Other	_	92,100	87,600	21,508	(66,092)
Total revenues	_	7,545,314	7,644,314	7,276,885	(367,429)
Expenditures:					
Public health		8,746,756	8,804,755	7,422,416	1,382,339
General government		<u> </u>		64,083	(64,083)
Total expenditures		8,746,756	8,804,755	7,486,499	1,318,256
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	s 	(1,201,442)	(1,160,441)	(209,614)	950,827
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		1,060,604	1,060,604	200,000	860,604
Transfers out				(41,000)	41,000
Net change in fund					
balance		1,060,604	1,060,604	159,000	(901,604)
Net change in fund					
balance		(140,838)	(99,837)	(50,614)	49,223
Fund balances—beginning		65,460	65,460	65,460	
Fund balances—end	\$	(75,378)	(34,377)	14,846	49,223

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Public Works Transportation Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues: Sales taxes Charges for current services Other	\$	8,400,000 489,550 —	8,400,000 489,550 1,350	8,463,673 277,280 15,005	63,673 (212,270) 13,655
Total revenues	_	8,889,550	8,890,900	8,755,958	(134,942)
Expenditures: Public works	_	11,819,340	11,830,090	9,951,618	1,878,472
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(2,929,790)	(2,939,190)	(1,195,660)	1,743,530
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_	1,035,450	1,037,350 (1,138,090)	1,032,350 (1,063,366)	5,000 74,724
Total other financing sources	_	1,035,450	(100,740)	(31,016)	69,724
Net change in fund balance		(1,894,340)	(3,039,930)	(1,226,676)	1,813,254
Fund balances—beginning	_	6,392,565	6,392,565	6,392,565	
Fund balances—end	\$ _	4,498,225	3,352,635	5,165,889	1,813,254

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Tourism/Convention Promotion Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	<u></u>	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Rooms taxes	\$	2,916,000	2,916,000	3,215,623	299,623
Interest Other		4,800 1,297,415	1 202 065	26,071 1,550,377	25,971
Other	_	1,297,413	1,303,965	1,550,377	246,412
Total revenues		4,218,215	4,220,065	4,792,071	572,006
Expenditures:					
Parks and recreation	_	4,919,096	5,018,446	3,421,394	1,597,052
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(700,881)	(798,381)	1,370,677	2,169,058
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out				(1,139,538)	(1,139,538)
Net change in fund					
balance		(700,881)	(798,381)	231,139	1,029,520
Fund balances—beginning	_	505,598	505,598	505,598	
Fund balances—end	\$ _	(195,283)	(292,783)	736,737	1,029,520

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Sales taxes	\$	700,000	700,000	757,221	57,221
Interest	•	· —	, 	46,275	46,275
Charges for current services		10,000	10,000	624,364	614,364
Intergovernmental		1,178,155	1,963,362	1,426,315	(537,047)
Other		405,000	429,620	299,493	(130,127)
Total revenues	_	2,293,155	3,102,982	3,153,668	50,686
Expenditures:					
Public works				13,204	(13,204)
Public safety		824,178	1,029,487	535,317	494,170
Parks and recreation		139,517	164,993	295,956	(130,963)
Planning and development		688,968	1,023,367	449,175	574,192
Public health		62,188	62,188	7,272	54,916
General government	_	1,202,274	1,271,044	1,192,591	78,453
Total expenditures		2,917,125	3,551,079	2,493,515	1,057,564
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures		(623,970)	(448,097)	660,153	1,108,250
Other financing services (uses):					
Transfers in		171,294	413,273	31,430	(381,843)
Transfers out		(856,555)	(856,555)	(437,543)	419,012
Total other financing			-		
uses		(685,261)	(443,282)	(406,113)	37,169
Net change in fund balance		(1,309,231)	(891,379)	254,040	1,145,419
Fund balances—beginning		2,811,981	2,811,981	2,811,981	
Fund balances—end	\$_	1,502,750	1,920,602	3,066,021	1,145,419

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

· · · · · ·		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:				-	
Sales taxes	\$	6,500,000	6,500,000	7,171,159	671,159
Intergovernmental		1,249,030	1,077,936	736,739	(341,197)
Revenues for use of money—interest		75,000	75,000	95,146	20,146
Charges for current services		525,000	400,000	201,876	(198,124)
Total revenues		8,349,030	8,052,936	8,204,920	151,984
Expenditures:					
Public safety		8,581,347	8,578,632	7,793,211	785,421
General government		<u> </u>		4,514	(4,514)
Total expenditures	_	8,581,347	8,578,632	7,797,725	780,907
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(232,317)	(525,696)	407,195	932,891
Other financing sources:	_		-		
Capital lease proceeds					_
Transfers in		246,029	76,957	42,444	(34,513)
Transfers out	_	(1,922,473)	(1,922,473)	(1,781,666)	140,807
Total other financing					
uses	_	(1,676,444)	(1,845,516)	(1,739,222)	106,294
Net change in fund balance		(1,908,761)	(2,371,212)	(1,332,027)	1,039,185
Fund balances—beginning	_	3,230,236	3,230,236	3,230,236	
Fund balances—end	\$ _	1,321,475	859,024	1,898,209	1,039,185

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—WIC Program Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	518,778	626,365	573,950	(52,415)
Revenues from use of money—interest	_			367	367
Total revenues	_	518,778	626,365	574,317	(52,048)
Expenditures:					
Public health	_	726,368	833,955	556,219	277,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(207,590)	(207,590)	18,098	225,688
Other financing sources: Transfers out	_			(12,000)	(12,000)
Net change in fund balance		(207,590)	(207,590)	6,098	213,688
Fund balances—beginning	_				
Fund balances—end	\$ _	(207,590)	(207,590)	6,098	213,688

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Workforce Development Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$_	2,932,391	3,257,767	4,043,713	785,946
Expenditures: General government		3,777,786	4,086,645	4,043,713	42,932
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(845,395)	(828,878)		828,878
Fund balances—beginning	_				
Fund balances—end	\$ _	(845,395)	(828,878)		828,878

Budgetary Comparison Schedule—Road and Bridge Maintenance Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2006

		Original budget	Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget— positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes Interest	\$.	1,350,000 25,000	1,350,000 25,000	1,408,633 42,098	58,633 17,098
Total revenues		1,375,000	1,375,000	1,450,731	75,731
Expenditures:					
Public works		3,575,762	4,016,925	3,425,215	591,710
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(2,200,762)	(2,641,925)	(1,974,484)	667,441
Fund balances—beginning		2,503,586	2,503,586	2,503,586	
Fund balances—end	\$.	302,824	(138,339)	529,102	667,441

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Debt Service Funds

Jordan Valley Park PBC—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the Public Building Corporation bonds issued on behalf of the Jordon Valley Park and the Springfield Recreational Ice Project. The Park will be owned by the City and operated by its Park Board.

Highway Transportation Issue—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the bonds used for street and intersection improvements.

LEST Radios—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the certificates of participation issued for the 800 Megahertz Trunked Radio System Project.

General Obligation Issues—This fund accounts for the debt service and refunding transactions on an \$18,740,000 bond issue, which provided for the refunding of a majority of the City's general obligation and special assessment debt in fiscal year 1994. This fund also accounts for \$10,300,000 in 1995 general obligation bonds issued for the construction of two fire stations, improvements to the fairgrounds grandstand, and storm water improvements. In addition, the fund accounts for the nonrefunded portion of the City's 1987 and 1989 special assessment bond issues and 1985 Storm Sewer Issue. Debt service on these issues is funded by general property taxes and transfers from the Sanitary Sewerage System and Special Assessment Issues Funds.

Special Assessment Issues—This fund accounts for the combined activity in the various special assessment districts established from the City's 1980, 1987, and 1989 special assessment bond issues, as well as for the City's neighborhood improvement districts. Proceeds from debt issuances are used to construct sanitary sewer districts and neighborhood improvement projects, with the cost of these improvements billed to the benefited property owners upon completion. Proceeds from these special tax bills are then used for debt service purposes.

Busch Building/ERP System—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the bond issues related to the Busch Building Issue and the certificates of participation issued for the ERP System Project. Debt service for the Busch Building Issue is funded by rental charges transferred from various City departments.

1992/1995 Parks Issue—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the Public Building Corporation bonds used for the Cooper Park Indoor Tennis Facility and park improvements at Cooper Park, Killian Park, and Dickerson Park Zoo. Debt service for this issue is funded by transfers from the Public Parks Fund.

2001 PIC West—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the certificates of participation issued for the Partnership Industrial Center West Project.

2001 Parks PBC—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the certificates of participation issued for the Springfield/Greene County Park Board Land Acquisition and Development Project.

SBD Loan Program—This debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on loans that provide funding for small business developments in the community.

CITY OF SPRINGPIELD, MISSOURI
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
June 30, 2006

Accete	Jordan Valley Park	Highway	LEST	General Obligation	Special	Busch Building/	1992/1995/2005 Parks		2001 Parks	SBD	
Assets	Light	Iransportation	Kadios	rsnes	Assessments	ERP System	Issue		PBC	Program	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,210	2,277,581	114,431	9,470,375	4,805,875	124,071	14,469	ı	34.430		16 906 442
Cross of processing and the contract of the co	786'/	ı	1	40,394	57,627	1,146	75		1	I	107,224
¥	1	ł	1	ł	4,631,221	1	1		İ	١	4 631 221

	ı	ł	ı	6.303.513	1	١	1				0.1
	1			273,102	ı	j		1 1	łi	1	6,505,513
	ı	ı	1	6,576,615	l						201,012
Less allowance for uncollectible amounts	1	1	1	(26,072)	I	ı	ļ	١	1	1	0,576,013
Net property taxes receivable	i	1	1	6,550,543			1				(20,012)
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	6,801,086	1	1,185,580	6,302,347	1 3	638,808	219,870	420,523	216	538,201	16,106,631
	710,4				64,689					1	109,301
	\$ 6,918,890	2,277,581	1,300,011	22,363,659	9,559,412	764,025	234,414	420,523	34,646	538.201	44.411.362
Liabilities											
	\$ 60,364	46,912	15	I	402	1	1	I	I	1	107.678
	062,11		0,010	6,102,786	4.631.221	1,252	۰ ا ۳		12,044	1,188	38,333
Total liabilities	77,594	46,912	6,610	6.102.786	4.631.627	1 252	V		25044	1 188	10,724,007
Fund Balance									15,044	1,100	10,000,018
	9801089	1	1,185,580	6,302,347	ı	638.808	219.870	420 523	316	238 201	16 106 621
	40,210	2,230,669	107,821	9,958,526	4,927,785	123,965	14,539		22,386	(1.188)	17.424.713
Total fund balance	6,841,296	2,230,669	1,293,401	16,260,873	4,927,785	762,773	234,409	420.523	22.602	537.013	33 531 344
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 6,918,890	2,277,581	1,300,011	22,363,659	9,559,412	764.025	234.414	420 523	34 646	538 201	44 411 363

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
Year ended June 30, 2006

Total	6,536,817 1,052,420 2,331,634 876,505	10.797.466	16,631,779	26.732.523	(15.935.057)	1,057,914	(93,406) 10,954,949 (1,815,495)	10,103,962	(5,831,095)	39,362,439	33,531,344
SBD Loan Program			225,000	404,197	(404.197)		387,463	387,463	(16,734)	553,747	537,013
2001 Parks PBC			3,895,000	4,232,439	(4.232,439)		4,187,493	4,187,493	(44,946)	67,548	22,602
2001 PIC West	17,353	17.353	465,000	616,861	(599,508)	-	324,173	324,173	(275,335)	695,858	420,523
1992/1995/2005 Parks Issues	13,682	13,682	459,640 182,401	642,041	(628,359)	300,000	(27,259) 591,616 (8,592)	855,765	227,406	7,003	234,409
Busch Building/ ERP System	10,628	10,628	950,000 246,457	1,196,457	(1,185,829)	ı	1,206,424	1,206,424	20,595	742,178	762,773
Special Assessments	210,456 2,331,634	2,542,090	560,000 434,375	994,375	1,547,715	52,914	46,775	689'66	1,647,404	3,280,381	4,927,785
General Obligation Issues	6,536,817	6,930,181	2,850,977 3,965,201	6,816,178	114,003	000,507	(96,147) 3,185 (325,436)	316,602	430,605	15,830,268	16,260,873
LEST Radios	11,966	11,966	1,050,884 613,088	1,663,972	(1,652,006)		1,764,781	1,764,781	112,775	1,180,626	1,293,401
Highway Transportation	165,070	165,070	5,405,278 425,228	5,830,506	(5,665,436)	1	(235,226)	(235,226)	(5,900,662)	8,131,331	2,230,669
Jordan Valley Park PBC	229,901	1,106,496	770,000 3,565,497	4,335,497	(3,229,001)	I	2,443,039 (1,246,241)	1,196,798	(2,032,203)	8,873,499	6,841,296
	Revenues: Propertytaxes Interest Special assessments Other	Total revenues	Expenditures: Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of debt Rond memium (discount)	Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balance	Fund balance, beginning of year	Fund balance, end of year

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Projects Funds

Transportation Sales Tax—This fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's one-eighth cent transportation sales tax, which was approved by voters in November 1996 and took effect April 1, 1997. Proceeds are dedicated to construction of improvements to state highways located within the City of Springfield under the authority of the State Highway Improvement Corporation. Through voter approval, this four-year tax was renewed on April 1, 2001, and the proceeds for highway improvements are disbursed at the discretion of the City and are not under the authority of the Corporation.

Public Parks Improvement—This fund accounts for construction of an indoor tennis facility at Cooper Park and a large park area in central Springfield. Also included in this fund are construction costs for several greenway trails and linear park projects in the southwestern part of the City. The Cooper Tennis Facility is funded by donations from both the Cooper family and other private citizens, contributions by the City, and proceeds of a \$1,265,000 bond issue. The greenway trails are funded by proceeds from the sale of City-owned property, designated by City Council for use in completion of this project, and by federal grants and other City matching contributions.

Public Works Improvement—This fund accounts for various public works improvement projects constructed from various federal and state grants and other revenues. This fund also accounts for the City's joint venture expenditures related to the development of an industrial park.

Capital Improvements Sales Tax—This fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's one-quarter cent capital improvements sales tax, which was initially approved by voters in August 1989, and first went into effect October 1, 1989. Voters approved three-year extensions of this sales tax in 1992, 1995, 1998, and 2001. The tax will expire September 30, 2004 unless extended for an additional three years by popular vote. Proceeds are used to construct various capital improvement projects throughout the City.

Community Improvement Projects—This fund accounts for the City's developer agreements and other improvements. Under terms of these developer agreements, up to 50% of the incremental increases, if any, in one-cent general sales tax revenues generated by businesses developed in specified areas are utilized to reimburse the cost of necessary public improvements made and paid for by developers.

Property Tax Projects—This fund accounts for the City's capital improvement projects funded by property tax revenues.

Sanitary and Storm Sewer Projects—This fund accounts for the City's sanitary and storm sewer construction projects. Funding for these projects come from the proceeds of four \$3 million special assessment bond issues.

Miscellaneous Capital Projects—These funds account for the City's LEST Radios Bond Issue 2000 and 2004 and the proceeds of the capital leases. Construction of an 800 Megahertz Trunked Radio System to provide improved law enforcement and public safety communications that will allow for encryption of messages and facilitate in-building coverage. This project is a combined effort between the City of Springfield, City Utilities, and Greene County. The capital lease proceeds are used to finance various equipment purchases and capital improvement projects.

Tourism Tax Community Improvement—This fund accounts for the proceeds of the tourism (hotel/motel) tax approved by the citizens of Springfield on February 3, 1998, which are to be used to finance community improvements for a Civic Park, the American National Fish and Wildlife Living Museum and Aquarium, a Recreational Ice Complex, Dickerson Park Zoo, and not-for-profit local attractions such as Discovery Center and Gillioz and Landers Theaters.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2006

ıts	ble			onte.
sh equivalents	erest receivable	ceivable	her funds	her governments

Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments

49,326,099 291,113 2,871,642 30,000 4,572,746

8,605

377,289

Tourism Tax Community Improvement

Miscellaneous Capital Projects

Sanitary and Storm Sewer Projects 5,989,656 17,543

Property Tax Projects

Conumnity Improvement Projects

Capital Improvement Sales

Public Works Improvement

Public Parks Improvement

Transportation Sales Tax 10,027,410 66,435 431,998

Assets

Tax

5,465,866 6,848

415,479 4,128

17,018,546 116,816 1,048,438

10,409,142 79,343 902,790

2,976,074

57,091,600

8,605

407,289

6,007,199

5,472,714

3,395,681

18,183,800

1,633,591

1,531,069 102,522

> 65,603 11,456,878

> > \$ 10,525,843

3,047,094 2,642,459 932,748 272,607 2,198,784 3,452,306

931,533

983,443 1,852

579,226 158,094

12,826 90,272

__ 739,530 415,472 863,996

1,132,118 192,148 23,201 272,607

823,482

293,395

902,790

431,998 725,393

476,832

Liabilities Total assets

Accounts payable
Retainages payable
Due to other governments
Unearned revenue
Deferred revenue Due to other funds

Fund Balance Total liabilities

Total liabilities and fund balance Total fund balance Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved, undesignated

3,452,306	12,545,998	12,789,583	44,545,602	57,091,600
1	1,177,242	314,563	(1,168,637)	8,605
476,832	1,462,127	1,600	(1,054,838)	407,289
**	737,320	2,450,616	5,269,879	6,007,199
	103,098	797,930	5,369,616	5,472,714
2,975,474	2,975,474	19,400	420,207	3,395,681
	2,018,998	7,855,443 8,309,359	16,164,802	18,183,800
	1,620,074	13,517	13,517	1,633,591
	1,726,272	1,350,031	9,730,606	11,456,878
	725,393	9,800,450	9,800,450	\$ 10,525,843

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Year ended June 30, 2006

	Transportation	Public Parks	Public Works	Capital Improvement	Community Improvement	Property Tax	Sanitary and Storm Sewer	Miscellaneous Capital	Tourism Tax Community	
	Sales Tax	Improvement	Improvement	Sales Tax	Projects	Projects	Projects	Projects	Improvement	Total
	\$ 4,734,592	9,975,740	1	9,469,590	l	I	ļ	1	58189	27F 138 1C
	1	ļ	I	1	145,770	ļ	I]	158 107	27,100,42
	135,360	376,644	ı	383,819	19,650	295,326	195,782	29,531	84.647	1.520.759
	1	302,215	898,627	i	009	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1.201.442
		2,124,417	208,858		278,651	120,205	13,350	16,688	1,278,886	4,041,055
Total revenues	4,869,952	12,779,016	1,107,485	9,853,409	444,671	415,531	209,132	46.219	2.203.493	31 928 908
	965,851	I	2,325,645	9,628,018	l	2,433,501	3,101,638	1	I	18.454.653
	!	1	1	ŀ	ı	442,304	1,475,189	ı	1	1.917.493
***	1	10,295,006	I	305,729	1,500,165	1,297,450	I	2,200	2,081,844	15,482,394
transmig and developinem	l	I	ı	588,876	-	I	1	ı	7.437	596 313
		3,333		97,383	1,453	686	44,093	1,881	1,470	150,596
Total expenditures	965,851	10,298,339	2,325,645	10,620,006	1,501,618	4,174,238	4,620,920	4.081	2.090.751	36.601 449
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2 004 101	200 000								
	101,406,0	7,490,01/	(1,218,160)	(766,597)	(1,056,947)	(3,758,707)	(4,411,788)	42,138	112,742	(4,672,541)
Other financing sources (uses):		;								
	t	2,500,000	ı	2,000,000	I	1	3,947,086	1	ı	11.447.086
	1	1	l	ļ	1	ı	12.252	ļ	ı	12.252
	235,226	99,132	1,618,054	114,261	482,000	49,513	40,527	405,000	368,863	3,412,576
		(5,047,105)	(102,522)	(481,305)	1	-	(4,575)	(46,775)	(826,793)	(6,509,135)
Total other financing sources (uses)	235,226	(2,448,033)	1,515,532	4,632,956	482,000	49,513	3,995,290	358,225	(457.930)	8.362.779
Net change in fund balance	4,139,327	32,644	297,372	3,866,359	(574,947)	(3,709,194)	(416,498)	400,363	(345,188)	3.690.238
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,661,123	9,697,962	(283,855)	12,298,443	995,154	9,078,810	5,686,377	(1.455,201)	(823,449)	40.855.364
	\$ 9,800,450	9,730,606	13,517	16,164,802	420,207	5,369,616	5.269.879	(1.054.838)	(1.168.637)	44 545 602

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Permanent Funds

Perpetual Care—The Perpetual Care Fund was established to account for the activities of maintaining the City-owned cemetery.

Art Museum—This fund accounts for donations and gifts from third parties whose contributions are designated for the art museum and any moneys or other property transferred to the City by the Springfield Art Museum board of directors.

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Permanent Funds
June 30, 2006

Assets	_	Perpetual Care	Art Museum	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$	1,027,961 8,004		1,027,961 8,004
Total assets	\$_	1,035,965		1,035,965
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$_			
Total liabilities	_			
Fund Balance				
Restricted – nonexpendable Unreserved, undesignated	_	964,003 71,962		964,003 71,962
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ _	1,035,965		1,035,965

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Permanent Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	<u></u>	Perpetual Care	Art Museum	Total
Revenues:				
Interest	\$	31,039	29,559	60,598
Perpetual care		46,193		46,193
Contributions	****		277,748	277,748
Total revenues	_	77,232	307,307	384,539
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Parks and recreation	-		1,000	1,000
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures		77,232	306,307	383,539
Other financing uses – transfer out			(977,321)	(977,321)
Net change in fund balance		77,232	(671,014)	(593,782)
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	958,733	671,014	1,629,747
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,035,965		1,035,965

Internal Service Funds

Service Center—This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central garage. Revenues are generated almost exclusively from billings to other City departments.

Print Shop—This fund accounts for the operations of the City's print shop. Revenues are generated almost exclusively from billings to other City departments.

Self-Insurance—The Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the City's employee medical and workers' compensation insurance programs. All contributions, both City and employee, are held by this fund to pay medical expenses of the participants, as well as medical and indemnity claims related to workers' compensation.

Combining Statement of Net Assets
Internal Service Funds
June 30, 2006

Assets	_	Service Center	Print Shop	Self- Insurance	Total
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Inventories Accounts receivable	\$	200,469 284,290	36,727 —		200,469 321,017
Accrued interest receivable	_	1,629		27,513	29,142
Total current assets		486,388	36,727	27,513	550,628
Capital assets: Land Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment		23,614 1,058,097 314,086 244,936			23,614 1,058,097 314,086 285,597
		1,640,733	40,661	_	1,681,394
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(1,017,326)	(25,586)		(1,042,912)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		623,407	15,075		638,482
Total assets	_	1,109,795	51,802	27,513	1,189,110
Liabilities					
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences and other		220,252	3,195	81,029	304,476
accrued costs Due to other funds Estimated liability for incurred		25,198 30,000	2,876 264,191	6,343 45,412	34,417 339,603
but unreported claims	_			4,083,000	4,083,000
Total current liabilities	_	275,450	270,262	4,215,784	4,761,496
Long-term debt, less current maturities: Accrued compensated absences		68,733	24,862	52,602	146,197
Total liabilities	_	344,183	295,124	4,268,386	4,907,693
Net Assets					
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		623,407 142,205	(243,322)	<u> </u>	623,407 (4,341,990)
Total net assets	\$_	765,612	(243,322)	(4,240,873)	(3,718,583)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Internal Service Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	_	Service Center	Print Shop	Self- Insurance	Total
Operating revenues: Billings to departments Contributions—City Contributions—employees Miscellaneous income	\$	3,132,912 — — 4,815	212,614 — — — 18,171	1,223,279 6,511,680 3,444,805	4,568,805 6,511,680 3,444,805 22,986
Total operating revenues	_	3,137,727	230,785	11,179,764	14,548,276
Operating expenses: Cost of materials used: Beginning inventory Net purchases		253,433 1,830,527	30,924 69,168	_	284,357 1,899,695
		2,083,960	100,092		2,184,052
Ending inventory		(284,290)	(36,727)		(321,017)
Total cost of materials used		1,799,670	63,365		1,863,035
Other operating expenses: Personal services Charges for services Rent Depreciation		1,059,405 283,814 — 72,659	112,852 57,409 23,424 3,015	292,981 12,418,716 —	1,465,238 12,759,939 23,424 75,674
Total other operating expenses	_	1,415,878	196,700	12,711,697	14,324,275
Total operating expenses	_	3,215,548	260,065	12,711,697	16,187,310
Operating loss		(77,821)	(29,280)	(1,531,933)	(1,639,034)
Nonoperating revenues: Other	_	5,468		7,264	12,732
Change in net assets	_	(72,353)	(29,280)	(1,524,669)	(1,626,302)
Total net assets—beginning		837,965	(214,042)	(2,716,204)	(2,092,281)
Total net assets—ending	\$_	765,612	(243,322)	(4,240,873)	(3,718,583)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
Year ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities:	Service Center	Print Shop	Self- Insurance	Total
Cash received from users \$ Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	3,137,727 (2,110,692) (1,070,175)	230,785 (152,448) (111,208)	11,179,764 (11,632,721) (290,781)	14,548,276 (13,895,861) (1,472,164)
Net cash used in operating activities	(43,140)	(32,871)	(743,738)	(819,749)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	(30,000)	264,191 	45,412	309,603 (30,000)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	(30,000)	264,191	45,412	279,603
Cash flows used in capital and related financing activities: Additions to capital assets		(18,090)	_	(18,090)
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest received	5,791		2,785	8,576
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(67,349)	213,230	(695,541)	(549,660)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	267,818	(213,230)	695,541	750,129
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	200,469			200,469
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net Cash used in operating activities: Operating loss	(77,821)	(29,280)	(1,531,933)	(1,639,034)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Decrease in:	72,659	3,015		75,674
Inventories Increase (decrease) in:	(30,857)	(5,803)		(36,660)
Accounts payable Estimated liability for incurred but unreported claims Accrued compensated absences	3,649 — (10,770)	(2,447) — 1,644	19,995 766,000	21,197 766,000
Total adjustments	34,681		2,200	(6,926)
Net cash used in operating activities \$	(43,140)	(3,591) (32,871)	<u>788,195</u> (743,738)	819,285
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(15,210)	(32,071)	(143,130)	(819,749)

Agency Funds

Cooper Tennis Trust—This agency fund accounts for the assets and liabilities of the Cooper Tennis Trust Fund, which provides for the maintenance of Cooper Park.

Municipal Court Bond—This agency fund was created to account for cash bonds received at the Municipal Court.

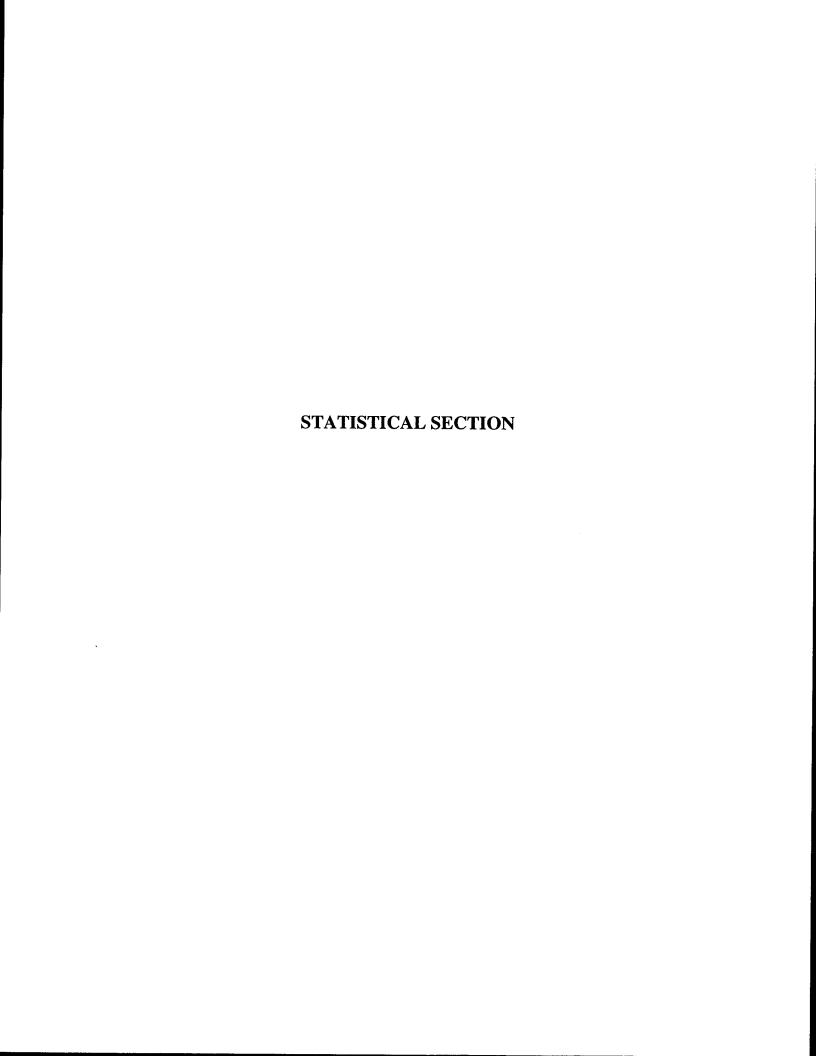
Revolving Payroll Fund—This agency fund accounts for the liability transactions of the City's payroll system.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

Cooper Tennis Trust		June 30, 2005	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2006
Assets:		-			
Cash and short-term investments	\$	583,947	38,548	229,121	393,374
Accounts receivable		124,950			124,950
Accrued interest receivable	_	3,869	19,079	18,068	4,880
	\$_	712,766	57,627	247,189	523,204
Liabilities:					
Escrows payable	\$_	712,766	57,627	247,189	523,204
Municipal Court Bond	_				
Assets:					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ _	82,074	175,771	229,363	28,482
Liabilities:					
Municipal court bond deposits	\$_	82,074	175,771	229,363	28,482
Revolving Payroll	_				
Assets:					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ _	2,788,481	57,458,610	57,185,330	3,061,761
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$_	2,788,481	57,458,610	57,185,330	3,061,761
Total	_				
Assets					
Cash and short-term investments	\$	3,454,502	57,672,929	57,643,814	3,483,617
Accounts receivable		124,950	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		124,950
Accrued interest receivable		3,869	19,079	18,068	4,880
Total assets	\$_	3,583,321	57,692,008	57,661,882	3,613,447
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	2,788,481	57,458,610	57,185,330	3,061,761
Escrows payable		712,766	57,627	247,189	523,204
Municipal court bond deposits		82,074	175,771	229,363	28,482
Total liabilities	\$ _	3,583,321	57,692,008	57,661,882	3,613,447



Net Assets by Component

Last Five Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	ı			Fiscal year		
	ļ	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	∜)	49,803,776 7,099,381 94,380,086	76,272,303 6,919,598 86,147,008	76,998,893 2,036,041 94,365,451	86,131,536 1,951,935 104,090,927	164,639,133 17,070,634 106,730,542
Total governmental activities net assets	⇔	151,283,243	169,338,909	173,400,385	192,174,398	288,440,309
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	∨	188,496,203 46,342,106 23,428,717	170,110,301 72,399,024 32,043,192	201,177,024 69,439,483 23,267,800	210,991,194 68,224,833 30,597,545	227,393,436 60,565,783 28,509,364
Total business-type activities net assets	∨>	258,267,026	274,552,517	293,884,307	309,813,572	316,468,583
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	∨	238,299,979 53,441,487 117,808,803	246,382,604 79,318,622 118,190,200	278,175,917 71,475,524 117,633,251	297,122,730 70,176,768 134,688,472	392,032,569 77,636,417 135,239,906
Total primary government net assets	∨	409,550,269	443,891,426	467,284,692	501,987,970	604,908,892

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Changes in Net Assets
Last Five Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal year		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Expenses:					
Governmental activities:					
Public works \$	17,632,822	14,816,445	24,128,752	24,009,499	37,050,496
Public safety	46,642,300	47,943,872	51,277,147	55,760,655	52,175,803
Parks and recreation	13,195,378	21,667,728	17,903,553	23,094,617	27,533,355
Planning and development	3,960,801	6,202,362	7,719,508	7,416,310	8,415,927
Public health	7,019,196	8,175,010	9,656,142	7,989,157	8,166,374
General government	15,438,654	16,262,936	29,690,978	19,810,593	11,551,473
Interest on long-term debt	6,091,779	7,418,153	8,361,439	9,398,355	9,937,801
Total governmental activities					
expenses	109,980,930	122,486,506	148,737,519	147,479,186	154,831,229
•	107,700,730	122,400,500	140,737,317	147,477,100	134,031,229
Business-type activities:					
Airport	10,743,883	11,130,492	12,080,189	13,729,355	14,451,683
Sanitary sewerage system	23,014,259	19,541,852	21,289,054	22,730,934	23,172,598
Refuse disposal	4,281,482	3,427,636	3,449,633	4,098,788	3,921,758
Golf	2,799,059	2,728,424	3,218,461	3,134,021	3,149,073
Total business-types					
activities expenses	40,838,683	36,828,404	40,037,337	43,693,098	44,695,112
Total primary assermment					
Total primary government expenses \$	150,819,613	159,314,910	100 774 056	101 172 204	100 526 241
expenses \$	130,619,013	139,314,910	188,774,856	191,172,284	199,526,341
Program revenues (see schedule 3):					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Public works \$	367,786	841,358	697,477	530,291	277,280
Public safety	477,403	1,536,421	3,058,297	3,177,231	3,983,268
Parks and recreation	3,071,569	3,237,912	3,822,913	3,871,740	3,976,469
Planning and development	_	_	_		· · · · ·
Public health	578,986	549,004	454,628	1,070,553	933,014
General government	2,048,581	961,727	533,779		7,678,909
Interest on long-term debt	_	_		_	· · · · · —
Operating grants and contributions	12,879,224	17,975,306	15,771,071	19,726,506	18,430,104
Capital grants and contributions	1,710,649	1,574,690	1,574,624	3,434,202	352,258
Total governmental activities					
program revenues	21,134,198	26,676,418	25,912,789	31,810,523	35,631,302
				31,010,323	
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:	5 (OF 0 T	0.000			
Airport	7,607,357	8,820,906	9,053,125	11,047,454	12,654,174
Sanitary sewerage system	20,152,667	20,519,722	20,472,702	20,741,080	20,555,838
Refuse disposal	3,410,861	3,540,307	3,397,145	2,868,621	3,077,639
Golf	3,123,203	3,122,299	3,100,195	3,077,923	3,033,107
Operating grants and contributions		-		76,253	5,107
Capital grants and contributions	20,100,934	10,872,558	17,484,269	16,359,032	7,706,384
Total business-type activities					
program revenues	54,395,022	46,875,792	53,507,436	54,170,363	47,032,249
· •		-,,		,,	,,
Total primary government	75 500 000	72 552 212	70.400.005	05 000 006	00.660.551
program revenues \$	75,529,220	73,552,210	79,420,225	85,980,886	82,663,551

Changes in Net Assets
Last Five Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	_			Fiscal year		
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Net (expense) revenue:			•			
Governmental activities	\$	(88,846,732)	(95,810,088)	(122,824,730)	(115,668,663)	(119,199,927)
Business-type activities		13,556,339	10,047,388	13,470,099	10,477,265	2,337,137
Total primary government expenses	\$_	(75,290,393)	(85,762,700)	(109,354,631)	(105,191,398)	(116,862,790)
General revenues and other changes						
in net assets:						
Governmental activities:						
Taxes:	æ	0.200.700	14 100 500	00 (14 (00	10.005.464	10.464.704
Property taxes Sales and use taxes	\$	8,388,780	14,192,502	22,614,692	18,897,464	18,464,584
Franchise taxes		68,821,730 3,108,265	71,201,498	76,427,670	81,612,470	86,381,607
Room taxes		1,054,809	3,152,357 1,089,211	3,183,021	3,095,096	3,190,339
Unrestricted grants and contributions		1,034,009	1,009,211	1,421,001	3,058,211	3,215,623
Payments in lieu of taxes		_		_	_	12,071,385
Investment earnings			-		_	12,0/1,363
Revenues from use of money and property		4.238.274	2.941.918	1,586,940	3,108,056	3,589,052
Other revenue		17,874,139	20,231,780	20,463,677	23,615,618	13,569,544
Transfers		1,000,176	1,056,488	1,189,205	1,055,761	1,044,270
Total concernants assisted assistant	-					
Total governmental activities expenses	-	104,486,173	113,865,754	126,886,206	134,442,676	141,526,404
Business-type activities:						
Revenues from use of money and property		4,445,609	4,429,595	2,785,122	3,939,945	4,175,718
Other revenue		4,152,740	2,864,996	4,265,774	2,567,816	1,186,426
Transfers	_	(1,000,176)	(1,056,488)	(1,189,205)	(1,055,761)	(1,044,270)
Total business-types activities expenses	_	7,598,173	6,238,103	5,861,691	5,452,000	4,317,874
Total primary government expenses	\$_	112,084,346	120,103,857	132,747,897	139,894,676	145,844,278
Changes in net assets:	_					
Governmental activities	\$	15,639,441	18,055,666	4,061,476	18,774.013	22,326,477
Business-type activities	~	21,154,512	16,285,491	19,331,790	15,929,265	6,655,011
Total primary government	٠	36,793,953	34,341,157			
rotat primary government	Φ =	30,173,733	34,341,137	23,393,266	34,703,278	28,981,488

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Changes in Net Assets

Last Five Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Program revenues		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for corvices:					
Public works	\$ 367.786	841.358	697.477	530 291	086 776
Public safety	477,403	1,536,421	3.058,297	3.177.231	3.983.268
Parks and recreation	3,071,569	3,237,912	3,822,913	3,871,740	3.976.469
Planning and development	-				
Public health	278,986	549,004	454.628	1.070.553	933.014
General government	2,048,581	961,727	533,779		7.678.909
Interest on long-term debt	1			ļ	
Operating grants and contributions	12,879,224	17,975,306	15,771,071	19.726.506	18.430.104
Capital grants and contributions	1,710,649	1,574,690	1,574,624	3,434,202	352,258
Total governmental activities program revenues	21,134,198	26,676,418	25,912,789	31,810,523	35,631,302
Business-type activities: Charges for services:					
Airport	7,607,357	8,820,906	9,053,125	11,047,454	12.654.174
Sanitary sewerage system	20,152,667	20,519,722	20,472,702	20,741,080	20,555,838
Refuse disposal	3,410,861	3,540,307	3,397,145	2,868,621	3,077,639
Golf	3,123,203	3,122,299	3,100,195	3,077,923	3,033,107
Operating grants and contributions	1		ļ	76,253	5.107
Capital grants and contributions	20,100,934	10,872,558	17,484,269	16,359,032	7,706,384
Total business-type activities program revenues	54,395,022	46,875,792	53,507,436	54,170,363	47,032,249
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 75,529,220	73,552,210	79,420,225	85,980,886	82,663,551

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	FUVC	2006	2000
General fund:								1007	2007	7000
Reserved Unreserved	\$ 4,899,319 10,716,374	2,968,923	2,220,269	2,056,827	2,001,405	1,455,511	1,267,248	1,248,392	1,290,886	1,252,700
Total general fund	\$ 15,615,693	15,454,721	13,104,397	13,921,365	14,826,029	12,827,237	10,263,595	9,066,557	9.230.075	12,600,636
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved	\$ 16,813,463	21,667,322	26,548,670	47,780,761	61,453,270	18,502,104	34,882,464	24,666,895	23,801,620	32,244,961
Special revenue funds	5,205,923	4,531,901	7,014,903	10,960,657	15,533,376	14,705,047	15,087,520	13.312.377	14.314.779	16 531 043
ebt service funds	1 ;	1	1	I	1	27,722,803	30,164,887	36,353,617	37,410,504	17.424.713
apital projects runds	(1,415,179)	2,911,325	619'269'6	29,144,717	18,963,131	44,279,088	29,525,151	38,463,732	25,768,809	31,756,019
ermanent nunds			I	1	I	1,501,323	1,522,614	1,554,000	1,629,747	71.962
Total all other										
governmental funds \$ 20,604,207	\$ 20,604,207	29,110,548	43,261,192	87,886,135	95,949,777	106,710,365	111,182,636	114,350,621	102,925,459	98,028,698

Note: The City began to reporting the permanent funds separately when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

7000	107,065,863 3,421,680 18,782,362 9,170,031 1,925,595 2,331,634 3,589,052 12,071,385	10,138,029	21,550,644 48,056,652 15,123,942 7,772,186 7,985,907 18,803,721	16,631,779 10,100,744 37,464,372	(14.994.316)	12,505,000 (81,154) (81,154) ————————————————————————————————————	13,468,116	(1,526,200)
2000	100,238,445 3,144,633 23,160,702 8,649,815 1,981,547 1,507,152 3,108,056 9,847,279	7,129,008	14,926,330 50,164,194 14,351,498 7,375,018 7,971,289 18,788,712	10,207,174 8,968,007 43,039,434	(610,999,019)	3,966,614 ————————————————————————————————————	5,737,375	(11,261,644)
7007	95,844,688 2,902,802 17,345,695 8,567,094 1,642,881 1,040,524 1,573,281 9,059,192	5,831,837	15,120,597 50,453,379 13,183,989 5,942,209 7,402,309 17,086,545	10,544,861 10,334,185 54,874,061	(41,134,041)	39,867,936 12,230,470 820,000 (11,002,623) 19,136,975	43,104,988	1,970,947
2000	89,863,046 2,824,732 19,549,996 7,126,422 1,364,153 594,082 2,941,918 8,727,089	3,486,984	16,396,222 47,300,713 11,996,668 7,388,989 6,876,349 15,505,188	9,795,360 9,822,192 57,123,843	(43,727,102)	43,299,240 5,470,000 — (4,190,000) 20,993,622 (19,93,621)	45,635,731	1,908,629
Fiscal year	81,338,114 2,754,099 14,589,873 6,544,325 1,133,461 4,238,274 8,140,047	123,856,518	14,802,555 44,464,942 12,421,032 5,670,462 6,833,058 14,733,507	6,348,582 6,367,713 38,070,017	(25,875,350)	26,416,888	32,719,328	6,843,978
Fisca	73,299,923 2,756,672 19,970,336 5,649,820 1,086,772 130,065 7,461,762 13,123,713	123,459,063	10,918,932 39,178,966 5,933,649 9,128,588 5,666,864 22,036,458	5,015,122 5,505,991 31,039,450 134,424,020	(10,964,957)	18,890,000	19,829,314	8,864,357
2000	70,648,017 2,771,508 2,1188,039 5,286,365 1,412,994 431,106 5,634,036 9,525,331	116,897,416	7,906,713 35,236,040 4,281,891 9,335,281 5,585,551 21,480,828	4,736,175 4,775,415 29,019,860 122,357,754	(5,460,338)	50,269,467	50,946,090	45,485,752
1999	67,465,088 2,608,302 18,638,455 5,487,845 1,675,084 72,788 3,246,817 9,275,794	108,490,173	9,300,141 33,223,554 4,526,677 8,859,412 5,423,398 23,454,823	4,750,000 2,072,314 15,014,589 106,624,908	1,865,265	8,500,000	9,066,375	10,931,040
1998	58,168,486 2,421,965 18,278,275 4,858,508 1,508,324 231,698 2,542,079 11,042,951	99,052,286	7,722,489 31,220,099 5,617,757 9,948,524 5,443,397 16,507,319	3,944,550 1,366,549 15,049,546 96,820,230	2,232,056	5,000,000 — — — — 9,770,163 (8,970,370)	5,799,795	6.5%
1997	\$ 49,189,223 2,365,250 19,587,089 4,832,802 1,179,534 225,286 2,776,216 8,789,516	88,944,916	7,438,430 28,702,058 5,007,434 8,928,117 5,250,222 15,872,697	4,207,318 1,630,572 20,674,407 97,711,255	(8,766,339)	6,365,000 	1,106,434	
	Revenues: Taxes (see schedule 6) Licenses and permits Integovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Special assessments Revenues from use of money and property Payments in lieu of taxes Other	Total revenues	Expenditures: Public sworks Public safery Parks and recreation Planning and development Public health General government Debt service:	Principal Interest and other charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Bond proceeds Bond premium (discount) Issuance of refunding bonds Loan proceeds Capital lease proceeds Payment to escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses) Net changes in find behaves	

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal year	Sales	Use (b)	Property	Franchise	Cigarette	Room	Total
↔	27,728,533	876,157	9,044,937	3,010,440	940.374	864.834	42.465.275
	29,732,969	2,518,931	966,096,6	3,152,851	1.042,138	908,610	47,316,495
	36,407,724	2,833,514	10,271,487	3,454,034	1.014,167	1.009,784	54,990,710
	37,910,535	3,244,752	10,967,544	3,505,405	993,892	1.057.762	57,679,890
	43,742,582	3,033,181	11,306,303	3,129,014	982,400	1.261.432	63,454,912
	45,836,776	2,963,847	13,893,784	3,108,265	958,280	1.054.809	67.815.761
	52,813,994	1,513,175	12,836,723	3,152,357	940.611	1.089,211	72,346,071
	50,230,401	1,774,926	14,500,384	3,183,021	973,699	1,491,914	72,154,345
	52,150,223	2,048,961	15,457,530	3,095,096	970,337	3,133,413	76.855.560
2006	55,681,447	2,244,616	16,568,231	3,190,339	999,955	3,215,623	81,900,211
. 2006	100.8%	156.2%	83.2%	%0'9	6.3%	271.8%	92.9%

Notes:
(a) Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
(b) 1997 use tax revenues represent nine month collections. State of Missouri stopped collecting due to legal challenge.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands of dollars)

Taxable assessed value as a percentage of actual taxable value	0.250%	0.244	0.247	0.208	0.200	0.20	0.210	0.250	0.250	0.250
Estimated actual taxable value	5,431.673	6,066,138	6.291,215	7,787,095	8,136,223	8,906,141	9,145,332	8,023,128	8,882,190	9,036,367
Total direct	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.6000	0.5993	0.6086	0.6086
Total taxable assessed property	1,356,176	1,482,433	1,554,370	1,619,706	1,701,514	1,861,831	1,919,170	2,006,382	2,221,818	2,257,436
Personal property	278,917	284,303	289,442	325,992	361,982	395,092	412,182	426,330	456,127	446,981
Real	\$ 1,077,259	1,198,130	1,264,928	1,293,714	1,339,532	1,466,739	1,506,988	1,580,052	1,765,691	1,810,455
Fiscal year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

City direct rates

Fiscal year	Art Museum	Parks	Health	Combined debt service	Total direct rate
1997	\$ 0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
1998	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
1999	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
2000	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
2001	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
2002	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
2003	0.0400	0.1800	0.1100		0.6000
2004	0.0393	0.1800	0.1100		0.5993
2005	0.0383	0.1830	0.1248		0.6086
2006	0.0383	0.1830	0.1248		0.6086

					Overlapping rates			
Fiscal year	ı	Springfield R-12 School District	Greene County	Greene County Road and Bridge	Sheltered Workshop	Springfield- Greene Count Library	Vocational College District	State of Missouri
1997	' ∽	3.3200	0.0800	0.0800	0.0500	0.2100	0.0900	0.0300
1998		3.1700	0.0800	0.0800	0.0500	0.2000	0.0900	0.0300
1999		3.1800	0.0900	0.0900	0.0500	0.2100	0.1000	0.0300
2000		3.1800	0.1000	0.1000	0.0500	0.2100	0.1500	0.0300
2001		3.2701	0.0848	0.0848	0.0500	0.2100	0.1500	0.0300
2002		3.2006	0.1072	0.1072	0.0487	0.2045	0.1458	0.0300
2003		3.2192	0.1050	0.1050	0.0488	0.2547	0.1458	0.0300
2004		3.2235	0.1120	0.1120	0.0488	0.2547	0.1458	0.0300
2005		3.2235	0.1010	0.1010	0.0488	0.2547	0.1458	0.0300
2006		3.3330	0.1099	0.1099	0.0470	0.2455	0.1406	0.0300

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	2006	2005	50	2004	4	20	2003	20	2002
		Percentage of total		Percentage of total		Percentage of total		Percentage of total		Percentage of total
E	Taxable assessed	city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	city taxable assessed
I axpayer	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value
Hermel, Inc	\$ 10,279,100	0.46% \$	10,279,100	0.46% \$	10,116,380	0.50% \$	10.014.050	0.52% \$	10.014.050	0.54%
Jones, Jerral W Etal	9,661,860	0.43	6,186,640	0.28	5,758,890		6,189,830			0.33
Lester E Cox Medical Center	9,489,350	0.42	6,694,980	0.30	6,534,440	0.33	6,534,440	0.34	6,534,440	0.35
St Johns Health Systems	9,147,840	0.41	12,933,510	0.58	12,162,730	0.61	12,162,730	0.63	11.162.730	090
Kimco Springfield	6,983,680	0.31	3,614,430	0.16	3,547,200	0.18	3,547,200	0.18	3,547,200	0.19
Gnzzly Ind. Inc	5,465,570	0.24	5,499,500	0.25	3,141,060	0.16	2,871,940	0.15	5,277,760	0.28
Bass Pro Inc.	5,356,080	0.24	4,875,040	0.22	4,016,350	0.20	4,016,350	0.21	. 1	1
remeil-Duncan building Co. LLC	5,241,020	0.23	5,532,580	0.25	5,532,580	0.28	5,532,580	0.29	5,532,580	0.30
Lowes Home Centers	5,195,930	0.23	5,303,800	0.24	5,347,400	0.27	2,913,190	0.15	2,913,190	0.16
midusulai Consundin Oloup	3,124,200	0.23	1 8	1 5	1	1	1	1	I	l
Mart IIIC. American Natl Property & Casualty	3,802,460	0.17	3,828,200	0.17	3,739,300	0.19	3,739,300	0.19	3,739,300	0.20
Wal-Mart – 2021 E Independence	3,713,030	0.17	0,440,090	71.0	3,740,090	0.19	3,746,690	0.20	3,746,690	0.20
Wal-Mart - 3315 S Campbell	3,607,040	0.16		 		1 1			l	l
The Greens at Springfield LP	3,367,980	0.15	3,367,980	0.15	3.425.090	0.17	3.268.700	0 17		
Kelly Greens LLC	3,050,270	0.14	3,050,270	0.14	2,759,120	0.14	2.627,340	0.14	2.627.340	0.14
Lorne Cook Company	2,742,750	0.12	ļ	ı	1				2	;
Wal-Mart – 2825 N Kansas Expressway	2,737,480	0.12	2,405,730	0.11	2,509,640	0.13	2,509,640	0.13	2,509,640	0.13
New Frince	2,726,970	0.12	1]	l	I	1	1	l	1
Associated Wholesale Grocers, Inc.	2,702,670	0.12	I	ı	1	I	ı	1	}	
Datuetield Flaza L.L.C	2,6/3,/60	0.12	ļ	1	i	!	1	l	I	ŀ
Dayton Hudson	2,396,420	0.11	1	ļ	1	ŀ	ı	1	2,373,990	0.13
Wal-ivialt - 5520 W Sunstille	2,246,590	0.10	1	1	1	I	ł	ı	ı	1
Montciair Limited Partnership	1,985,770	0.0 0.0	j		1	1	1	ı	Į	ı
Wal-Mart - 1023 F Kearney	1,844,000	0.08	1000	1 5	1 3	1 5		1 ;		1
CMF Inc.	000,420,1	0.00	3,713,030	0.17	2,500,610	0.12	2,718,150	0.14	2,718,150	0.15
Columbia/HCA Health Center			2,020,100	<u>†</u>	7,743,370	0. I 4	2,745,370	0.14	2,745,370	0.15
Dayco Products	i	1	l	ļ	i	1	l	l	I	ı
F.H & M.H. McJemon		1	!	ł	l	1		I	ļ	I
First Card Service Inc	:		97,761,3	5	1 2	1 8		1 5	1	1
John Morris, Et Al		I 1	3,124,200	0.23	2,124,200	0.70	5,496,700	0.29	5,496,700	0.30
Mid-america Dairvmen	1	ļ			l	I		ł	l	J
Simon Property Group LP	ļ	1	4.861.350	0.22	4 861 350	0 24	4 861 350	36.0	— — 1 861 350	ا بر
Sportsman Park Center	1			ļ I	200110011	5	777,170,1	3	الار,نايان -	0.20
	\$ 117,145,240	5.19% \$	94,045,190	4.23% \$	87,568,460	4.36% \$	85,495,550	4.45% \$	81,990,310	4.40%

Source: Greene County Assessor

(Continued)

	2001	01	20	2000	1999		19	1998	1997	76
	Taxable assessed	Percentage of total city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	Percentage of total city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	Percentage of total city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	Percentage of total city taxable assessed	Taxable assessed	Percentage of total city taxable assessed
Taxpayer	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value	value
Hermel, Inc	\$ 10,061,860	\$ %89.0		\$ %89.0	=	\$ %89.0	10,061,860	\$ %89.0	9,475,390	0.70%
Jones, Jerral W Etal	6,027,620	0.41	6,027,620	0.41	6,027,620	0.41	6,027,620	0.41	4,259,740	0.31
Lester E Cox Medical Center	6,399,360	0.43	6,399,360	0.43	6,399,360	0.43	6,399,360	0.43	7,301,150	0.54
St Johns Health Systems	9,252,740	0.62	9,252,740	0.62	9,252,740	0.62	9,252,740	0.62	9,252,740	99.0
Kimco Springfield	3,698,880	0.25	3,698,880	0.25	3,698,880	0.25	3,698,880	0.25	3,436,220	0.25
Grizzly Ind. Inc	ı	Ī	1	ı	I	ı	ļ	ı	1	1
Bass Pro Inc.	ı	ı	ł	1	1	1	i	ı	Ì	ı
Ferrell-Duncan Building Co. LLC	2,456,130	0.17	2,456,130	0.17	2,456,130	0.17	2,456,130	0.17	2,454,530	0.18
Lowes Home Centers	1	I	ļ	1	I	l	J	ł	I	
Industrial Consultant Group	j	ŀ	1	ì	1	I	ı	ı	l	ı
Kraft Inc.	3,041,250	0.21	3,041,250	0.21	3,041,250	0.21	3,041,250	0.21	2,910,820	0.21
American Natl Property & Casualty	3,697,890	0.25	3,697,890	0.25	3,697,890	0.25	3,697,890	0.25	3,697,890	0.27
Wal-Mart - 2021 E Independence	ı	ı	1	1	l	1	1	1	İ	1
Wal-Mart - 3315 S Campbell	I	f	ı	I	ļ	١	ŀ	ı	I	l
The Greens at Springfield LP	I	i	I	1	I		I	ı	1	i
Kelly Greens LLC	1		1	i	I	ı	1	i	I	I
Lorne Cook Company	l	I	1	1		1	I	ì	ļ	ł
Wal-Mart – 2825 N Kansas Expressway	2,965,220	0.20	2,965,220	0.20	2,965,220	0.20	2,965,220	0.20	2,965,220	0.22
New Prime	l	İ	I	ı	ŀ	1	Ì	l	1	1
Associated Wholesale Grocers, Inc.	2,240,000	0.15	2,240,000	0.15	2,240,000	0.15	2,240,000	0.15	2,240,000	0.17
Battlefield Plaza LLC	1	ļ	l	i	İ	ı	I	l	l	1
Dayton Hudson	I	1	ı	ı	1	I		l	ı	1
Wal-Mart - 3520 W Sunshine	1	1	ì	ı	I	1	J	l	l	ı
Montclair Limited Partnership	1	1	1	I	I	I	1	1	l	1
Cinema 16 LLC	1	I	1	1	ı	1	İ	1	-	1
Wal-Mart – 1923 E Kearney	2,704,220	0.18	2,704,220	0.18	2,704,220	0.18	2,704,220	0.18	2,704,220	0.20
CMF Inc.	I	ı	ı	1	l	1	1	i	l	ı
Columbia/HCA Health Center	4,113,730	0.28	4,113,730	0.28	4,113,730	0.28	4,113,730	0.28	4,113,730	0:30
Dayco Products	2,357,410	0.16	2,357,410	0.16	2,357,410	0.16	2,357,410	0.16	2,302,080	0.17
F.H & M.H. MCLETTON First Card Service Inc	7,308,220	0.10	7,368,220	0.16	2,368,220	0.16	2,368,220	0.16	2,603,170	0.19
That Cald Scivice Inc. John Morris Et Al	000 390 0	1 5	000 370 0	5	000 370 0	5	000 370 0	2	1 6	1 5
Mid-america Dairamen	2,203,620	0.15	7 561 080	0.15	7,203,820	0.15	078,507,7	0.15	2,451,580	0.18
Simon Property Group LP	4.762.500	0.32	4.762.500	0.32	4.762.500	0.32	4.762.500	0.17	4 762 500	0.19
Sportsman Park Center	4,016,350	0.27	4,016,350	0.27	4,016,350	0.27	4,016,350	0.27	4,016,350	0.30
	\$ 74,991,180	\$.06% \$	74,991,180	5.06% \$	74,991,180	5.06% \$	74,991,180	5.06% \$	73,503,870	5.42%

Source: Greene County Assessor

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ions to date	Percentage of levy	0.100%	0.100	0.102	0.101	0.101	0.101	0.102	0.103	0.101	0.098
	Total collections to date	Amount	8,314,101	8,863,308	9,757,593	10,283,958	11,229,882	12,376,403	12,679,615	13,077,885	13,732,463	14,300,872
	Collections	in subsequent years	161,528	209,932	266,712	257,456	298,371	370,510	387,539	389,273	309,879	1
rithin the	of the levy	Percentage of levy	\$ %86.0	0.98	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.98	0.99	1.00	0.98	86.0
Collected within the	fiscal year of the levy	Amount	8,152,573	8,653,376	9,490,881	10,026,502	10,931,511	12,005,893	12,292,076	12,688,612	13,422,584	14,300,872
	Taxes levied	for the fiscal year	\$ 8,340,882	8,855,824	9,604,533	10,134,348	11,085,979	12,287,876	12,427,440	12,730,822	13,654,390	14,614,545
	į	Fiscal year ended June 30,	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

Taxable Sales by Category

Current Year

(Dollars are in thousands)

	Calendar year
Apparel stores	860,249
General merchandise	252,152
Food stores	260,620
Eating and drinking establishments	361,963
Home furnishings and appliances	239,828
Building materials and farm tools	576,128
Auto dealers and supplies	49,557
Service stations	53,717
Other retail stores	465,810
All other outlets	832,345
Total	3,952,369
City direct sales tax rate	1.375%

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue.

Schedule 12

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year	Citydirect rate	Greene County
1997	1.375%	6.100%
1998	1.375	6.475
1999	1.375	6.475
2000	1.375	6.475
2001	1.375	6.475
2002	1.375	6.600
2003	1.375	6.600
2004	1.375	6.600
2005	1.375	6.600
2006	1.375	6.600

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry

Fiscal Years 2006 and 2005

(Dollars are in thousands)

		Fiscal year 200	ear 2006			Fiscal y	ear 2005	
	Number of filers	Percentage of total	Tax liability	Percentage of total	In S	nber Percentage Tax	Tax liability	Percentage of total
General merchandica etorae	ઠ	2010		2007.01				
Contract interchantaion stores	70	2.01%		%0.61		7.06%	761.734	95.0%
Department stores	15	0.37		17.28		0.32	664 537	17.02
Miscellaneous retail	1.589	38.96		13.56		30 36	700 655	14.21
	1000			00:01		00.60	160,000	14.31
Eating and drinking places	377	9.24		9.16		9.44	358 223	0 17
Furniture, home furnishings, and								
equipment	314	7.70		8 14		7 13	214 241	30 0
VVIL11 - 4 4 4 1						71.7	1+0,+10	0.0
w noiesale trade – durable goods	345	8.46		7.42		7.89	268.400	6.87
Food stores	120	2.94		99.9		2.64	261.181	699
Grocery stores	54	1.32		623		: -	241 074	6.5
Dismiting and home francishing						7 7 . 7	+17,114	07.0
rumiture and nome furnishings stores	901	2.60		5.87		2.29	232,732	5.96
Retail stores, not elsewhere classified	1,077	26.40		6.02		27.78	243,212	6.23
	4.079	100:00%		100 00%		100 00%	3 005 221	100 000
				2000		700:00 T	3,705,631	100.00%

Source: Missouri Department of Revenue.

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		ı											
		rer capita	627	628	655	946	1.248	1,324	1.730	1.909	1.858	1,936	
	Percentage of personal	HICOHIE	3.33% \$	2.80	2.76	3.86	5.25	5.30	6.75	7.39	6.88	06.9	
	Total primary	Koverninenii.	93,974	94,626	97,298	141,665	188,427	201,556	268,549	298,056	295,073	290,979	
oe activities	Notes payable/	Dails	610,/1	15,765	15,650	17,270	53,068	45,945	38,040	40,497	39,527	47,689	
Business-type activities	Revenue	0000	6/1,64	50,621	49,628	46,872	43,961	40,247	80,746	77,305	81,204	73,374	
	Jusor	301	21	1	1	ŀ	l	4,000	4,000	3,912	3,912	***	
	Capital lease		ļ	ł	I	-	I	529	344	811	1,156	857	
S.	Neighborhood improvement district bonds		ì	I	ı	l	ı	1	1	675	650	625	
vernmental activitie	Revenue	10.615	Ciotot	3,935	008'/1	60,053	11,238	68,020	107,944	140,436	136,659	139,364	
3	Certificates of participation			l] 5	0.430	06,430	33,215	29,015	060,57	19,040	13,360	
	Special assessment bonds	300	150	OC!	l	1 8	000,0	2,903	2,810	2,760	0,840	10,415	
	General obligation bonds	16.145	19 125	16,133	14,130	0,040	2,730	0,093	0,000	200	0,083	3,293	
1	i	69											
	Fiscal year	1997	1008	1000	0000	200	1000	2002	5002	2005	2007	333	

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in thousands, except per capita)

	i	Genera	General bonded debt outstanding	tanding	Percentage of	
		General obligation	Special assessment		actual taxable value of	
Fiscal year		ponds	spuoq	Total	property	Per capita
1997	\$	16,145	300	16,445	1.21% \$	109.78
1998		18,135	150	18,285	1.23	121.41
1999		14,190		14,190	0.91	95.53
2000		10,040	İ	10,040	0.62	67.03
2001		9,730	3,000	12,730	0.75	84.30
2002		6,695	2,905	009,6	0.52	63.06
2003		5,650	2,810	8,460	0.44	54.51
2004		4,570	5,760	10,330	0.51	66.17
2005		6,085	6,840	12,925	0.58	81.38
2006		5,295	10,415	15,710	0.70	104.53

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

June 30, 2006

(Dollars in thousands)

Governmental unit	out	Debt outstanding	Estimated percentage applicable	Estimated share of direct and overlapping debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: Springfield R-12 School District		229,254	74.30% \$	170.336
Ozarks Technical Community College		60,059	46.20	27,747
Greene County I thrown District		10,660	57.00	6,076
Oregine Country Library District		6,605	27.00	3,765
Subtotal, overlapping debt				207,924
City direct debt				169,916
Total direct and overlapping debt			♦	377,840

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006

Otal bonded debt: General obligation and special assessment General obligation and special assessment General obligation debt for retirement of general obligation debt Rublic building corporation bonds outstanding Certificate of participation bonds outstanding Total net debt applicable to limit
policable to limit

2.45%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

		Coverage	3.01	3.86	4.41	4.63	3.66	2.48	3.51	3.40	4.61	1.03
9	rvice	Interest	300	307	326	361	292	274	255	235	213	189
ational airport revenue bond coverag	Deht se	Principal	235	205	455	430	455	470	200	520	545	4,015
ional airport rev	Net available	revenue	2.477	1.978	3,448	3,661	2,731	1,845	2,648	2,568	3,491	4,351
Nati	Less	expense	3.728	4,219	4,731	4.844	5,418	5,762	6,173	6,485	7,458	8,303
	Gross	revenues	6.205	6,197	8,179	8,505	8,149	7,607	8,821	9,053	10,949	12,654
		Coverage	2.21 \$	2.43	2.21	2.13	2.31	1.74	2.73	1.38	1.51	1.37
Sanitary sewerage revenue bond coverage	vice	Interest	2,607	2,095	2,245	2,439	2,071	2,111	1,967	4,462	3,933	3,889
	Debt ser	Principal	1,480	1,584	1,873	2,105	2,081	2,078	2,201	2,499	2,559	3,370
	Net available	revenue	9,043	8,942	6,085	9,694	9,590	7,275	11,372	6,603	9,823	9,947
	Less operating	expense	9,136	9,031	9,353	9,785	10,538	12,878	9,148	10,870	10,918	10,609
	Gross	revenues	18,179	17,973	18,438	19,479	20,128	20,153	20,520	20,473	20,741	20,556
•		Fiscal year	\$ 1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2000

		Coverage	15.79	14.59	1.86	9.78	2.34	2.30	2.35	2.60	2.44	2.56
nent bonds	vice	Interest	34	37	165	69	112	175	186	308	353	434
Special assessment bonds	Debt service	Principal	ı	ļ	I	ı	1	56	95	100	290	260
	Special assessment	revenue	537	240	307	675	262	620	099	1,062	1,566	2,542
	'	ʻ	↔									
		Fiscal year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2002	2006

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

Unemployment rate										4.0	
Public school enrollment	24.876	24.126	24 293	24.499	25,044	24.463	24,356	24.285	25.044	24,285	26,832
Education level in years of schooling	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Median age	32.60	32.60	32.60	32.60	32.60	33.70	33.80	33.90	33.50	34.90	34.90
Per capital personal income	18,826	22,474	23,697	24,525	23,789	24,960	25,622	25,840	27,012	28,075	1
1	60										
Personal income	2,820,135	3,384,674	3,519,952	3,673,232	3,592,377	3,800,035	3,976,739	4,034,244	4,290,262	4,219,616	
	↔										
Population	149,800	150,604	148,540	149,775	151,010	152,245	155,208	156,124	158,828	150,298	
Fiscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

Source: Information provided by the Springfield Area Chamber of Commerce, Springfield, Missouri.

Principal Employers Current Year

	20	006	
	Employees	Percentage of total city employment	
Employer:			
Cox Health Systems	8,815	4.01%	
St Johns Health System	8,000	3.64	
Wal-Mart Stores	4,120	1.87	
Springfield Public Schools	3,000	1.36	
Bass Pro Shops/Tracker Marine	2,615	1.19	
United State Government	2,540	1.15	
State of Missouri	2,385	1.08	
Missouri State University	2,130	0.97	
Chase Card Services	1,595	0.72	
Citizens Memorial Healthcare	1,580	0.72	
City of Springfield	1,535	0.70	
O'Reilly Auto Parks	1,500	0.68	
	39,815	18.09%	

Source: Springfield Area Chamber of Commerce

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997
General operating fund departments:										
Building development services	27.50	27.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25 50	25.00
City attorney	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	17.00	17.00	17 00
City clerk	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	05.5	05.5
City manager	8.50	8.50	7.50	8.00	8.00	8.50	8.50	7.50	2.50	7.00
Emergency communications	61.00	00:09	00:09	00.09	47.00	47.00	47.00	47.00	47.00	47.00
Finance	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	30.05	90.09	00.00
Fire	217.00	216.00	213.00	210.00	210.00	211.00	211.00	211.00	21100	210.00
Human resources	14.50	14.50	14.50	14.00	14.00	14.00	13.50	13.00	13.00	12.50
Information systems	23.00	23.00	22.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	19.00	14.00	20:01	00:31
Mayor's commission	2.00	2:00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	200	200	1 20	1 6
Municipal court	25.00	25.00	25.00	24.00	24.00	24.00	23.00	23.00	23.50	24.00
Planning and development	19.11	17.67	17.67	15.67	15.67	15.67	15.67	15.67	15.67	15.87
Police	398.00	399.00	401.00	401.00	406.00	334.00	334.00	334.00	334 00	334 00
Public health services	81.00	84.00	84.00	85.00	87.00	88.00	86.00	80.00	93.00	03.00
Public information office	14.00	13.50	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Public parks	126.50	116.50	116.00	109.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	76.00	75.00	00.92
Public works	99.90	99.50	101.10	102.60	102.15	102.15	102.15	107.00	107.00	107.25
Public works - transportation	09.66	99.40	99.40	97.90	98.90	98.90	98.90	96.90	95.24	94.24
Grants and special revenue funds:										
Art museum	13.38	13.38	13.38	13 38	13 38	13.38	13 39	12 30	12 20	12.30
Law enforcement	İ	1	2 1	?		00.53	54.00	36.00	15.30	14.30
Hotel/motel tax	0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	001	8	8	80.00	10.00	ţ
Grants:										
Community development	10.23	10.48	11.05	11.05	11.05	11.05	11.05	11.05	10.85	39 8
Home investment	3.50	2.75	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	5.5	170	0.00
Planning	4.16	4.10	3.78	4.78	4.78	4.78	27.8	2,0	2.78	0,70
Police	00.9	90.9	1		2 1	? 1	2	? i	9	9 1
Public health	11.50	11.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	8 00	008	8	2	8
WIC program	8.00	8.00	8.00	800	008	800	808	800	800	8 8
Workforce development	42.00	43.00	36.00	39.00	26.00	44.00	44.50	26.00	26.00	27.00
Enterprise and internal service funds:										
Golf	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18 00	18.00	10.00	10.00	00 01
National airport	75.00	75.00	75.00	73.00	00.79	64.60	64.60	62.29	28.20	58.20
Sanitary sewer system	84.30	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00	84.00	0006	99.15	105.15	127.15
Solid waste	28.70	27.60	25.60	25.60	25.60	25.60	25.60	26.26	96.96	35.76
Printshop	2:00	2:00	2:00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	200
Self-insurance	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	400
Service center	22.40	22.40	22.40	21.90	22.35	22.35	15.35	28.35	28.35	28.10
Total	1,608.78	1,594.28	1,569.88	1.558.38	1.502.38	1.534.48	1 494 48	1 473 74	1 452 08	1 460 58
			The second secon			***************************************			1,100	1,100.00

Source: City of Springfield Annual Budget

Schedule 22

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Fiscal Year 2006

Function/program: Public works:	
Street signs manufactured Streets resurfaced (miles)	3,108 126
Trees maintained (Tree City USA)	2,301
Street cleaning – curb miles	895
Street cleaning – times per year	10
Right-of-way mowing (acres) Right-of-way mowing – times per year	1,080 7
Refuse collection:	•
Refuse collected (tons per day)	335
Sanitary services:	
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	33,000
Police:	
Moving violations Parking violations	27,739
Accident summary	6,818 6,996
Fire:	0,220
Calls for service	14,724
Smoke Detectors installed	948
Fire Safety information contacts	45,851
Parks and recreation:	
Rounds of golf played at City golf courses	112,560
Visitors to the City's Dickerson Park Zoo Admissions to baseball/softball complexes	173,516 137,280
Admissions to City pool facilities	58,177
Public health:	,
Vaccinations provided	20,780
Public water supply tests	16,453
Impounded animals Certified copies of birth certificates issued	3,883
Air monitoring samples collected	17,304 25,256
Licensing division:	_0,_00
New permanent businesses	1,797
New temporary businesses	2,865
Business license renewals	11,680
Building development services:	
Building permits issued Building inspections conducted	915
Building inspections conducted	5,778

Schedule 23

CITY OF SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Fiscal Year 2006

Function/program: Public works: Dump trucks Street sweepers Backhoes Tractors/mowers	63 12 10 45
Police: Stations Patrol cars	2 265
Fire: Stations Emergency response vehicles	11 28
Parks: Acreage Park facilities Baseball diamonds Softball diamonds Community centers	2,707 89 11 27 4
Wastewater: Sanitary sewers (miles) Sanitary sewer manholes Storm sewers (miles) Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	1,125 26,406 500 56,000
Refuse collection: Bulldozers Compactors Loaders	5 3 3